



SERVO DRIVE

SV-E3 SERIES INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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Thank you for purchasing the HNC ELECTRIC products.

This Instruction Manual provides instructions for advanced use of the SV-E3 series servo motors.

- Before use, read this manual and manuals of relevant products fully to acquire proficiency in handling and operating the product.
- Please read the safety precautions before using.
- Store this manual in a safe place so that you can take it out and read it whenever necessary.
- As for products under development, specifications are subject to change without notice.



Preface

Incorrect operation and handling, couldn't have a full display of the various performance that designed, and may cause hazardous conditions and shorten the service life. Please operate the product correctly before you have read through the instruction manual correctly.

1. About the instruction manual

- ① We make an effort to perfect this instruction manual, but if you have found some mistakes or uncertain points, please contact HNC ELECTRIC at any time.
- @Please note the following items on the instruction manual
- Danger exists as it's the high-voltage device.
- There are some residual voltage on the terminals or the units after power OFF and it is dangerous.
- High temperature locally
- Disassembling is prohibited.
- The product specifications and functions may change and increase, as the product performance upgraded. They are subject to change without notice.
- Plan to obtain the Certificate of safety specification for the product's device, please consult our sales representative.
- ⑤ To extend the service life of motor and drive, it is necessary to use it under the correct conditions. Please follow the instruction manual for details.
- ® The latest information should be recorded in the instruction manual and manual will be updated accordingly. If you need the latest version, please contact the HNC ELECTRIC distributor.
- Without the approval of company, it is forbidden to reprint some or all of the instruction manual.

2. Confirm the following items before unpacking.

- Check if the products are the ones you ordered.
- Check if there are some damage to the products during transportation.
- Any questions, please contact the HNC ELECTRIC distributor.

3. Safety precautions

Please pay attention to the flowing safety precautions anywhere and any time during acceptance inspection, installation, wiring, operation and maintenance.

DANGER Indicates that incorrect handling may result in death or severe injury.

OIndicates "Prohibitions" (Indicates what must not be done.)

Indicates "Forced".(Indicates what must be done.)

♦ DANGER					
Installing and wiring					
0	Do not connect the motor to the commercial power.	To prevent fire or malfunction.			
	Do not place the combustibles around the servo motor and drive.	To prevent fire.			
0	Be sure to protect the drives through the case, and leave specified	To prevent electric shock, fire or			
	clearances between the case or other equipment and the drive.	malfunction.			



	Install it at the place free from excessive dust and dirt, water and oil mist	To prevent electric shock, fire ,		
		malfunction or damage		
	Install the equipment to incombustibles, such as metal.	To prevent fire.		
	Any person who is involved in wiring and inspection should be fully	To prevent electric shock.		
	competent to do the work.			
	FG terminal of motor and drive must be grounded.	To prevent electric shock.		
	Perform the wiring correctly after cut off the breaker.	To prevent electric shock, injury,		
		malfunction or damage		
	Have the insulation processing when connecting cables.	To prevent electric shock, fire or		
		malfunction.		
Operat	ion and running			
0	During operation, never touch the internal parts of the drive.	To prevent burns or electric shock.		
	The cables should not be damaged, stressed loaded, or pinched.	To prevent electric shock, malfunction		
		or damage.		
	During operation, never touch the rotating parts of the servo motor.	To prevent injury.		
	Do not install the equipment under the conditions with water, corrosive	To prevent fire.		
	and flammable gas.	To province mo.		
	Do not use it at the location with great vibration and shock.	To prevent electric shock, injury or		
		fire.		
	Do not use the servo motor with its cable soaked in oil or water.	To prevent electric shock, malfunction		
		or damage		
	Operate the switches and wiring with dry hand.	To prevent electric shock, injury or		
		fire.		
	Do not touch the keyway directly when using the motor with shaft-end	To prevent injury.		
	keyway			
	Do not touch the motor and drive heat sink, as they are very hot.	To prevent burns or parts damaged.		
	Do not drive the motor by external drive.	To prevent fire.		
Other	safety instructions			
0	Confirm the equipment's safety after the earthquake happens.	To prevent electric shock, injury or		
		fire.		
	Installing and setting correctly to prevent the fire and personal injury when	To prevent injury, electric shock, fire,		
	earthquake happens.	malfunction or damage.		
	Provide an external emergency stop circuit to ensure that operation can	To prevent injury, electric shock, fire,		
	be stopped and power switched off immediately.	malfunction or damage.		
	Before wiring or inspection, turn off the power and wait for 5 minutes or	To prevent electric shock.		
	more.			
	1118181			

△CAUTION					
Installing and wiring					
0	Please follow the specified combination of the motor and drive.	To prevent fire or malfunction.			
	Do not touch the terminals of connector directly.	To prevent electric shock or			
		malfunction.			
	Do not block intake and prevent the foreign matters from entering into the	To prevent electric shock or fire.			



	motor and drive.	
	Fix the motor and have the test run away from the mechanical system.	To prevent injury.
	After confirming the operation, the motor can be securely mounted to	
	mechanical system.	
	The servo motor must be installed in the specified direction.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
	Install the equipment correctly in accordance with its weight and rated	To prevent injury or malfunction.
	output.	
Operati	on and running	
0	Do not climb or stand on servo equipment. Do not put heavy objects on	To prevent electric shock, injury, fault
	equipment.	or damage.
	The parameter settings must not be changed excessively. Operation will	To prevent injury.
	be instable.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	When power is restored after an instantaneous power failure, keep away	To prevent injury.
	from the machine because the machine may be restarted suddenly	,,,.
	(design the machine so that it is secured against hazard if restarted).	
	Keep it away from the direct sunlight.	To prevent malfunction.
	Do not put strong impact on the motor, drive and motor shaft.	To prevent malfunction.
	The electromagnetic brake on the servo motor is designed to hold the	To prevent injury or malfunction.
0	servo motor shaft and should not be used for ordinary braking.	T
U	Do not install or operate a faulty servo motor or drive.	To prevent injury, electric shock or fire
	Check the power specification.	To prevent fault.
	The electromagnetic brake may not hold the servo motor shaft. To ensure	To prevent injury.
	safety, install a stopper on the machine side.	
	A sudden restart is made if an alarm is reset with the run signal on.	To prevent injury.
	Connect the relay for emergency stop and for brake in series.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
Transp	ortation and storage	
0	Do not subject the equipment to the place with rain, waterdrop, poisonous	To prevent malfunction.
	gases or liquids.	
	Do not carry the servo motor by the cables, shaft or encoder during	To prevent injury or malfunction.
	transportation.	
	Do not drop or dump the motor during transportation and installation.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
0	Store the unit in a place in accordance with the instruction manual.	To prevent malfunction.
Other s	afety instructions	
0	Please dispose the battery according to your local laws and regulations.	
	When disposing of the product, handle it as industrial waste.	
Mainter	nance and inspection	
0	Do not disassemble and/or repair the equipment on customer side.	To prevent malfunction.
	Do not turn on or switch off the main power frequently.	To prevent malfunction.
0	Do not touch the servo drive heat sink, regenerative resistor, servo motor	To prevent burns or electric shock.
•	etc. Their temperatures may be high while power is on or for some time	
	after power-off.	
	When the drive become faulty, switch off the control circuit and main	To prevent fire.
		To prevent ine.
	power.	



If the servo motor is to be stored for a long time, switch off the power.

To prevent mis-operation and injury.

Warranty period

The term of warranty for the product is 18 months from the date of manufacture. It's exceptional to brake motors as they are warranted when acceleration / deceleration times is not beyond the specified service life.

Warranty coverage

This warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are stated in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product.

However, even during warranty period, the repair cost will be charged on customer in the following cases.

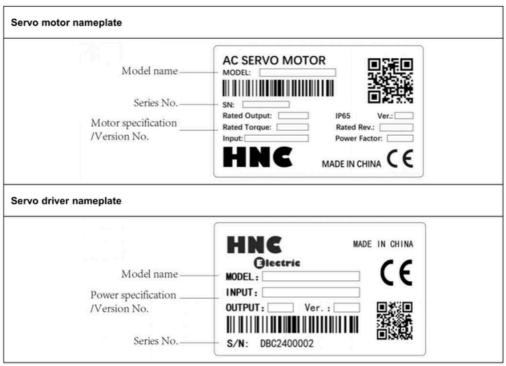
- 1) A failure caused by improper storing or handling, repair and modification.
- 2) A failure caused by the parts which have dropped down or damaged during transportation
- 3) A failure caused when the products have been used beyond the product specification
- 4) A failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including but not limited to fire, earthquake, lightning stroke, windstorm disaster, flood, salt damage, abnormal fluctuation of voltage and other natural disaster.
- 5) A failure caused by the intrusion of water, oil, metal and other foreign matters.

The warranty coverage is only for the product itself. We assume no responsibilities for any losses of opportunity and/or profit incurred by you due to a failure of the Product.



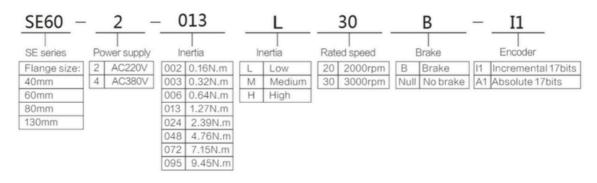
1. Product introduction and model selection

1.1 Introduction of nameplate and model name (For servo motor and drive)



Model name

1) Servo motor



Detailed explanation of model naming, take SE60-2-013L30B-I1 as example:

"SE" is motor series, "60" is motor flange size, "2"is AC220V,

"013" means rated torque is 1.27NM. "M" meas middle inertia, "30" means rated speed is 3000rpm,

"B" means with brake, "I1 means" incremental 17bits encoder



2) Servo drive SV-E3 005 Series name Voltage type Version Туре Voltage type Туре Version Alternat current Standard Pulse/Bus Rated power D В Classic Direct current Pulse/Bus Output Type Type Pulse 005 50W p Voltage В Bus 010 100W Туре Voltage 020 200W 220V 040 400W 380V 3 075 750W 4 48V 100 1000W 8 80V 150 1500W

2000W

200

1.2 Parts name of servo motor and drive

Figure 1.1.4 Parts name of servo motor

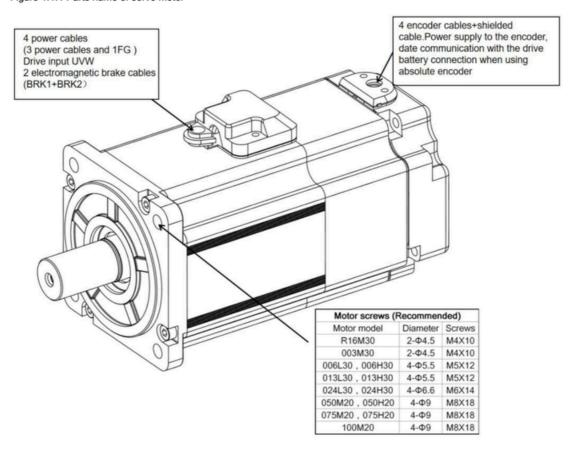
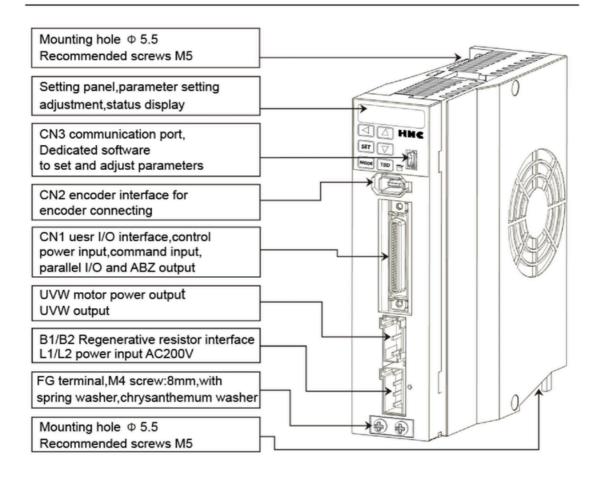


Figure 1.1.5 Parts name of servo drive





1.3 Model name of servo drive and motor

Capacity	Motor model		Motor size	Drive model	Drive size
	SE	□□ -A1	(Flange		
			installation size)		
50W	Middle inertia	R16M30	40	SV-E3P005A-A	Frame A
100W	Middle inertia	003M30		SV-E3P010A-A	
200W	Low inertia	006L30	60	SV-E3P020A-A	
	High inertia	006H30			
400W	Low inertia	013L30		SV-E3P040A-A	
	High inertia	013H30			
750W	Low inertia	024L30	80	SV-E3P075A-A	
	High inertia	024H30			
1kW	Middle inertia	050M20	130	SV-E3P100A-A	Frame B
	High inertia	050H20			
1.5kW	Middle inertia	075M20		SV-E3P150A-A	
	High inertia	075H20			
2kW	Middle inertia	100M20		SV-E3P200A-A	



1.4 Model selection of peripheral braking resistor

Rated output	50W	100W	200W	400W	750W	1kW	1.5 kW	2 kW
Resistance	40~50 Ω	40∼50 Ω	40∼50 Ω	40∼50 Ω	40∼50 Ω	30 Ω	30 Ω	20 Ω
Allowable	20W	20W	20W	20W	20W	40W	40W	60W
power								

The Status monitoring mode on the setting panel can be used to confirm whether a regenerative resistor is needed. Select <code>[St_REG]</code> on the setting panel to display <code>[in00_-]</code>. When the display changes from <code>[in00_-]</code> to <code>[in00_A]</code>, it means the regenerative resistor is needed. For details, refer to [5.4 Status display mode [Regenerative resistor]].

Starting from low speed operation (20% of the max. speed) to the desired operation and observing if the display value changes from <code>[in00_-]</code> to <code>[in00_A]</code> If <code>[in00_A]</code> displays, a regenerative resistor is needed.

If the regenerative resistor is needed, refer to the installation of regenerative resistor. The use of regenerative resistor cannot necessarily guarantee the performance. When heating temperature is too high, please increase the resistance, or the permissible power.

1.5 Selection of cables and connector accessories for HNC ELECTRIC products

For 750W or less

Items	Usage	Model name	Remark
1	Connector for drive and motor	Power connector (CON-4P-M75A for 750W or less)	
2	Power cable	SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-R50M	Length: 0.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-1R5M	Length: 1.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-3M	Length: 3m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-4M	Length: 4m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-5M	Length:5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-6M	Length:6m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-7M	Length:7m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-PWR-T-10M	Length: 10m
3	Brake connector	CON-2P-BK (for 750W or less)	
4	Encoder cable terminal	SM-6P+172160-1 (for 750W or less)	
5	Encoder cable	SV-E3-CAB-SE60-ENC-T-R50M	Length: 0.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-ENC-T-1R5M	Length: 1.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-ENC-T-3M	Length: 3m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-ENC-T-5M	Length:5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE60-ENC-T-10M	Length: 10m
6	Encoder cable for absolute (Integrated battery box)	SV-E3-CAB-SE60-BOX-T-R30M	Length: 0.3m



• 1KW or more

Items	Usage	Model name	Remark
1	Connector for drive and motor	Power connector (CON-4P-M100A for 1KW or more)	
2	Power cable	SV-E3-CAB-SE130-PWR-T-R50M	Length: 0.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-PWR-T-1R5M	Length: 1.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-PWR-T-3M	Length: 3m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-PWR-T-5M	Length:5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-PWR-T-10M	Length: 10m
3	Brake connector	SM10-AP2S-S-C (for 1KW or more)	
4	Encoder cable terminal	SM-6P+SM10-SP10S-M-C (for 1KW or more)	
5	Encoder cable	SV-E3-CAB-SE130-ENC-T-R50M	Length: 0.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-ENC-T-1R5M	Length: 1.5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-ENC-T-3M	Length: 3m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-ENC-T-5M	Length:5m
		SV-E3-CAB-SE130-ENC-T-10M	Length: 10m
6	Encoder cable for absolute	SV-E3-CAB-SE130-BOX-T-R30M	Length: 0.3m
	(Integrated battery box)		
7	50P pulse connector	Pulse connector CON-50P	

2. Product specifications

2.1 Servo drive specifications

2.1.1 Common specifications

Table 2.1.1 Common specifications

Items			Specification									
Model Name			005	010	020	040	075	100	150	200		
SV-E3	P = = = -	A										
	Applical	ole motor	50W	100W	200W	400W	750W	1kW	1.5kW	2kW		
	Dimens	ion W(mm)		40		4	8		61			
	H(mm)			160		16	30		160			
	D(mm)			135		13	35		175			
	Weight(Kg)		0.7 0.8			.8	1.5					
	Input	Main circuit	Single-phase 200~240V ±10% 50/60Hz					Three-phase 200~240V ±10%				
	power	power	[Note] For the control power, refer to Note 1.					50/60Hz				
		Control D3P: DC24V±10% 260mA (Typ.)/Inrush current is excluded.							I/O power supply:24VDC±10%			
ion		power						100mA The power is supplied from				
ificat	ificati							internal.				
Common specification	Control	type	Three-phase PWM inverters sine-wave driven									
mon	Output	Current	0.6	0.9	1.7	2.7	4.3	5.6	9.9	12.2		
Com	spec.	(Arms)										



		Freque	enc	0 ~ 400		0~333	0~300	0~250	
	Encode	er feedbac	k	17-bit serial incre	menta	/ absolute encoder			
	Contro	Input	:	8 points (24VDC	DC, photocoupler insulation) Switched under control mode				
	signal	Outp	ut	8 points (24VDC	24VDC, photocoupler insulation , open-collector circuit output) Switched under control				
				mode					
	Analog	Input	t	1 point (±10V) Switc	hed under control mode			
	signal								
	Pulse	Input	t	RS-422 differenti	al, ope	n-collector circuit			
	signal	Outp	ut	A/B/Z-phase RS-	422 di	fferential			
				Open collector or	utput e	nabled only for Z-phase a	lone.		
	Comm	unication		USB: Connection	with F	PC			
	functio	n		RS-485: remote	upper o	control communication (su	pport multi-s	station)	
	Regen	eration		External regener	ative re	esistor possible (Note 2)			
	functio	n							
	Dynamic brake None(Note								
	Contro	l mode		Position control,	interna	l position control, speed c	ontrol, intern	al speed control, torque control	
		Control i	nput		Serve	ON, alarm reset, comma	and input pro	hibition, deviation counter clear,	
					torqu	e limit selection, CCW/CV	V drive prohil	bition	
		Control output			Alarm state, servo ready, positioning complete, brake release, servo state,				
					torqu	e limit output			
		Pulse Maximum				RS-422 differential: 4Mpps			
		input	con	nmand pulse	Open	collector: 200kpps			
			-	quency					
				ut pulse signal			thogonal ph	ase difference pulse, CW+CCW	
			forr			(note 4)			
				mmand pulse	A/B A	1 : 1 ~ 65535 B : 1 ~ 65535	1/1000 < A/	B < 1000	
				tiplication					
_	īg.			oothing	FIR f				
Function	Position control	Pulse		put pulse signal	Encoder position pulse is output in the following manner:				
3	sition	output	forr	nat				lse and Z-phase pulse is output in	
	- 8	Control	nnut		RS-422 differential format, Z-phase pulse is output through open collector				
		Control i	nput					ear, CW start, point selection 1, point n 4, home position sensor input	
		Control o	outout						
	loute	Control	Juipui		Alarm state, servo ready, brake release, servo state, torque limit output,				
	Internal position control	Operatio	n mor	te .	operation completion, home position reset completion				
	ositio	Pulse		put pulse signal	Point table, communication operation, manual input pulse Encoder position pulse is output in the following manner:				
	nalp	output	forr					lse and Z-phase pulse is output in	
	Inter	June						s output through open collector	
		Control i	nput					Zero speed clamp), torque limit	
	Speed control					tion 2, CCW/CW rotation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	peed	Control o	output					rvo ON, torque limit output	
	S		- 400			,		and the second s	



=								
		Analog ir	put	Speed	Input voltage	ge -10V to +10V (Maximum speed occurs at \pm 10V)		
				command				
				input				
				Smoothing	IIR filter, FI	R filter		
		Pulse ou	tput	Output pulse	Encoder po	osition pulse is output in the following manner:		
				signal format	A-/B-phase orthogonal phase difference pulse and Z-phase pulse is output in			
					EIA-422 differential format, Z-phase pulse is output through open collector			
	_	Control in	nput		Servo ON, alarm reset, internal speed command –start 1 &2, internal speed			
	ontro				command 8-phases, torque limit selection 2			
	Internal speed control	Control o	utput		Alarm state	e, servo ready, brake release, servo ON, torque limit output		
	ls Sp(Pulse ou	tput	Output pulse	Encoder po	osition pulse is output in the following manner:		
	terns			signal format	A-/B-phase	e orthogonal phase difference pulse and Z-phase pulse is output in	n	
	=				EIA-422 di	fferential format, Z-phase pulse is output through open collector		
		Control is	nput		Servo ON,	alarm reset, command input prohibition(zero torque command),		
	<u>0</u>				torque limit	t 2, CCW/CW drive prohibition		
	contr	Control o	utput		Alarm state	e, servo ready, brake release, servo state, torque limit output		
	Torque control	Pulse ou	tput	Output pulse	Encoder po	osition pulse is output in the following manner:		
	P			signal format	A-/B-phase	e orthogonal phase difference pulse and Z-phase pulse is output	in	
					EIA-422 differential format, Z-phase pulse is output through open collector			
		Robust o	bserve	er	Provided			
		Vibration	contro	ol	Provided			
		Auto-tun	ing		Provided			
		Encoder	output	division and	Provided			
	Common	multiplica	ation					
	Com	Tuning/fu	ınction	setting	Adjusted v	ia software		
		Protectiv	е	Hardware	overvoltage	e, power supply error, overcurrent, overtemperature, overload(refer	to	
		function		alarm	subsection	2,1,1 overload detection description), encoder error		
				Software	overspeed	, too much position deviation, parameter error		
				alarm				
	Tempe	rature	Amb	ient temperature	for use	0~55° C(Note 5, Note 6)		
			Amb	ient temperature	for storage	-20~65° C		
	Humid	ity	Amb	ient humidity for	use	20~85%RH or less(Without condensation)		
ons			Amb	ient humidity for	storage	20~85%RH or less(Without condensation)		
ificat	Atmos	phere for u	se& st	orage		Indoors(Not subject to direct sunlight); free from corrosive		
sbec						gas, flammable gas, oil mist, or dust		
ntal	Altitud	е				1000m or less above sea level		
Environmental specifications	Vibrati	on			5.8m/s²(0.6G) or less, 10~60Hz(No continuous operation			
invir						allowed at frequency of resonance)		
	ctric strer	gth				1 minute at 1500 VAC across the primary and FG		
Points	s to note					Grounding is mandatory. Class I relevant products		
						"Over voltage category II" relevant products		
						"Pollution degree2" relevant products		
						*		

Note 1) 24VDC external power supply, as the control power, should meet the following specifications.



1. Use SELV power.

****SELV power: Safety Extra Low Voltage**

Reinforced insulation is needed for safety extra low voltage, non-dangerous voltage and dangerous voltage

As the overcurrent protection for drive failure, please select the power supply of 100W or less.

Current consumption is the value of I/O signal without the connection of servo ON.

Increase the current consumption for the I/O signal occupied points in the actual usage.

Note 2) The installation of regenerative resistor can be confirmed by the set panel.

- 1. Select I 5 E _ R E II I in the Status Display mode.
- 2. Show the regenerative state [, n []]
- 3. When the device reaches the actual working speed from the low speed (about 20% of the highest speed), confirm the set panel display is changed to
- 4. When the panel changes to \(\bigcap \) \(\bigcap \) \(\bigcap \), install the regenerative resistor according to [table 1.4.1 Model selection of peripheral braking resistor].
- 5. The regenerative resistor value in table 2-2-2 cannot guarantee the performance. If the heating temperature is too high, please choose the large and high power resistor.

Note 3) The brake is the dynamic brake function controlled by the software.

The brake function becomes invalid when the drive failure occurs or the power supply disconnect.

Note 4) Pulse command input is shown below.

Table 2.1.2

Parameter	Input signal	Signal name	The minimum necessary time ra	ange (t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6)
No.32.0 pulse command input mode			Positive direction	Negative direction
0 (Initial value)	Pulse • direction Command pulse	Pulse CMD_PLS Direction CMD_DIR	t1 t2 t1 t2 t1 t3 t3 t3	12 13
1	AB-phase orthogonal phase pulse	A-phase CMD_PLS B-phase CMD-DIR	<u>talta</u> ta	A-phase t4 t4 t4 t4
2	Positive direction pulse Negative direction pulse	CCW CMD-PLS CW CMD-DIR	t5 t5 t6	€5 €5

■Max. pulse frequency and minimum pulse width of command input pulse signal.

Input pulse signal I/F	Max. pulse frequency	The minimum necessary time [µs]					
		t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Differential interface	4Mpps	0.125	0.125	2.5	0.25	0.125	0.125
Open collector circuit interface	200kpps	2.5	2.5	2.5	5.0	2.5	2.5

[※]The rise and fall time of command pulse input signal should be 0.1µs or less.

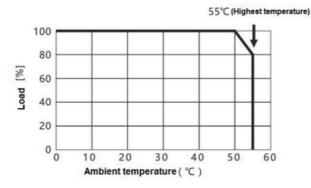
^{*}The pulse is counted from Low to High.

^{**}Pulse command input filter selection(No.33.0) should be set according to the input frequency.



Note 5) Use the screws to fix the drive by the mounting holes according to section 3 [Installation direction and space] to leave enough space to prevent high temperature.

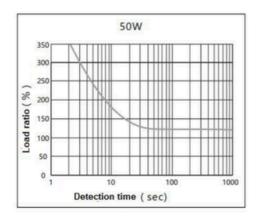
Note 6) Ambient temperature for 2kW drive(Model name: SV-E3)

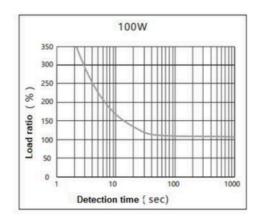


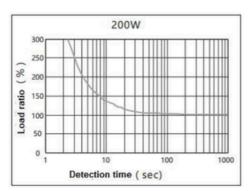
2.1.2 Overload detection characteristics

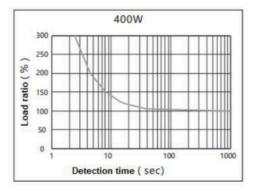
For SV-E3 series servo drives, when the motor torque exceeds the torque values in the overload detection characteristics, overload protection will start which outputs overload alarm and the motor stops emergently.

Figure 2.1.1 Overload detection characteristics

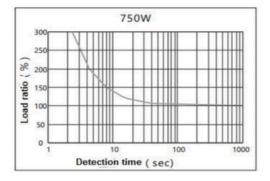


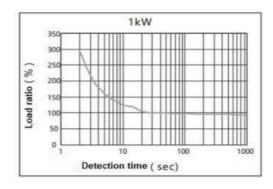


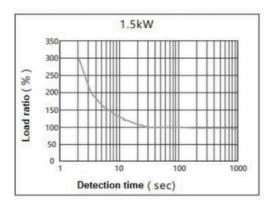


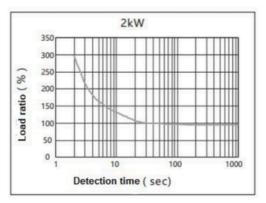












2.2 Motor specifications

2.2.1 Common specifications

Table 2.2.1 Common specifications

			200V~230V	/ AC				
Items Unit			Specifications					
Voltage V		V	280VDC					
Model na	ame	-	002M30	003M30	006L30	006H30	013L30	013H30
(SE	-2)		Middle	Middle	Middle	High	Low	High
			inertia	inertia	inertia	inertia	inertia	inertia
Flange in	nstallation size	mm	□40	□40			160	
Mass	Without brake	kg	0.4	0.5	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.5
	With brake		0.6	0.8	1.4	1.5	1.8	2.0
	Rated output	w	50	100	200		400	
	Rated torque	N·m	0.16	0.32	0.64		1.27	
	Max. instantaneous torque	N·m	0.56	1.12	1.91		3.82	
peci.	Rated current	Arms	0.6	0.9	1.7		2.7	
S UOL	Max. instantaneous current	Arms	2.1	3.2	5.1		8.1	
Rated current Max. instantaneous current Rated speed Max. speed		r/min	3000		3000	3000		
		r/min	6000		5000			
	Torque constant	N. m/Arms	0.25	0.36	0.417		0.498	
	Induced voltage constant of each phase	MV(r/min)	8.8	12.5	14.5		17.4	



	1				1	1			
Rated power	Without	kW/s	5.6	13.6	23.9	9.3	58.7	23.5	
change rate									
						-		22.4	
		ms	2.60	1.69	1.12	2.87	2.60	1.66	
time constant									
						3.12		1.75	
				0.64 0.76 1.99 2.47					
		×10kg⋅m²	0.045	0.074	0.17	0.43	0.28	0.70	
Inertia									
	With brake						0.31	0.74	
Permissible	Radial load	N	Refer to [2.	2.2 Output s	haft permiss	sible load]			
load	Axial load	N							
Encoder		17 bit serial c	ommunicatio	n (EIA422)					
Usage		Holding(Note	not for brak	ing)					
Power supply		-	SELV pow	er, reinforce	d insulation	should be p	erformed fro	m the	
			dangerous	s voltage.					
Rated voltage		V	DC24V±1	0%					
Rated current		Α	0.25		0.3				
Static friction to	orque	N·m	0.16 or	0.32 or	1.27 or n	nore			
			more more						
Absorption time	Э	ms	35 or less		50 or les	s			
Release time		ms	20 or less 15 or less						
Release voltag	е	v	1VDC or more						
Rated time		Continuous							
Ambient tempe	rature for use	0~40℃(Without condensation)							
Ambient humid	ity for use	20~85%RH(Without condensation)							
Ambient tempe	rature for	-20~65℃(H	.20~65℃(Highest temperature guaranteed: 80 degrees, 72hours)						
storage									
Ambient humid	ity for storage	20~85%RH	20~85%RH (Without condensation)						
Atmosphere for	r use/storage	Indoors(Not	doors(Not subject to rainwater or direct sunlight); free from corrosive gas, flammable						
		gas, flamma	gas, flammables, grinding fluid, oil mist, or dust						
Insulation class	3	Class B	s B						
Insulation resis	tance	1000 VDC megger 5MΩ or more							
Dielectric stren	gth	1500 VAC fo	or 1 minute						
Altitude		1000m or les	ss above sea	level					
Vibration class		V 15(JEC21	21)						
Vibration resist	ance	49 m/s ² (50	49 m/s ² (5G)						
Impact resistan	ice	98 m/s ² (10	98 m/s ² (10G)						
Protective class	s	IP65							
note		Grounding is	mandatory.	Class I relev	ant product	s			
"Over voltage category II " relevant products									
		"Over voltag	e category II	relevant pro	oducis				
			e category II legree2" rele						
	Mechanical time constant Electrical time Motor rotor Inertia Permissible load Encoder Usage Power supply Rated voltage Rated current Static friction to Absorption time Release time Release time Release voltag Rated time Ambient tempe storage Ambient humid Atmosphere fo Insulation class Insulation resist Dielectric stren Altitude Vibration class Vibration resist Impact resistar Protective class	change rate brake With brake Mechanical time constant brake With brake With brake Electrical time constant Motor rotor Mithout brake With brake Permissible Radial load Axial load Encoder Usage Power supply Rated voltage Rated current Static friction torque Absorption time Release time Release voltage Rated time Ambient temperature for use Ambient humidity for use Ambient humidity for storage Atmosphere for use/storage Insulation class Insulation resistance Dielectric strength Altitude Vibration class Vibration resistance Impact resistance Protective class	change rate brake With brake With out time constant Without brake With brake Electrical time constant ms Motor rotor Without × 10kg·m² Inertia brake Without × 10kg·m² Permissible Radial load N Ioad Axial load N Encoder 17 bit serial or Usage Holding(Note Power supply - Rated voltage V Rated current A Static friction torque N·m Absorption time ms Release time ms Release voltage V Rated time Continuous Ambient temperature for use 0~40°C (Without) Ambient humidity for use 20~85%RH Atmosphere for use/storage Indoors(Not gas, flamma Insulation class Class B Insulation resistance 1000 VDC m Dielectric strength 1500 VAC for	change rate brake 4.7 Mechanical time constant With brake 2.60 Electrical time constant ms 0.64 Motor rotor Inertia Without brake 0.045 Inertia With brake 0.053 Permissible Ioad Radial load Inadiant In Intertiant Intertion Int	Change rate With brake W	thange rate With brake Wi	change rate brake With brake 4.7 12.3 19.5 8.6 Mechanical time constant Without brake ms 2.60 1.69 1.12 2.87 Mechanical time constant With brake 3.06 1.87 1.37 3.12 Electrical time constant ms 0.64 0.76 1.99 Motor rotor Inertia Without brake ×10kg·m² 0.045 0.074 0.17 0.43 Motor rotor Inertia Radial load N Refer to [2.2.2 Output shaft permissible load] 0.47 Permissible load Radial load N Refer to [2.2.2 Output shaft permissible load] Usage Holding(Note: not for braking) — Power supply - SELV power, reinforced insulation should be padagerous voltage. Rated voltage V DC24v±10* Rated voltage V DC24v±10* Rated durrent A 0.25 0.3 Static friction torque N·m 0.16 or 0.32 or 1.27 or more more Release time <	change rate brake brake With brake 4.7 12.3 19.5 8.6 51.9 Mechanical time constant time constant time constant time constant time constant time constant without brake 2.60 1.69 1.12 2.87 2.60 Electrical time constant time constant ms 0.64 0.76 1.99 2.47 Motor rotor brake With brake 0.053 0.082 0.21 0.47 0.31 Permissible load Radial load N Refer to [2.2.2 Output shaft permissible load] 0.31 0.082 0.21 0.47 0.31 Permissible load Radial load N Refer to [2.2.2 Output shaft permissible load] 0.31 0.082 0.21 0.47 0.31 Permissible load Radial load N Refer to [2.2.2 Output shaft permissible load] 0.31 0.082 0.21 0.47 0.31 0.31 0.082 0.21 0.47 0.31 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.092 0.0	



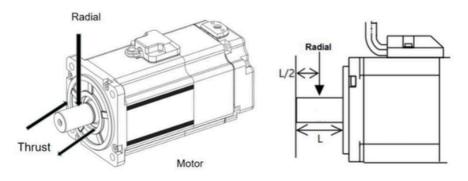
				20	0V~230V A	С				
Items)		Unit	Spec.						
Voltag	je		V	280VDC						
Model name (SE:::-2-::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		-	024L30 Low inertia	024H30 High inertia	048M20 Middle inertia	048H20 High inertia	072M20 Middle inertia	075H20 High inertia	095M20 Middle inertia	
Elonge	o installation siz		mm	□80	inerua	□130	inerua	inerua	inertia	inertia
	e installation siz	Without	mm		0.7		7.6	7.0	9.0	8.4
Mass		brake	kg	2.5	2.7	5.6	7.6	7.0	9.0	0.4
		With brake		3.3	3.5	7.0	9.0	8.4	10.4	9.8
	Rated output		w	750		1000		1500		2000
	Rated torque)	N·m	2.39		4.77		7.16		9.45
	Max. instanta	ineous	N·m	7.1		14.3		21.5		28.6
	Rated curren	t	Arms	4.3		5.6		9.9		12.2
Max. instantaneous current Rated speed		Arms	12.9		16.8		30		36.6	
		r/min	3000		2000					
	Max. speed		r/min	4500		3000				
	Torque const	ant	N. m/Arms	0.61		0.88		0.81		0.85
	Induced volta	-	MV(r/min)	21.33		30.9 28		28.4	28.4	
	Rated	Without	kW/s	64.1	35.9	50.0	9.2	76.9	13.8	104.9
	change	With		52.8	32.1	36.5	8.6	61.4	13.3	87.9
	Mechanical time	Without brake	ms	0.53	0.94	0.76	4.17	0.60	3.32	0.58
	constant	With brake		0.64	1.06	1.05	4.43	0.75	3.46	0.69
	Electrical time	e constant	ms	4.3		10.1		12.2		8.2
	Motor rotor	Without	×10kg·m²	0.89	1.62	4.56	24.9	6.67	37.12	8.70
tions		With brake		1.08	1.81	6.24	26.4	8.35	38.65	10.38
Common specifications	Permissible load	Radial load Axial load	N	Refer to [2	2.2.2 Output	shaft permi	ssible load]			
Com	Encoder		17 bit serial o	ommunicati	on (EIA422)				
ш	Usage		Holding(Note							



	Power supply	-	SELV power, reinforced insulation should be performed from the dangerous voltage.					
	Pated valtage	V	DC24V±10%					
	Rated voltage			1.0				
	Rated current	A	0.4	1.0				
	Static friction torque	N·m	2.39 or more	9.55 or more				
	Absorption time	ms	70	120				
	Release time	ms	20	30				
	Release voltage	٧	1VDC or more					
	Rated time	Continuous						
	Ambient temperature for	0~40°C(With	out condensation)					
	use							
	Ambient humidity for	20~85%RH(Without condensation)					
	use							
	Ambient temperature for	-20~65 ℃(Highest temperature guaranteed: 80 degrees, 72hours)						
	storage							
	Ambient humidity for	20~85%RH (Without condensation)						
	storage							
	Atmosphere for	Indoors(Not s	subject to rainwater or d	irect sunlight); free from corrosive gas, flammable gas,				
	use/storage	flammables,	grinding fluid, oil mist, or	r dust				
	Insulation class	Class B						
	Insulation resistance	1000 VDC m	egger 5MΩ or more					
	Dielectric strength	1500 VAC for	1 minute					
	Altitude	1000m or les	s above sea level					
itions	Vibration class	V 15(JEC212	:1)					
cond	Vibration resistance	49 m/s ² (5G	5)					
Ambient conditions	Impact resistance	98 m/s ² (10	G)					
Amk	Protective class	IP65						
Points	to note	Grounding is	mandatory. Class I rele	vant products				
			category II " relevant p					
			egree2" relevant product					
		Brake lines have polarity. Red: connected with +24V. Black: connected with GND,						
		Drake lines have polarity. Ned. confidenced with +24V. Black. Confidenced with GND,						

2.2.2 Output shaft permissible load

Figure 2.2.1 Output shaft permissible load

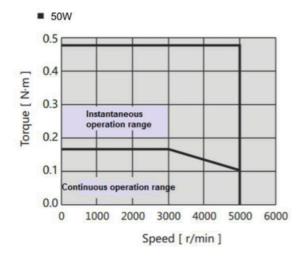


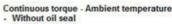


Permissible load	Unit	50W	100W	200W	400W	750W	1kW	1.5kW	2kW
Permissible radial	N	68	68	245	245	392	490	490	490
load									
Permissible axial load	N	58	58	98	98	147	196	196	196

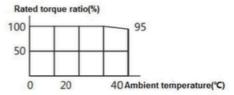
2.2.3 N-T characteristics

Figure 2.2.2 N-T characteristics

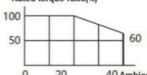




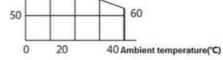




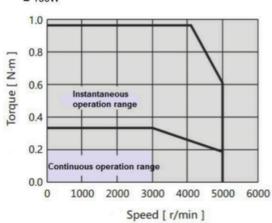
· With oil seal





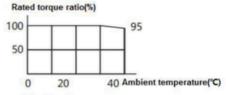


■ 100W

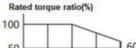


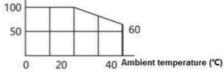
Continuous torque -Ambient temperature

· Without oil seal

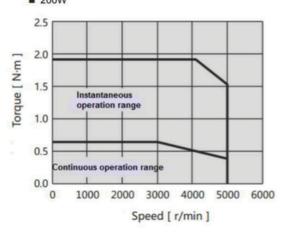


· With oil seal



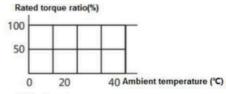


■ 200W

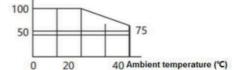


Continuous torque -Ambient temperature

· Without oil seal

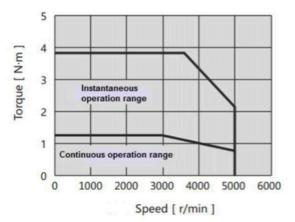


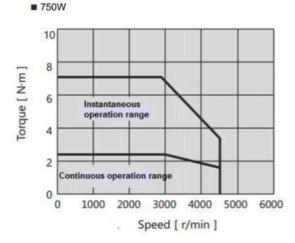
. With oil seal Rated torque ratio(%)



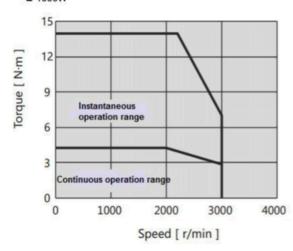


■ 400W



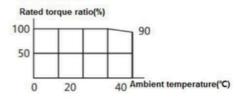


■ 1000W

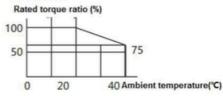


Continuous torque -Ambient temperature

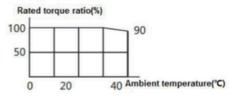
· Without oil seal



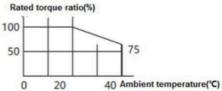
. With oil seal



Continuous torque Ambient temperature . Without oil seal

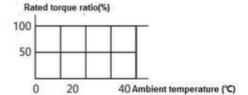


. With oil seal



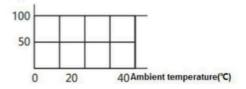
Continuous torque-Ambient temperature

· Without oil seal



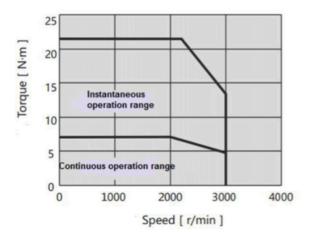
· With oil seal

Rated torque ratio(%)

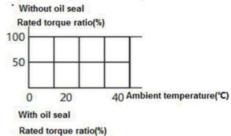


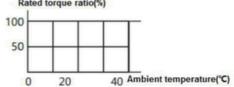


■ 1500W

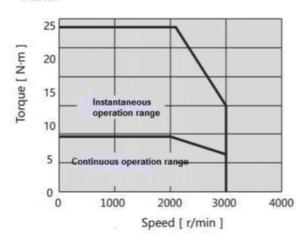


Continuous torque -Ambient temperature

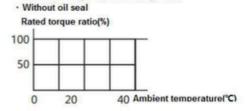


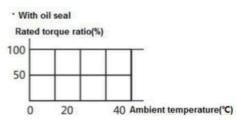


■ 2000W



Continuous torque-Ambient temperature





2.2.4 Encoder specifications

Table 2.2.3 Encoder specifications

Items	Description		Remarks
Motor Model Name	SE -2-	SE -2-	
	bit)	bit)	
Power supply voltage VCC	DC 4.5V~5.5V		Ripple voltage 5% or less
External power supply BAT		DC 2.4V~5.5V	
External capacitor CAP		DC 2.4V~5.5V	
Current consumption	160mA(Typ.)		Inrush current are
			excluded.
State of low power	-	Тур 10µА	The battery voltage is
consumption			3.6V at motor stop at
			room temperature



Single revolution resolution	Absolute 131,072(17bit)	-			
Multi-revolution count		-			
Maximum speed	6,000 r/min	6,000 r/min			
Input/ Output form	Differential transmission	Differential transmission			
Count-up direction	ccw		-		

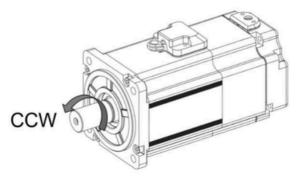
Table 2.2.4

Item	Description						
Motor Model Name	SE -2	SE -2					
Transmission method	Half-duplex asynchronous serial comm	Half-duplex asynchronous serial communication					
Communication speed	2.5Mbps						

Table 2.2.5

Item	Description
Working temperature	0~85°C
Resistance to external magnetic field	±2mT(20G) or less

Note 1) Up-counting direction



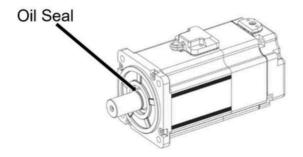
%Look from the front flange, rotate as counterclockwise, that is CCW.

[Note]

- \divideontimes When the motor rotates under 180 degree, single revolution accuracy decreases.
- *When use the motor with brake, please follow the brake voltage specified in the manual.
- #When the brake voltage is under 12V or use under the reverse polarity, single revolution accuracy decreases.

2.2.5 About oil seal

Please use oil seal to prevent the entry of oil into the servo motor via the output shaft when using motor with gear box. All the SV-E3 series motors are installed with the oil seal.





3. Installation and size of servo motor and drive

3.1 Installation environment conditions

About the environmental conditions, make sure to follow the company's instructions. If you need to use the product outside the scope of the environmental conditions, please consult HNC ELECTRIC Corporation in advance.

- ① Keep it away from the direct sunlight.
- 2 Drive must be installed in the cabinet.
- 3 Keep it away from the water, oil (cutting oil, oil mist) and moisture.
- Do not install the equipment under the conditions with water, corrosive and flammable gas.
- ⑤ Free from the dust, iron powder, cutting powder and so on.
- ® Keep it away from the area with high temperature, excessive vibration and shock.

3.2 Dustproof and waterproof

The servo drive is non-waterproof structure. Protection level of motor (excluding the connector) is IP65 according to IEC 34-5(International Electrotechnical Commission).

3.3 Installation method and space

Impact & load

- ①The impact that the motor can stand should be less than 200m/s2 (20G). Don't apply excessive impact load to the motor during transporting, installing and disassembling. And do not hold encoder, cable and connector to transport the motor.
- @The pull claw device must be used when removing the belt pulley and coupler from the motor

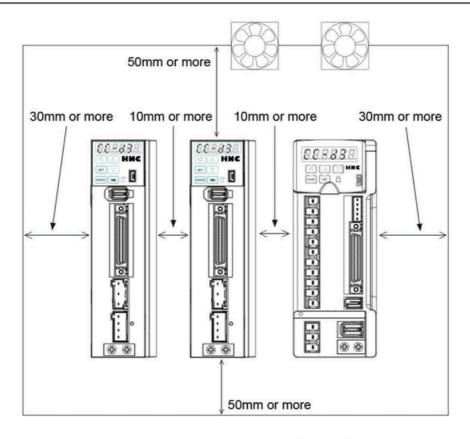
Combination with mechanical system

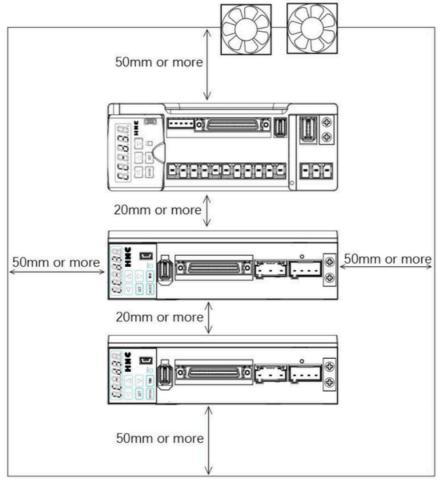
- ①The motor specification in the user manual has specified the permissible load to the motor shaft. Exceeding the permissible load will shorten the shaft life and cause damage to the shaft. Please use coupling which could fully absorb eccentric load.
- 2The stress on the encoder cable should be less than 6kgf during assembling.
- 3The bending radius of power cable and encoder cable should be R20mm and more.

Installation direction and clearance of drives

Leave sufficient space around the drive to ensure the heat dissipation and convection in the cabinet when installing the drive.







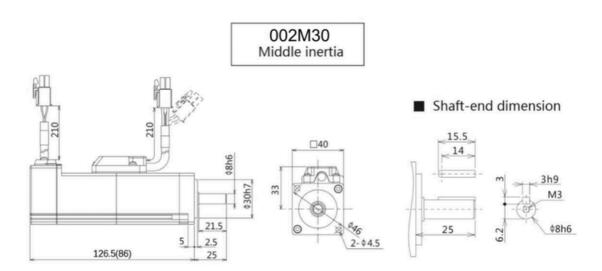


- Install the drives in the vertical direction. Please use two M5 screws to fix the drive, master drive and slave drive respectively which is less than 800W Please use three M5 screws to fix the drive and master drive respectively which is more than 1kW.
- In order to ensure that surrounding temperature between internal boards is not more than 55°C, cooling fan or cooler need to be installed to reduce the temperature, when the drives are installed in the sealed cabinet.
- ●The temperature on the surface of cooling plate would be 30°C higher than the surrounding temperature.
- Use heat-resistant material for the wiring and isolate wiring from the machine and other cables which are easily affected by the temperature.
- The service life of servo drive depends on the temperature around the electrolytic capacitor. When the electrolytic capacitor is close to the service life, the static capacity will decrease and internal resistance will increase. Consequently, it will lead to overvoltage alarm, malfunction caused by noise and components damage. The service life of electrolytic capacitor is approx. 5 to 6 years under the condition 「average annual temperature 30℃, load rate 80% and operation of less than 20 hours a day on average」

Additional instructions

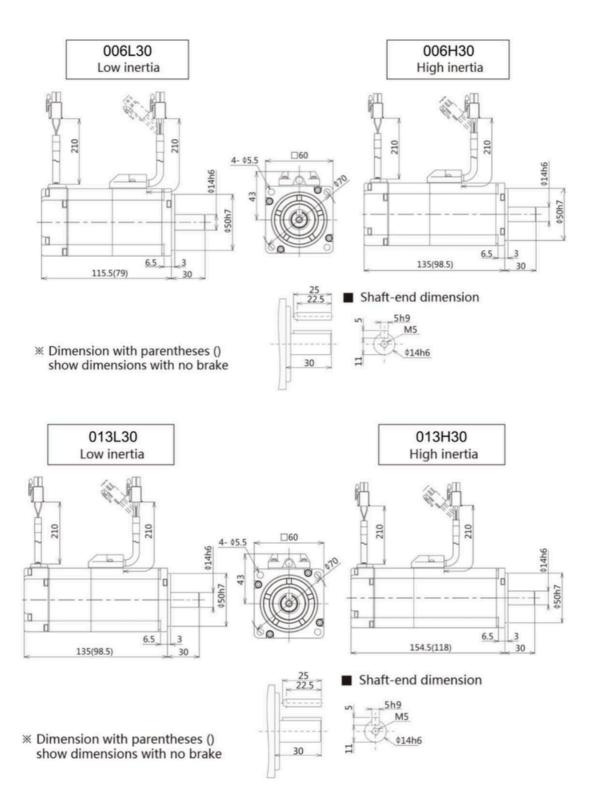
- ①The motor shaft is covered with anti-rust oil before leaving factory. Please have the antirust treatment again to the shaft to prevent it from rust when installing load.
- 2 Never disassemble the encoder or motor.
- 3The GND of 24VDC input and the grounding cable of device can be connected to each other.
- ①Do not remove or maintain the encoder battery until the main power supply is switched OFF.
- (5) After switching off the main power supply, please note that there is residual voltage of approx. 30 seconds on the power components.
- 6 Do not replace the fuse.
- The servo drives of more than 750W are installed with a cooling fan on the right side. Do not touch or block the ventilation ports of servo drive

3.4 Dimensions of servo motor

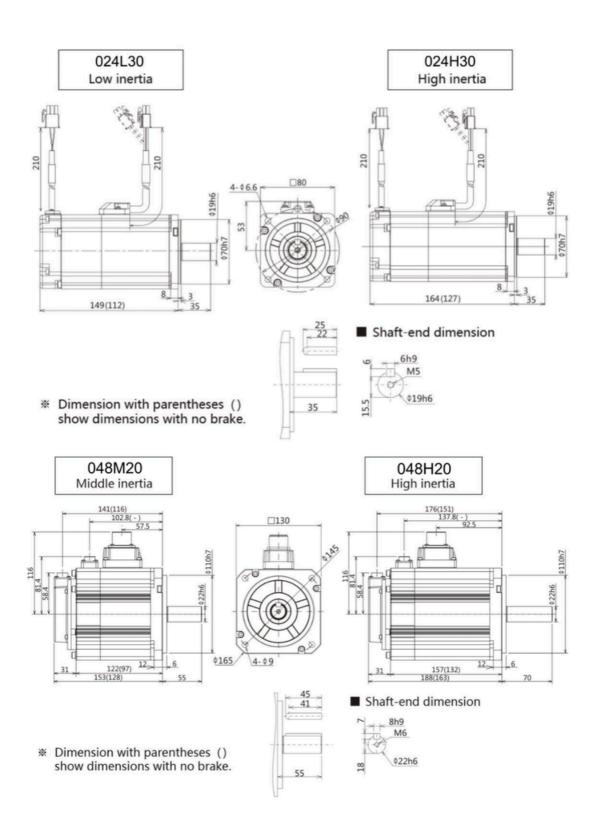


* Dimension with parentheses () show dimensions with no brake

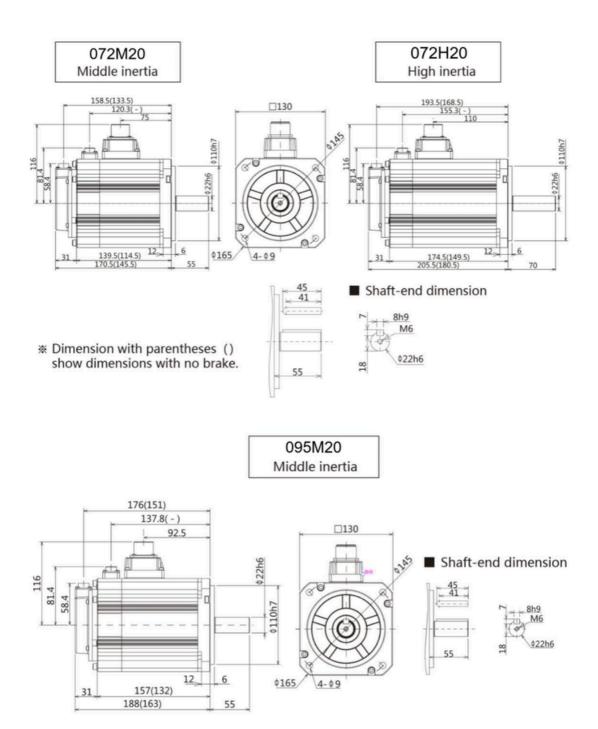










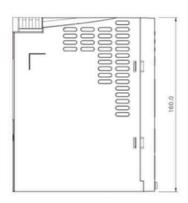


* Dimension with parentheses () show dimensions with no brake.

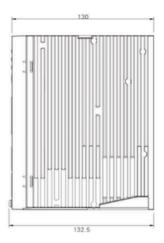


3.5 Dimensions of servo drive (Same dimensions for SV-E3)

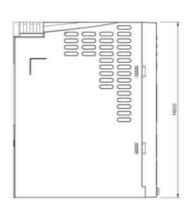
Drive 200W or less

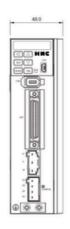


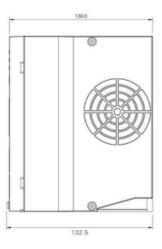




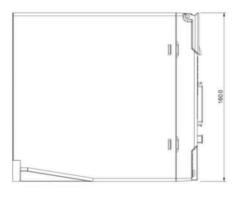
Drive 400W / 750W



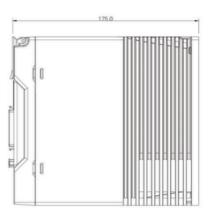




Drive 1000W or more





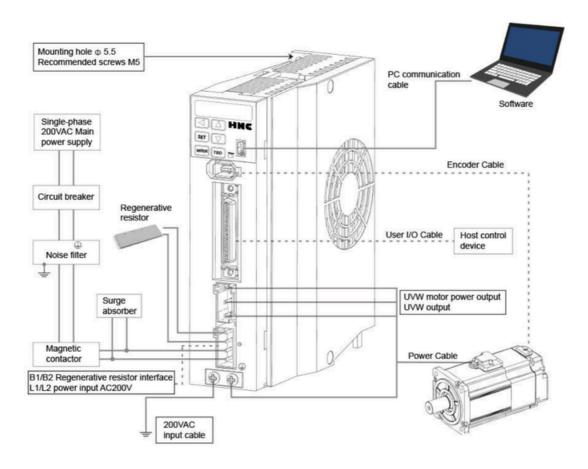




4. Wiring explanation for servo motor and drive

4.1 Wiring diagram

4.1.1 Wiring diagram



[Points for correct wiring]

- * 24VDC and 200VAC input (main circuit) power supply should be wired from the same 200VAC main power supply.
- Do not access switch between 24VDC power supply and drive. If you need switch, put it on the 200VAC cable of 24VDC input power supply.
- * A twisted-pair shielded cable should be used when I/O cable length is over 50cm.
- * The encoder cable should be less than 20m.



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- $\ \, \bigcirc$ Please note that there is high voltage in the solid line of wiring diagram when wiring and using.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{2}}$ The broken lines in the wiring diagram indicates the non-dangerous voltage circuit.

4.1.2 Connection of servo drive and motor

Items	Description
Peripheral device	Conform to European EC Directive. Select the device which meets corresponding standards
	and install them in accordance with User's Manual.
Installation environment	Install the servo drive to the environment which conform to Pollution degree 2 or 1 of
	IEC60664-1.
Power supply 1: 200~	This product can be used under the conditions that conform to IEC60664-1 and overvoltage
230VAC (main circuit)	category II.
Power supply 2: 24VDC	The specification of 24VDC external power supply should satisfy the following conditions.
◆control power supply of drive	Using SELV power supply(※) and power less than 150W. This is the CE corresponding
♦I/O power supply	conditions.
♦Power supply for brake	**SELV: safety extra low voltage
release	(Reinforced insulation is needed for safety extra low voltage, non-dangerous voltage and
	dangerous voltage.)
Wiring	Please use withstand voltage cables which are equivalent to AWG18/600V or AWG14/600V
	for motor power cable, encoder cable, AC220 input cable, FG cable and main circuit power
	distribution cable under multi-axis drive structure respectively when drives are less than
	750W or more than 1kW .
Breaker	Switch off the power supply to protect power cord when overcurrent occurs.
	Make sure to use the breaker between power supply and interference filter that conforms to
	IEC specification and UL recognition in accordance with the User manual.
	Please use the breaker with leakage function recommended by HCFA in order to meet EMC
	standards.
Noise filter	To prevent the outside interference from power cables.
	Please use the interference filter recommended by HCFA in order to meet EMC standards.
Magnetic contactor	Switch main power supply (ON/OFF). And use it after installing a surge absorber.
Surge absorber	Please use the surge absorber recommended by HCFA in order to meet EMC standards.
Interference filter for signal	Please use the interference filter recommended by HCFA in order to meet EMC standards.
cable / ferrite filter	
Regenerative resistor	This product is not equipped with regenerative resistor.
	The external regenerative resistor is necessary when the internal capacitor cannot absorb
	more regenerative power. Confirm the regenerative status on the panel. When the
	regenerative voltage alarm is ON, a regenerative resistor is needed.
	For the reference specification of regenerative resistor, please refer to user manual.
	Use a built-in thermostat and set overheat protect circuit.
Grounding	This product belongs to Class 1 and need grounding protection.
-	Using protection grounding terminal. Grounding should be executed by the case and cabinet
	that conforms to EMC.
	The following symbol indicates the protection grounding terminal.



4.2 Drive connector and pins arrangement

4.2.1 Drive connector terminal

Figure 4.2.1 750W or less Drive connector terminal

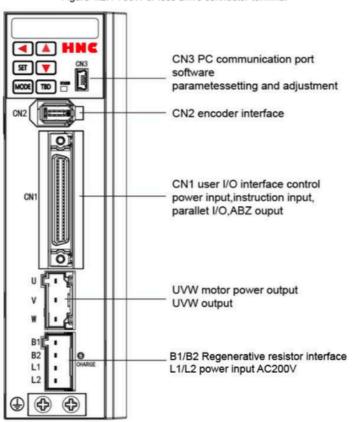


Table 4.2.1 Terminal arrangement of drive connector/ SV-E3P 750W or less

Name	Symbol	Pin No.	Signal name	Contents	
Regenerative	B1/B2/L1	1	B1	P interface of regenerative resistor	
resistance connection	/L2	2	B2	N interface of regenerative resistor	
Single-phase 200VAC	1	3	L	Primary Power 1	
input		4	N	Primary Power 2	
Motor power output	U/V/W	1	U	Motor power U phase output	
		2	V	Motor power V phase output	
		3	w	Motor power W phase output	
Encoder	CN2	1	vcc	Encoder power supply 5V output	
		2	GND	Signal grounding	
		3	NC	-	
		4	NC	-	
		5	+D	Encoder signal: data input/output	
		6	-D	Encoder signal: data input/output	
		-	FG	Connect SHIELD to the connector housing	
PC communication	CN3	1	VBUS	USB power supply	
		2	D-	USB data-	



		3	D+	USB data+
		4	NC	-
		5	GND	USB signal grounding
External fan	CN14	1	24V	24V for external fan
		2	G24	GND for external fan
		3	NC	-
User I/O	CN1	Refer to "Chapter 8 Operation"		

Figure 4.2.2 1KW or more Drive connector terminal

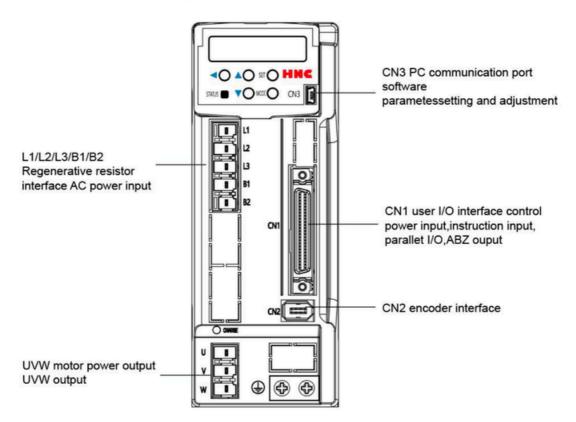


Table 4.2.2 Terminal arrangement of drive connector/ SV-E3P1KW or more

Name	Symbol	Pin No.	Signal name	Contents
Regenerative	B1/B2	1	B1	P interface of regenerative resistor
resistance connection		2	B2	N interface of regenerative resistor
Three-phase 200VAC	L1/L2/L3	1	L1	Primary power 1
input		2	L2	Primary power 2
		3	L3	Primary power 3
Motor power output	U/V/W	1	U	Motor power U phase output
		2	V	Motor power V phase output
		3	w	Motor power W phase output
Encoder	CN2	1	vcc	Encoder power supply 5V output
		2	GND	Signal grounding
		3	NC	-
		4	NC	-



		5	+D	Encoder signal: data input/output
		6	-D	Encoder signal: data input/output
		-	FG	Connect SHIELD to the connector housing
PC communication	CN3	1	VBUS	USB power supply
		2	D-	USB data-
		3	D+	USB data+
		4	NC	-
		5	GND	USB signal grounding
User I/O	CN1	Refer to "Chapter 8 Operation"		

4.3 Terminal arrangement and wiring color of motor connector

4.3.1 Motor connector and pins arrangement (750W or less)

Figure: 4.3.1 Motor connector and pins arrangement

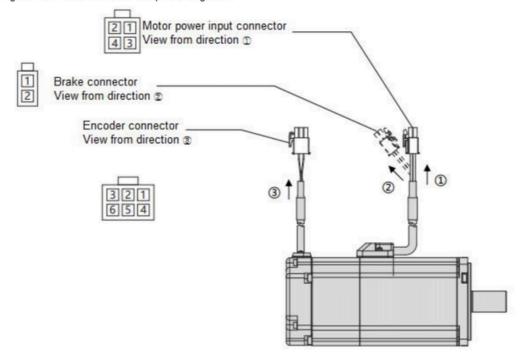


Table 4.3.1 Cable list (For motor of 750W or less)

Name	Cable	
Motor power input	AWG18	
Brake note 1	AWG22	
Encoder (Incremental)	Power supply: AWG22	
	Signal: AWG24	
Encoder (Absolute)	Power supply: AWG22	
	Signal: AWG24	

Note 1 For the motor with brake

Table 4.3.2 For the motor of 750W or less

Name	Pin	Signal	Contents	Wiring color
	No.	name		
Motor power	1	U	Motor power U phase	Red

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input	2	V	Motor power V phase	White
	3	w	Motor power W phase	Black
	4	FG	Motor housing grounding	Green
Brake	1	BRK+	Brake power supply 24VDC	Yellow
(※ 1)	2	BRK-	Brake power supply GND	Blue
Encoder(incr	1	-	NC	-
emental)	2	+D	Serial communication data + data	White (red point)
	3	-D	Serial communication data - data	White (black point)
	4	vcc	Encoder power supply 5V	Orange (red point)
	5	GND	Signal ground	Orange (black point)
	6	SHIELD	Shielded wires	Black
Encoder(Abs	1	BAT	External battery (※ 2)	Yellow (black point)
olute)	2	+D	Serial communication data + data	White (red point)
	3	-D	Serial communication data - data	White (black point)
	4	vcc	Encoder power supply 5V	Orange (red point)
	5	GND	Signal ground	Orange (black point)
	6	SHIELD	Shielded wires	Black

^{%1} For motor with brake.

Figure 4.3.2 Motor connector and pins arrangement (1kW or more)

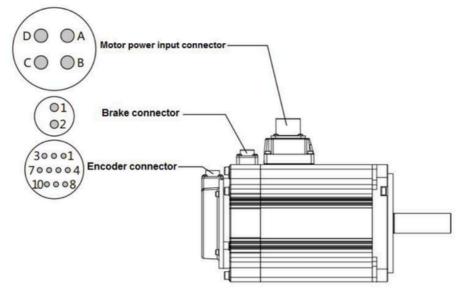


Table 4.3.3 Cable list (for motor of 1kW or more)

Name	Cable
Motor power input	AWG14
Brake note 1	AWG18
Encoder (Incremental)	Power supply: AWG22
	Signal: AWG24

Note 1 For the motor with brake

Table 4.3.4 For the motor of 1kW or more

 $[\]ensuremath{lpha}$ 2 External capacitor and battery are taking GND as the reference potential.

^{4.3.2} Motor connector and pins arrangement (1kW or more)



Name	Pin	Signal	Contents	Remark
	No.	name		
Motor power	Α	U	Motor power U phase	
input	В	V	Motor power V phase	
	С	w	Motor power W phase	
	D	FG	Motor housing grounding	
Brake	1	BRK1	Brake power supply 24VDC	
(※ 1)	2	BRK2	Brake power supply GND	
Encoder(incr	1	vcc	Encoder power supply 5V output	
emental)	2	GND	Signal ground	
	3	-	NC	
	4	-	NC	
	5	+D	Serial communication data + data	
	6	-D	Serial communication data - data	
	7	-	NC	
	8	-	NC	
	9	-	NC	
	10	SHIELD	Shielded wires	
Encoder(Abs	1	vcc	Encoder power supply 5V output	
olute)	2	GND	Signal ground	
	3	CAP	External capacitor (※2)	
	4	BAT	External battery (#2)	
	5	+D	Serial communication data + data	
	6	-D	Serial communication data - data	
	7	IC	Internal connection (※ 3)	
	8	IC	Internal connection (※ 3)	
	9	GND	Signal ground	
	10	-	NC	

^{※1} For motor with brake.

4.4 RS-485 communication wiring description

The wiring between the drives and setting method of communication address are shown below. When using multi-station communication(the upper controller is wired with one servo drive), the parameters of multiple servo drives can be changed and the waveform of position deviation and rotation speed can be monitored by the upper controller.

The communication condition shown below.

Table 4.4.1

Communication				
Electrical specifications	EIA485			
Communication method	Asynchronous serial			
	communication(half-duplex)			

^{*2} External capacitor and battery are taking GND as the reference potential.

^{*3} Internal connection (IC) has been connected internally. Do not connect it with any other wires.



Communication speed	57.6 kbps		
Data bit	8 bit		
Peer bit	None		
Stop bit	1 bit		
Alarm detection	CRC16-CCITT		
Transmission data	8 bit binary		
Data length	35 bytes or less		

L1=5m(max)

The wiring length between the upper controller and drive CN1 should be 5m or less.

L2=250mm(max)

The wiring length between each drives CN1 should be 250mm or less.

Terminal resistance

Connect the terminal resistor between 43pin and 44pin of CN1 to the last drive and to the upper controller.

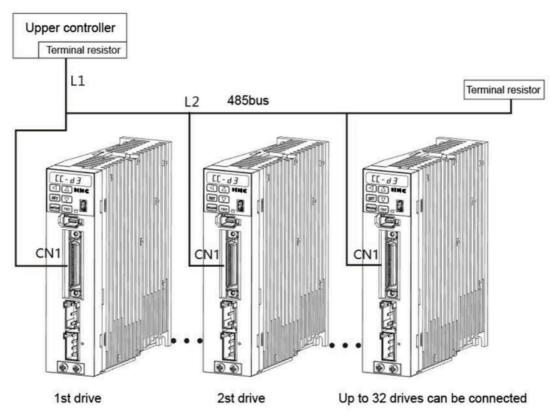


Figure 4.4.1 Multi-station connection example

The wiring between the drives are shown as above. And daisy-chained connection should be performed between the drive connector CN1 and the upper controller.

[Communication address setting]

When using multi-station communication, set the different communication address for each drive according to the following steps. There are two setting methods: by set panel and dedicated software.

Input 24V control power supply after wiring, then operate as the following steps For wiring, refer to section 4.1[Wiring diagram].



[Setting method by set panel]

- ①Press the MODE button three times from the initial display status. The leftmost display on the LCD (6 digits) is [P] to come to the parameter setting mode. There is 3 digits, the point(.) and 1 digit on the right side of [P]. And the rightmost display is blank or [r]. The parameter number is represented by 3 digits, the point(.) and 1 digit.
- ②Press the UP/DOWN and SHIFT button, when [P004.0r] shows, press SET button to display the current setting value. The initial value is [1].
- ③Press the UP/DOWN and SHIFT button and input the expected communication address. Setting range is from 1 to 32.
- 4Press the SET button to RAM, the indicator changes from flicker to lit.
- ⑤Press the MODE button three times to display [SAVE_P].
- ® Press the SET button, the [P] in [SAVE_P] flicker. When the parameter is stored in the EEPROM normally, [nr_End] displays.
- Onotes: Cut off the power supply to the servo drive(Note1). Before restart the power supply, the servo drive operates as the former communication address.
- ®Set the communication address to the other drive as the same way described from ① to ⑦. When the single-axis drive are used in parallel, please set the communication address by the set panel of the servo drive.

5. Panel display and operation

5.1 Overview

The functions of operation panel are as follows:

- a) Status display (Status display mode)
- b) Alarm display (Alarm display mode)
- c) Parameter setting (Parameter setting mode)
- d) Auto tuning (Auto tuning mode)
- e) Parameter saving (parameter saving mode)
- f) Auxiliary functions (JOG function mode, parameter clearing mode, encoder clearing mode)

5.2 Part names

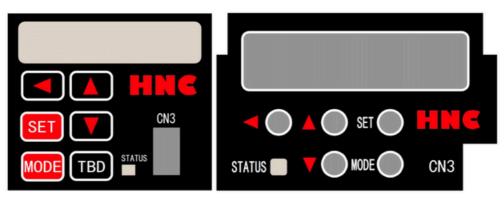


Table 5.2.1 Set panel for drive

Items	Description
MODE	Change operation mode and parameters.



SET	Item or value select/confirm
UP	Selected value (flicker) increase
UP (long-press)	Selected value (flicker) increase rapidly
DOWN	Selected value(flicker) decrease
DOWN(long-press)	Selected value(flicker) decrease rapidly
SHIFT	Selected cursor moves left.
SHIFT+DOWN	The screen lock/unlock
SHIFT+UP	Reset the servo drive
SHIFT+S, long press for	The servo drive enabling ON/OFF
2s or more	

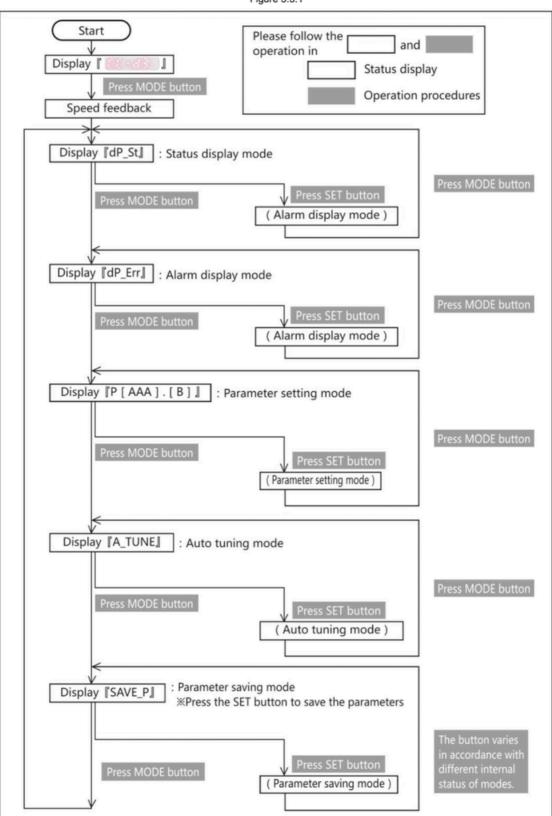
5.3 Operation mode change

The operation procedures of changing operation mode by set panel are shown below.

Turn on the control power to the drive, the set panel will show Speed feedback(motor speed r/min). Press the MODE button once again, it comes to the Status display mode and shows $\lceil dP_St \rfloor$. When press the MODE button again, it will come to Alarm display mode, Parameter setting mode, Auto tuning mode, Parameter saving mode in turn. Press the MODE button again, it returns to the Status display mode. Press the SET button to come to the selection of operation mode.



Figure 5.3.1





5.4 Status display mode

The operation procedures of Status display mode are shown below.

Press the "MODE" button twice from the beginning to get into status display mode and \[\dP_St \] displays. Model code and serial number can be checked in this mode.

Status mark number will be displayed on the right side of <code>St_J</code> when press "SET" button. As for the meaning of status mark, refer to <code>Status</code> display list or <code>Status</code> description. The status mark number will display alternatively when press "UP" or "DOWN" button. When status displays, press "SET" button to display its value.

Model code and serial number will be displayed after the status when press "UP" or "DOWN" button. The status mark number will display alternatively. Model code will be displayed in 「Pt_[AAA]」 and serial number displayed on 「Ps_[AAA]」. In the display _[AAA], 「Jot」 indicates the motor, 「drv」 indicates the drive and 「Enc」 indicates the encoder.

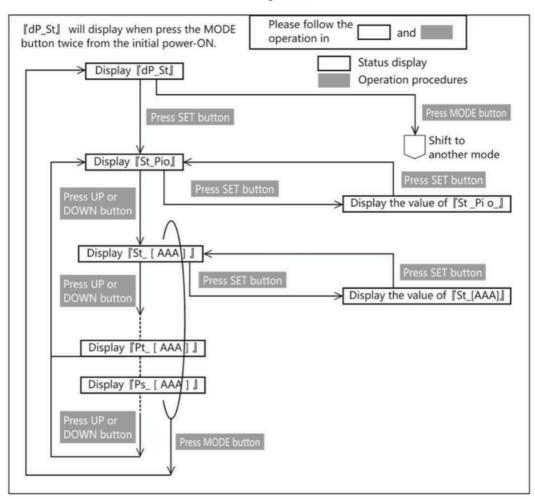


Figure 5.4.1

Table 5.4.1 Status display list

Mark number	Status		
8.8.8.8.8.	Parallel I/O status Display the bit number of assigned parallel IO. For details, refer to [About parallel I/O status]		
8.8.8.8.8.	Temperature at the control part[°C]. Temperature at the control part of servo drive.		



8.8.8.8.8.	Command pulse input (position)[pulse] To confirm the number of pulse from upper controller.
8.8.8.8.8.	Command pulse input (speed) Differential of Command pulse input (position) Less than 750W: [pulse/160µs], more than 1kW: [pulse/200µs]
8.8.8.8.8.	Analog command input (command value)[r/min] By adding input filter and gain, the analog speed command from upper control device can be regarded as input value of speed command.
88888	Positioning completion 0: during positioning; 1: positioning completed.
5.6.6.6.B.	ABS position command [pulse] Display the position command value according to the command pulse
B.B.B.B.B.B.	ABS position feedback[pulse] Display the motor position feedback by encoder according to command pulse
8.8.8.8.8.	Command position deviation[pulse] Display the difference value between the position command and position feedback according to command pulse.
8.8.8.8.8.	Position command[pulse] Pulse command input(position). The command value input after division and multiplication smoothing in internal position command. Encoder pulse.
8.8.8.8.8.	Position feedback [pulse] The actual position values detected by encoder.
5.8.8.8.B.	Position differential [pulse] Display the differential between position command value and position feedback value.
5.6.6.6.6.	Speed command [r/min] The value input into the position and speed control of drives.
B.B.B.B.B.	Speed feedback [r/min] Motor speed detected by encoder.
8.8.8.8.8.	Speed deviation[r/min] Differential between speed command and speed feedback value.



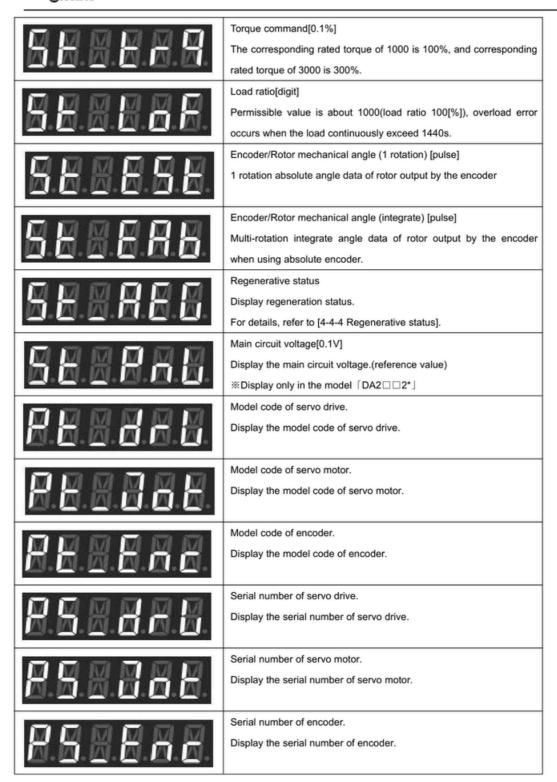


Table 5.4.2 Corresponding display for the letters

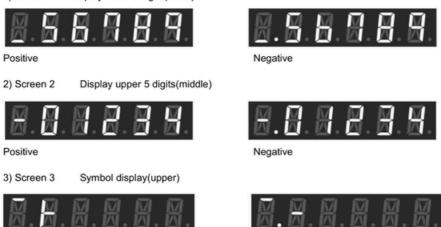


Letter	Status display						
Α	B	N	M	а	H	n	B
В	B	0		b	В	0	
С		Р	B	С		р	B
D		Q		d	8	q	
E		R		e	8	r	8
F		S	8	f		S	8
G		Т		g		t	B
Н	H	U		h	8	u	
1		V		i		٧	
J		W		j		W	M
K	R	X	V	k		×	V
L		Y	V	1	B	у	V
M	M	Z		m	M	z	

[About LCD display]

The LCD can display the parameter of more than 6 digits and shows the following screens. Take the positive value [123456789] and negative value [-123456789] as example..

1) Screen 1 Display lower 5 digits(lower)



 ${\sf Positive}({\sf Display}\; \lceil + \rfloor\;) \qquad \qquad {\sf Negative}({\sf Display}\; \lceil - \rfloor\;)$

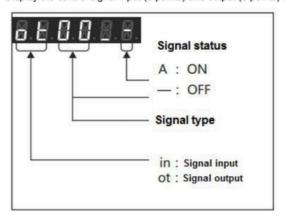
Starting from the right (lower bits) digit, the select cursor moves left when press "SHIFT" button. When the fifth digit flashes , press "SHIFT" button and it comes to the next screen. Press "SHIFT" button in Screen 3(Symbol display) and it comes back to Screen 1(Display for lower 5 digits). That is to say, the screen changes the order of Screen 1(Display for lower 5 digits) → Screen 2(Display for upper 5 digits) → Screen 3(Symbol display) → Screen 1 (Display for lower 5 digits). 「-」 on the left indicates digit position. 「_____ indicates the lower digits; 「____ imiddle digits; 「____ upper digits. When display negative values, the left point at the button will always light from lower digit to upper digit. However this left point won't light When the displayed



digital number is less than 6 even if it's negative.,

[Parallel IO status]

Display the control signal input (8 points) and output (8 points) status of I/O connector (CN1).



The following table lists the signal name of I/O connector (CN1) and parallel IO status display. For the details of user I/O connector(CN1), refer to [8.7.1 Signal description]

Table 5.4.3

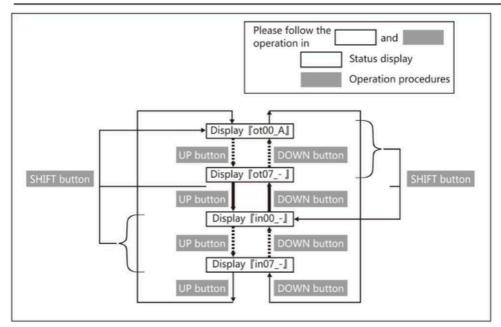
Display	Signal name		Contents
ot00	01	(MBRK)	O1 (Brake release output) Output status
ot01	02	(SERVO)	O2 (Servo output) Output status
ot02	О3	(POSIN/-)	O3 (Positioning completed /reserved) Output status
ot03	04	(-)	O4 (Reserved) Output status
ot04	O5	(-)	O5 (Reserved) Output status
ot05	06	(OCZ)	O6 (Encoder Z phase Open collector output) Output status
ot06	07	(SRDY)	O7 (Servo ready) Output status
ot07	08	(ALM)	O8 (Alarm output) Output status
in00	I1	(SVON)	I1 (Servo ON Input) Input status
in01	12	(RESET)	I2 (Alarm reset input) Input status
in02	13	(HOLD/VCRUN1)	I3 (Command input inhibit/Internal speed command-Start 1) Input status
in03	14	(PCLR/VCRUN2)	I4 (Deviation counter clearing input /Internal speed command-Start 2) Input
			status
in04	15	(-/VCSEL1)	I5 (Reserved/ Internal speed command—Speed command selection 1) Input
			status
in05	16	(CCWL/VCSEL2)	I6 (CCW drive restriction /Speed command selection 2 Input) Input status
in06	17	(CWL/VCSEL3)	17 (CW drive restriction / Speed command selection 3 Input) Input status
in07	18	(TLSEL1)	18 (Torque limit input) Input status

The operation procedures of parallel IO status are shown below.

Press the "UP" or "DOWN" button, the number will be displayed alternatively. When input signal displays, press "SHIFT" button and it will shift to output signal \[\text{ot00} \]. When output signal displays, press "SHIFT" button and it will shift to input signal \[\text{in00} \].

Figure 5.4.3





[Regenerative status]

Display main circuit DC power supply of drive and the working status of regenerative power circuit.

When I SE_REG I displays in the set panel, press SET button to show the following

Figure 5.4.4

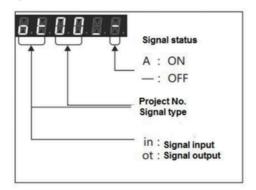


Table 5.4.4 Display list of regenerative status

Display	Name	Description
ot00	Regenerative control output	Indicates the drive working status of regenerative power circuit. When the signal is
		ON, regenerative power is under the operation by regenerative resistor.
ot01	Reserved	[-] fixed
:	:	:
ot07	Reserved	[-] fixed
in00		When the DC voltage of main circuit reaches the regenerative voltage alarm, the
l	Regenerative voltage alarm	signal is ON, which indicates the drive regeneration circuit may be on working state.
l		regenerative resistor is recommended to be connected.
		When voltage is less than regenerative threshold voltage, the signal is ON.
in01		When the DC voltage of main circuit reaches regenerative threshold voltage, the
l	Regenerative threshold	signal is ON, which indicates the drive regeneration circuit is on working state.
	voltage	regenerative resistor must be connected. If not, the power failure may occur.
in02	Reserved	[-] fixed
:	:	:

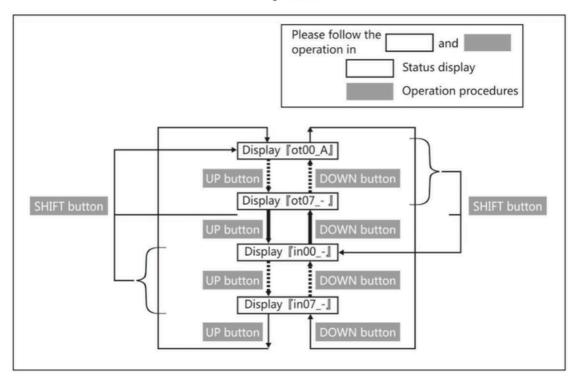


in07	Reserved	[-] fixed

Operating procedures of regenerative status are as follows.

Press the "UP" or "DOWN" button, the number will be displayed alternatively. When input signal displays, press "SHIFT" button and it will shift to output signal \[\text{oto} \text{0} \]. When output signal displays, press "SHIFT" button and it will shift to input signal \[\text{in00} \]

Figure 5.4.5



Follow above operating procedures to confirm whether a regenerative resistor is needed or not. When the display changes from <code>\[\int \noo_-\] \] to <code>\[\int \noo_-\] \] If <code>\[\int \noo_-\] \] displays, a regenerative resistor is needed. Operation panel displays as follow:</code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code></code>





Need a regenerative resistor

Do not need any regenerative resistor

5.5 Alarm display mode

The following shows the operating procedures of alarm display.

Press the "MODE" button three times from the beginning, 「dP_Err」 indicates the alarm display mode. Press the "SET" button to display the drive alarm status and 「Err.--」 indicates no alarm. If an alarm has occurred, the corresponding alarm number is output on the right side of 「Err.」. For the details of alarm number, refer to the following [Alarm items]. If several alarms have occurred, press "UP" or "DOWN" button to display the alarm number.

When an alarm has occurs, 「Err.**」 will be displayed on the operation panel except these four modes. (** indicates the alarm number) ①Parameter setting mode, ②Auto tuning mode, ③In Parameter saving mode, ④Auxiliary functions, when press



"MODE" button and the display can change from this mode to another, 「Err.**」 will display.

For the remedies and reset method of alarm, refer to [9.2 Alarm disposal and reset].

Figure 5.5.1

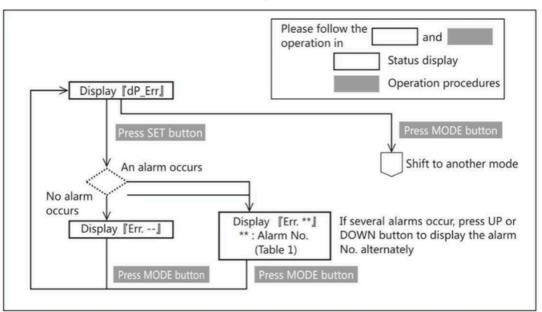


Table 5.5.1 Alarm No.

Alarm No.	Alarm description	Alarm No.	Alarm description
00	System error	16	Encoder error (receive data)
01	EEPROM data error	17	Encoder error(no response)
02	Model code error	18	Encoder error (circuit)
04	Overspeed	19	Encoder error (communication)
05	Speed deviation error	20	Encoder error(multi-rotation data)
06	Position deviation error	21	Encoder error(voltage drops)
07	Overload error	22	Power error (control power)
08	Command overspeed error	23	Switch circuit error
09	Encoder pulse output frequency error	24	Overcurrent error
10	Internal position command overflow error/	25	Inverter error 1
	Home position return failure		
11	Encoder error(multi-rotation counter	26	Inverter error 2
	overflow)		
12	Overheat	27	Current sensor error
14	Overvoltage	29	Power error (drive internal)
15	Power supply error(main circuit)		



5.6 Parameter setting mode

The operating procedures of parameter setting are shown below.

When pressing "MODE" button three times from the initial display, 「P」 will be displayed on the leftmost of LCD and it comes to parameter setting mode. 3 digits, a decimal point, 1 digit and a blank will be displayed in turn on the right side of 「P」. The combination of 3 digits, a decimal point and1 digit constitute the parameter No. Press UP or DOWN button to the parameter No. to be set and press SET button to display the parameter value on the servo drive.

For the details of parameter number, refer to [Section 6 Parameter Description]. When $\lceil r \rfloor$ is displayed on the rightmost side , it means the drive power supply must be restarted after saving the parameter. For the methods of parameter saving, refer to \lceil Section 5.8 Parameter saving mode \rfloor





Restart the power supply to the drive

No need to restart the power supply to the drive

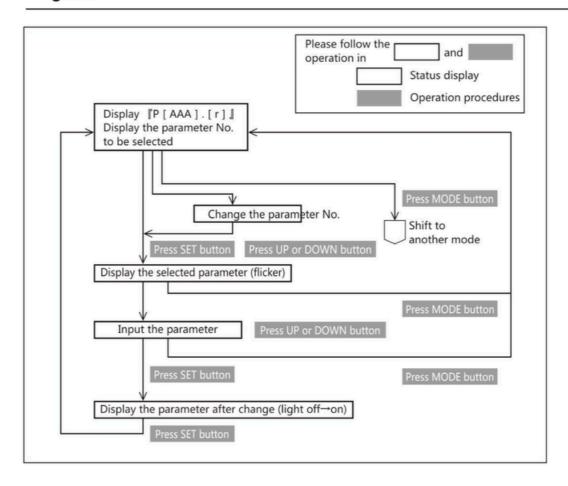
The operating procedures of parameter change are shown below. If parameters displayed, the rightmost LCD will flash and it comes to the state that parameters can be input.

On the condition that parameter is beyond the range from -99999 to 99999(only for No.087.0 position deviation error detection value), as said in [Status display mode] and [Signed 6-digit or more parameter on LCD], 5 digits can be displayed every time. The flashing digit can be changed and press "SHIFT" to select the digit to be changed (flash). Parameter value can be changed by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" button. Press "SET" button to set the parameter on the drive and the digit will no longer flicker. If you do not want to change the parameter value and just confirm it, press "MODE" button to return. If the drive is powered off, the parameter value will return to the state before change.

In order to save the parameter after change in the EEPROM of drive, refer to [Section 5.8 Parameter saving mode] for details.

Figure 5.6.1





5.7 Auto tuning mode

Auto tuning mode includes [Simple adjustment] and [Fine adjustment].

Simple adjustment

Select gain level among 5, 10, 15, 20, 30 and then start auto tuning and setting automatically the expected inertia ratio to achieve the desired operation. Meanwhile, the inertia ratio can be set manually. The most suitable gain can be set corresponding to inertia ratio.

[Fine adjustment]

To achieve the optimum operation effect after Simple adjustment, some gain parameters need to be set. It's generally optimized in accordance with the order of gain level → Inertia ratio → FF1 gain. It can also be optimized more easily in accordance with the order of integral gain → FF2 gain → damping ratio.

「A_TunE」 (Auto tuning mode) will be displayed after press "MODE" button five times from the initial display status.

In auto tuning mode, parameters which are set in Parameter setting mode can be displayed after the Simple adjustment and Fine adjustment. Please follow the procedures below to operate. This mode will show under position control or speed control mode.

The parameter group that can be set in position control or speed control mode is as follows. If pressing "SHIFT" button in auto tuning mode, [Parameter name] on the operation panel will shift to [Parameter number]

Table 5.7.1

	Position control			
Display order	Name	Parameter	name/	number
		displayed on	panel	



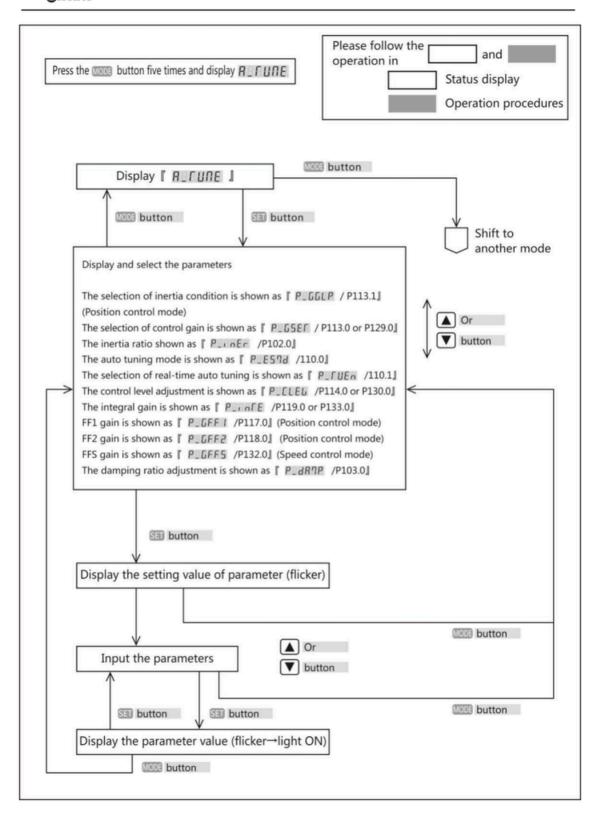
1	Inertia condition	P_GGLP / 113.1
2	Control gain setting	P_GSET / 113.0
3	Inertia ratio	P_inEr /102.0
4	conversion ratio of Inertia ratio	P_inTr /104.0
5	Selection of real-time auto tuning	P_TUEn /110.1
6	Control level	P_CLEv /114.0
7	Integral gain	P_inTE /119.0
8	First gain FF compensation	P_GFF1/117.0
9	Second gain FF compensation	P_GFF2/118.0
10	Damping ratio	P_dAmP/103.0

Table 5.7.2

Speed control				
Display order	Name	Parameter name/ number displayed on operation panel		
1	Control gain level	P_GSET /129.0		
2	Inertia ratio	P_inEr /102.0		
3	Setting of auto tuning	P_ES7d /110.0		
4	Selection of real-time auto tuning	P_TUEn /110.1		
5	Control level	P_CLEv /130.0		
6	Integral gain	P_inTE /133.0		
7	First gain FF compensation	P_GFFS /132.0		
8	Damping ratio	P_dAmP/103.0		

Figure 5.7.1





5.8 Parameter saving mode

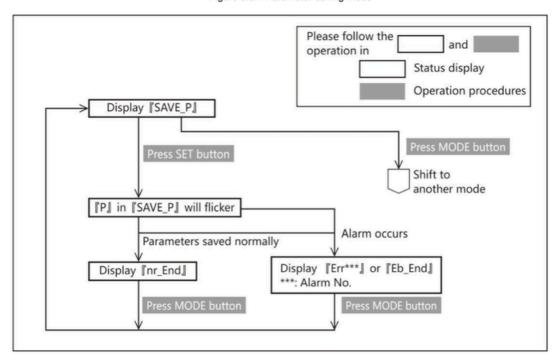
[SAVE_P] (Parameter saving mode) will be displayed on the panel if pressing "MODE" button six times from the beginning. The new parameters, set in Parameter setting and auto tuning mode, can be written to EEPROM in the parameter saving



mode. Please note that the newly-set parameters, which have been set in Parameter setting and auto tuning mode but not saved to EEPROM, will disappear and return to the value before after power-off.

The operating procedures of saving parameters are shown below.

Figure 5.8.1 Parameter saving mode



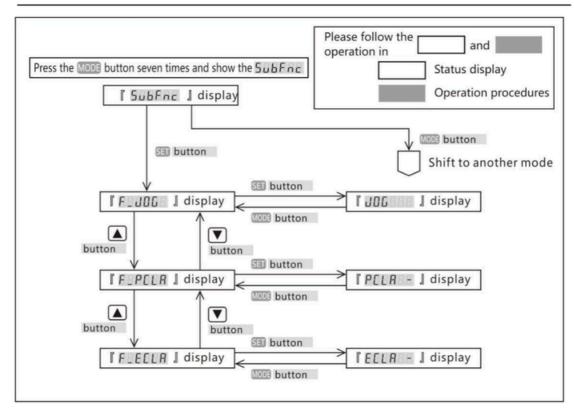
In parameter setting mode when change the parameters that need restarting 24VDC control power supply, please restart the control power supply after the above procedures done. The changed parameters become effective after restart control power supply. (For the models of 1kW or more, power off the main circuit power supply and restart it after the screen display is off)

5.9 Auxiliary function

I SubEnc I will display after press the MODE button seven times from the initial status Please operate as the procedures shown in Figure 5.9.1.

Figure 5.9.1 Auxiliary function





5.9.1 Drive connector terminal description

JOG function is function for test run without the commands output by the upper controller. Please use the test run function for the purpose of adjustment. For details.

Working conditions for JOG function

- The JOG function is available in the pulse command modes of position control and speed control mode. Control the machines according to the corresponding gain of control modes. Do not use the JOG function in the internal position command mode (point table, test run) and torque control mode of position control.
- When using JOG function in speed control mode/ internal speed command mode, the VCRUN1, VCRUN2, VCSEL1,
 VCSEL2 and VCSEL3 of parallel I/O input become invalid.
- · Input the 24VDC control power and servo ON signal from I/O connector.

Operating procedures

- 1. Display the I F_J00 I according to the operating procedures as shown in Figure 5.9.1 Auxiliary function.
- 2. Set the following three parameters by the set panel .

For the details of parameters, please refer to [Chapter 6 Parameter Description].

Table 5.9.1 Relevant parameter of JOG function

No.	Parameters
385.0	JOG operation: Acceleration time
386.0	JOG operation: Deceleration time(%Note 1)
387.0	JOG operation: Target speed

- 3.Press SET button and show the I JOG
- 4. Make the servo OFF by I/O
- 5. Long-press LEFT() button and show the SRLOFF . The alarm Section will occur if operating at the servo ON. If the alarm Section occurs at this time, press MODE button and the display returns to FLUGG and reoperate from procedures 3.
- 6. Press the UP 🛦 button, the motor rotate in CCW direction; if Down 🔽 button, in CW direction.



The motor rotates when pressing the button, and stops as releasing the button.

7. Make the servo OFF by I/O and \$\(^{5Ru0FF}\)\$ shows to end the JOG operation. Then press MODE button and show \$\(^{F2J05}\)\$, which means the operation status changes from JOG to the general. If the servo is ON, the operation cannot change from JOG operation to general operation status and the alarm \$\(^{FCGGC}\)\$ will occur.

Note 1) Please note that if the JOG operation deceleration time is set longer, the time from pressing the UP

or Down

Tutton to stopping the motor will become longer correspondingly.

Note 2) If press the UP or Down button simultaneously, the motor will stop. If the unexpected operating status happens, switch off the main circuit power or make the servo OFF to stop the operation.

Please follow the and MOD3 button operation in **B** button Status display Operation procedures [F_JDG] shows ▲ button ▼ button 3 button Shift to another mode Mod button [JDG] shows Make the servo OFF (Note 1) ■ Long-press (appro. 3 seconds) Servo OFF Servo ON [Error] shows button Mooi button [SALOFF] shows Make the servo OFF (Note 1) When the motor rotates, press **\(\Lambda \)** button [SALON] shows (CCW rotation) or ▼ button(CW rotation) button Make the servo OFF (Note 1) [Errar] shows (flicker for 3 seconds) (Note 1) Servo ON or OFF is operated by parallel I/O

Figure 5.9.2

5.9.2 Parameter clearing function

This function is to return the parameters to the factory settings. After clearing the parameters, restart the power supply and the parameters will change to the factory settings.

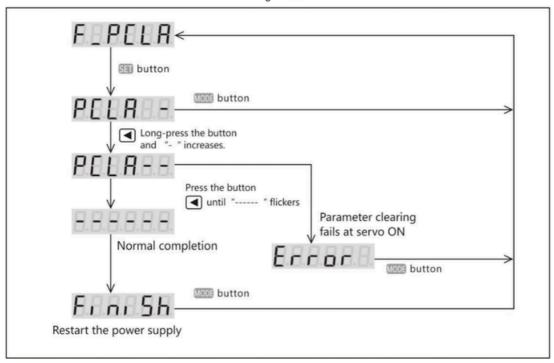
The parameter clearing should be operated at the servo OFF. If the servo is ON, an alarm will occur Leccon J. Operation procedures

- 1. Operate as the procedures in section 4.9 Auxiliary function and display the [F_PELR]
- 2.Press the SET I button and show the I PELR J
- 3. Long-press the LEFT

 button, then display the 『PCLR 』 → 『 ------ 』 and flicker, then change to 『 Fi m 5h 』
- 4. Restart the power supply and the parameter clearing is done.



Figure 5.9.3



5.9.3 Encoder clearing function

For details, please refer to [Reference SV-E3 series absolute system].

6. Parameter Description

6.1 Parameter list

This section gives a detailed description of the displayed parameters on the panel.

The column of <code>No.</code> is the parameter number. Two numbers separated by "/" are the numerator and denominator number of parameters. Take 034.0/036.0 as the example, 034.0 is the numerator number and 036.0 is the denominator number. [Basic setting] in Parameter list are the initial setting values determined by the device. [Adjustment] indicates gain and other parameters that need to be adjusted to get the expected operation. [Special setting] indicates the parameters set according to the actual needs. The parameters with <code>r</code> displayed on the right side of parameter number, are the ones that need to restart the drive control power supply after saving. <code>Yes</code> will be displayed in the parameters of <code>Whether</code> to restart 24VDC power supply. After saving the parameters in <code>Parameter</code> saving mode, <code>Whether</code> to restart 24VDC power supply will be displayed for the parameters which are valid after restarting 24VDC power supply. For the models of 750W or less, the control power is supplied from external 24VDC. For the models of 1kW or more, the control power is supplied from internal power and please cut off 220V power of main circuit if restart needed.

<Notice>

Each parameter has its setting range, but it also depends on the setting value of other parameter. There are some parameters unable to set, even though they are in the setting range. The following is the interdependent parameter number.

No.102.0 Inertia ratio

No.103.0 Damping ratio

No.104.0 Conversion ratio of inertia ratio

No.115.0 Control gain 1 (Position control mode)



No.116.0 Control gain 2 (Position control mode)

No.117.0 Gain FF compensation 1 (Position control mode)

No.118.0 Gain FF compensation 2 (Position control mode)

No.119.0 Integral gain (Position control mode)

No.131.0 Control gain 1 (Speed control mode)

No.132.0 Gain FF compensation 1 (Speed control mode)

No.133.0 Integral gain (Speed control mode)

6.1.1 Parameters

Table 6.1.1 Parameters

Types	Names			No.
Common	Control mode		2.0	
parameters	Command mode			3.0
	Operation mode			9.0
	Torque command range Switch		144.0	
		Value 1		147.0
	Value 2		148.0	
	Torque limit output			144.1
	Delay time for Servo off			237.0
	Delay time for mechanical	brake release		238.0
	Selection of an encoder s	ystem		257.0
	Encoder pulse output	Rotation direction		272. 1
		Division and	Numerator	276. 0
		multiplication	Denominator	278. 0
RS-485	Switch			8.0
communication	Address			4.0
	Communication speed			6.0
	Stop bit			6.1
	Parity			6.2
	Minimum response time			11.0
Error detection	Position error	Switch		65.0
		Value		87.0
		Delay time		89.0
	Speed error	Switch		65.1
		Value		90.0
		Delay time		91.0
	Encoder pulse output	Upper limit for freque	псу	285.0
		Delay time		286.0
	Instantaneous voltage Delay time drop			305.0
Drive restriction	Settings			67.0
options	Deceleration method			67.1
	Stop status			67.2



	Keep position deviation of	ounting	67.3
Deceleration stop	Method	224.0	
	Release condition		224.1
	Operation time	226.0	
	Cancel deceleration stop	227.0	
	Power supply error	Switch	224.2
		Operation time	228.0
	Torque command range	151.0	
Adjustment	Inertia ratio	102.0	
	Damping ratio	103.0	
	Auto tuning	Mode switch	110.0
		Project	110.1
	Position control mode	Control gain set	113.0
		Inertia condition	113.1
		Control level	114.0
		Control gain 1	115.0
		Control gain 2	116.0
		Gain FF compensation 1	117.0
		Gain FF compensation 2	118.0
		Integral gain	119.0
	Speed control mode	Control gain set	129.0
		Control level	130.0
		Control gain 1	131.0
		Gain FF compensation 1	132.0
		Integral gain	133.0
	Current control gain		193.0
Position	Filter 1	Selection(*1)	66. 0
command filter		Smoothing filter 1 average moving times	80. 0
		Notch frequency	74. 0
		Notch width	75. 0
		High frequency gain	76. 0
		Notch depth	79. 0
	Filter 2	Selection	82. 0
		Notch frequency	83. 0
		Notch width	84. 0
		High frequency gain	85. 0
		Notch depth	86. 0
	Filter 3	Selection	82. 1
		Notch frequency	357. 0
		Notch width	358. 0
		High frequency gain	359. 0
			360. 0
	Filter 4	Notch depth	-
	Filter 4	Selection(*2)	66. 1



	A 7 A
Smoothing filter 1 average moving times	81.0

^{*1)} The marking method varies from the drive version. The version of 3. 5. 1. 0 or before is marked with [Selection of position command smoothing filter 1]

*2) The marking method varies from the drive version. The version of 3. 5. 1. 0 or before is marked with [Selection of position command smoothing filter 2]

Types	Names		No.
Torque command	Low-pass filter	Switch	160. 0
filter		Auto setting	160. 2
		Time constant	162. 0
	Notch filter	Switch	160. 1
		Frequency	168. 0
		Width	169. 0
		Depth	170. 0
Pulse command	Input pulse types	32. 0	
	Rotation direction		32. 1
	Input logic		32. 3
	Division and	Interpolation	32. 2
	multiplication	Numerator	34. 0
		Denominator	36. 0
	Input filter		33. 0
	Feedforward Delay compo	66. 3	
Positioning	Determination method		64. 0
completion	Detection	Range	68. 0
		Speed	69. 0
		Command input	70.0
	Detection delay time	71.0	
Internal position	Operation mode		642. 0
	Overflow detection		643. 0
	Point table	Point No. output method	644. 0
		Operation of point No. 0	646. 3
		Command method	720.0~
		Operation conditions	720. 1~
		Valid or Invalid	720.3~
		Position	722.0~
		Rotation speed	724.0~
		Acceleration speed	726.0~
		Deceleration speed	727.0~
		Dwell time	728.0~
		Positioning completion	729.0~
Home position	Home position DOG rede	tection operation	645. 3
return	Moving direction		646. 0
	Sensor DOG polarity		646. 1
	Timeout limit	Switch	646. 2



		Time		659. 0	
	Torque limit	Switch		647. 0	
		Value		656. 0	
	Home position return Press detection time			655. 0	
	Creep switch	647. 1			
	Operation speed	648. 0			
	Creep speed			649. 0	
	Acceleration/deceleration	650. 0			
	Home position travel dista	Home position travel distance			
	Home position data			653. 0	
	Home position return Pha	se Z invalidation dis	stance	657. 0	
	Selection of home position	n base signal		645. 0	
	Selection of encoder phase	se Z		645. 1	
Analog speed	Offset	Adjustment		62. 2	
		Value		60. 0	
	Rotation direction			62.0	
	Input filter	Switch		62. 1	
		Numerator		48. 0	
		Denominator		49. 0	
	Input gain	Numerator		50. 0	
		Denominator		51. 0	
	Speed limit	ccw	Numerator	52. 0	
			Denominator	53. 0	
		cw	Numerator	54. 0	
			Denominator	55. 0	
	Smoothing filter	Switch		77. 0	
		Average travel tin	78. 0		
Internal speed	Command method			388. 0	
	Acceleration time			390. 0	
	Deceleration time			391. 0	
	Speed 1 to 8			392. 0~	
Analog torque	Speed 1 to 8 Offset	Adjustment		392. 0~ 302. 2	
Analog torque	<u> </u>	Adjustment Value			
Analog torque	<u> </u>			302. 2	
Analog torque	Offset			302. 2 300. 0	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction	Value		302. 2 300. 0 302. 0	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction	Value		302. 2 300. 0 302. 0 302. 1	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction	Value Switch Numerator		302. 2 300. 0 302. 0 302. 1 288. 0	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction Input filter	Switch Numerator Denominator		302. 2 300. 0 302. 0 302. 1 288. 0 289. 0	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction Input filter	Switch Numerator Denominator Numerator	Numerator	302. 2 300. 0 302. 0 302. 1 288. 0 289. 0	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction Input filter Input filter	Switch Numerator Denominator Numerator Denominator	Numerator Denominator	302. 2 300. 0 302. 0 302. 1 288. 0 289. 0 290. 0	
Analog torque	Offset Rotation direction Input filter Input filter	Switch Numerator Denominator Numerator Denominator		302. 2 300. 0 302. 0 302. 1 288. 0 289. 0 290. 0 291. 0	



Speed limit	152. 0

Table 6.1.2 Parameter list

No	Parameter	Contents	Whether to
			restart control
			power supply
002.0r	[Basic setting]	Control mode selection.	Yes
	Control mode	Note) Do not change when servo is ON.	
		0= Position control mode	
		1= Speed control mode	
		2= Torque control mode	
		[Initial value] 0 (Position control mode)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	
003.0r	[Basic setting]	Command mode selection	Yes
	Command mode	0= Zero command (select in position control/ speed control mode)	
	selection	1= Pulse command (Used in position control)	
		2= Analog command (Used in speed control)	
		3= Internal generation command (Used in speed control)	
		[Initial value] 1 (Pulse train command)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 3	
004.0r	[Basic setting]	Set the communication address of servo drive.	Yes
	Communication	Set to "1" when not using RS-485 multi-station communication. If using multi-station	
	address	communication, refer to 「RS-485 communication wiring 」. Setting different values for	
		each axis.	
		[Initial value] 1	
		[Setting range] 1 to 32	
0.800	[Basic setting]	Select host communication mode.	No
	Selection of host	0= Disable	
	communication	1= RS-485 asynchronous serial communication	
	mode	When connecting RS-485 signal cable and using RS-485 asynchronous serial	
		communication, select to "1". If not, select to "0".	
		If the USB is irrelevant to this setting, it can communicate anytime.	
		[Initial value] 0 (Disable)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
009.0	[Basic setting]	Select the operation mode.	No
	Operation mode	0=I/O	
	selection	1=Communication	
		[Initial value] 0(I/O)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
011.0	[Basic setting]	Set the minimum response time for RS485 communication	Yes
	RS485	The response time of drive can be adjusted according to the minimum response time.	
	communication	For details, refer to [Communication time] of [Communication interface].	
	minimum	[Initial value] 3	



	response time	[Setting range] 0 to 255	
032.0r	[Basic setting]	Select pulse signal type of pulse command input.	Yes
	Pulse train	0= Pulse and direction: using pulse and direction input	
	command	1= Orthogonal phase difference: using orthogonal phase pulse (A-phase/B-phase)	
	input mode	input	
		2= CCW/CW: using positive pulse and negative pulse	
		[Initial value] 0 (Pulse/direction)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	
032.1r	[Basic setting]	Select rotation direction of pulse command input	
032.11	Pulse train	0: CCW addition counting	Yes
	command		
	Rotation direction	1: CCW subtraction counting [Initial value] 1 (CCW addition counting)	
	Rotation direction		
000.0-	(Dania antiina)	[Setting range] 0 or 1	V
032.2r	[Basic setting]	When setting command division/ multiplication, the command will be processed by	Yes
	With(out) use of	smoothing interpolation automatically.	
	automatic	0= Disable	
	command	1= Enable	
	interpolation for	[Initial setting] 1 (Enable)	
	division/	[Setting range] 0 or 1	
	multiplication		Maria
032.3	[Basic setting]	Select the logic for pulse train input.	Yes
	Selection of Pulse	0= Positive logic : Up counting from Low to High	
	train input logic	1= Negative logic: Downing counting from High to Low	
		[Initial setting] 0 (Positive logic)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	Maria
033.0r	[Basic setting]	The function of input filter is to reduce the fault caused by noise. Select the pulse width	Yes
	Pulse command	of passing pulse command input.	
	input filter	0= No filter	
	selection	1= Pulse width 25ns When pulse command is open collector	
		2= Pulse width 50ns circuit, it is recommended to set the best	
		3= Pulse width 100ns filter. The following table indicates the	
		4= Pulse width 150ns corresponding filter optimum value between	
		5= Pulse width 200ns input pulse frequency and pulse duty ratio.	
		6= Pulse width 300ns Select the best value according to input pulse	
		7= Pulse width 400ns frequency and pulse duty ratio.	
		8= Pulse width 600ns	
		9= Pulse width 800ns	
		10= Pulse width	
		1000ns	
		11= Pulse width 1200ns	
		12= Pulse width 1600ns	
		13= Pulse width 2000ns	
		14= Pulse width 2300ns	
		15= Pulse width 3100ns	



		±1 ±2				
		When the input frequency	is high, please set the sr	mall passing pulse width.	To improve	
		interference immunity, ple	ease set the large passing	pulse width.		
		[Initial setting] 4 (Passing	pulse width is 150ns or le	ess)		
		[Setting range] 0 to 15				
034.0r	[Basic setting]	Set the parameters of pos	sition command pulse div	ision/ multiplication.		
/ 036.0r	Division/	When the number of upper	er command pulse and m	otor pulse per revolution i	s different,	Yes
	multiplication	calculate in terms of [(Nu	merator) / (Denominator)	=(Number of pulse per se	ervo motor	
	(Numerator /	revolution) / (Number of h	nost command pulse per i	revolution)		
	Denominator)	[Setting example]				
		The number of pulse per	motor revolution is 13107	'2[pulse/rev]. Numerator of	can be set	
		32768 by a quarter of 131	1072. Denominator can	be set by a quarter of the	number of	
		upper command per revo	lution. The corresponding	parameter setting of the	number of	
		upper command pulse pe	r revolution is as follows.			
		Number of host	Command division/	Command division/		
		command per	multiplication	multiplication		
		revolution	(Numerator)	(Denominator)		
		131072	1000(Initial value)	1000(Initial value)		
		16384	32768	4096		
		10000	32768	2500		
		4096	32768	1024		
		4000	32768	1000		
		[Initial value] (Numerator	/ Denominator) =1000/10	000	J	
		[Setting range] (Numerate	or) 1 to 65535, (Denomina	ator) 1 to 65535.		
		Setting range of Division/	multiplication ratio is from	n 0.001 to 1000.Normal o	peration is	
		not guaranteed while divi-	sion/ multiplication ratio is	s beyond setting range.		
048.0 /	[Adjustment]	Low-pass filter parameter	for smoothing analog sp	eed command input.		No
049.0	Analog command	It is valid when input filter	selection (No.062.1) is s	et "1",.		
	input	Parameter decrease→Sn	noothing effect becomes	stronger, command traces	ability	
	Filter parameter	reduces.				
	(Numerator /	Parameter increase → cor	nmand traceability increa	ses,, susceptible to inte	rference	
	Denominator)	(Numerator / Denominato	or) the value must be less	s than 1.		
		(Numerator / Denominato	or) =1, filter invalid			
		[Initial setting] (Numerato	r / Denominator)= 16000	/65535		
		[Setting range] 0~65535	/1~65535			
050.0 /	[Adjustment]	Gain of analog speed cor	mmand input.			No
051.0	Analog command	When (Numerator) / (Den	nominator)=1 and \pm 10V	analog command voltage	is input,	
	input	the highest rotation speed	d of motor can be reached	d.		
	Gain	**As for the highest rotat	ion speed of motor, refer	to 「Basic specification」		
	(Numerator /	According to different cho	ice of symbol and polarit	y for analog command vol	Itage, the	
	Denominator)	rotation direction of motor	r is different.			
		Decreasing this value has	s the effect of decreasing	proportional gain of positi	ion loop at	



		upper controller.	
		[Initial setting] (Numerator / Denominator)=1000/1000	
		[Setting range] 0~65535/1~65535	
052.0 /	[Basic setting]	Analog speed command CCW speed limit threshold value.	No
053.0	Analog speed	Analog command CCW speed limit = (the highest speed of motor) * (threshold	
	command CCW	value(numerator))/ (threshold value(denominator))	
	speed limit	[initial setting] (Numerator / Denominator)=5000/5000	
	threshold value	[Setting range] 0~65535/1~65535	
	(Numerator /		
	Denominator)		
054.0 /	[Adjustment]	Analog speed command CW speed limit threshold value.	No
055.0	Analog speed	Analog command CW speed limits = (the highest speed of motor) * (threshold	
	command CW	value(numerator))/ (threshold value(denominator))	
	speed limit	[initial setting] (Numerator / Denominator)=5000/5000	
	threshold value	[Setting range] 0~65535/1~65535	
	(Numerator /		
	Denominator)		
060.0	[Basic setting]	When using manual adjustment to adjust offset value of analog speed command, set	No
	Analog speed	the adjustment value. It's valid when the offset adjustment is selected to "1= manual	
	command	adjustment". Adjust the corresponding analog speed command input to 0r/min at the	
	fixed offset value	0V input voltage.	
		<setting method="">.</setting>	
		Servo ON (motor will rotate if offset exists)	
		2. When rotating at the speed of \pm 10r/min or less, set the value to \pm 50 to confirm	
		the operation.	
		(CCW direction, set to 「-50」; CW direction, set to 「+50」.	
		Set the offset value while observing the motor operation. (If rotate at CCW direction,	
		setting values change in response to 「-direction」. If rotate at CW direction, setting	
		values change in response to [+direction].	
		[Initial value] 0	
		[Setting range] -32768/32768	
062.0	[Basic setting]		No
002.0		Select rotation direction of analog speed command.	NO
		0=Inputting negative voltage, the motor has CCW rotation; Inputting positive voltage,	
	command rotation	the motor has CW rotation.	
	direction	1= Inputting positive voltage, the motor has CCW rotation; Inputting negative voltage,	
		the motor has CW rotation.	
		[Initial value] 1 (Inputting positive voltage, the motor has CCW rotation)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
062.1	[Basic setting]	Select analog speed command input filter.	No
	Select analog	Input filter constant can be set in No.048.0, No.049.0.	
	speed command	0= Disable	
	input filter	1=Enable (one IIR filter)	
		[Initial value] 1 (Enable)	
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062.2	[Basic setting]	Select offset adjustment of analog speed command.	No
	Select offset	0=Auto tuning	
	adjustment type of	1=Manual tuning	
	analog speed	Auto tuning works under the voltage which corresponds to 0r/min of speed command	
	command	while servo ON.	
		Manual tuning means input offset manually to make sure input voltage 0Vcorresponds	
		to speed command 0r/min Offset value can be adjusted by parameter No.60.0(fixed	
		offset value).	
		[Initial value] 1 (manual tuning)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
064.0	[Basic setting]	Select the output form of positioning completion signal.	No
	Judgment of	0=Position difference + speed	
	positioning	1=Position difference+ speed+ pulse command input(speed)	
	completion	When selecting 0, after the position difference is in the positioning completion range	
		No.68.0 and speed is in the range of positioning completion speed No.69.0,,	
		positioning completion signal will be output.	
		When selecting 1, after the position difference, speed and pulse command	
		input(speed) are all in the range of positioning completion range No.68.0 ,	
		positioning completion speed No.69.0 and positioning pulse train command	
		input(speed) No.70.0 respectively, positioning completion signal will be output.	
		The delay time from positioning completion to output positioning completion signal can	
		be set in No.71.0.	
		[Initial setting] 0	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
065.0	[Special setting]	Select whether to use position difference error detection. Usually set value to "1".	No
	With or without	(Enable)	
	use of position	Only when suing torque command limit, set to "0". Set the position deviation value of	
	difference error	error detection by No.87.0 and set the delay time from position error occurred to output	
	detection	stop by No.89.0.	
		0=Disable	
		1=Enable	
		[Initial value] 1 (Enable)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
065.1	[Special setting]	Select whether to use speed deviation error detection. Usually set value is	No
	With(out) use of	"1".(Enable)	100
	speed deviation	Only when suing torque command limit, set "0". Set the speed deviation value of error	
	error detection	detection by No.90.0 and set delay time from speed error occurred to output stop by	
		No.91.0.	
		0= Disable	
		1=Enable	
		[Initial value] 1 (Enable)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
066.0r and	[Adjustment]	Select position command smoothing filter1 (No.66.0) and position command	Yes
U00.UF and			
DEE Or and	[Adjuetment]	Select position command smoothing filter1 (No.66.0) and position command	Yes



		L 4 - 2 · · · · ·	
	position command	0=Disable	
	smoothing filter 1	1=Enable	
	and position	Command will be smooth as shown below after using a smoothing filter.	
	command filter 2	[
		Speed command S-shaped corner formed after smoothing.	
		Before smoothing After smoothing	
		[Adjustment method]	
		Used when command acceleration or deceleration are too fast.	
		Used to suppress device resonance when positioning. Measuring the resonant	
		frequency in torque command curve and setting a corresponding average movement	
		number in position command smoothing filter1 moving average time No,80 or position	
		command smoothing filter2 average movement number No.81, may inhibit	
		resonance. The relation between resonant frequency and average movement	
		number is stated under parameter specification of No.80 and No,81.	
		[Notes] This parameter can be set after more than 1.5s when the command pulse input	
		is 0. And the servo must be off while setting. If there is pulse input or residual pulse	
		setting, position difference will occur.	
		[Initial setting] Command smoothing filter 1 is '0". (Not used)	
		Command smoothing filter 2 is '1".(Used)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
066.3	[Special setting]	Enable/Disable Feed forward delay compensation in position control mode.	Yes
	With(out) the Feed	0=Disable	
	forward delay	1= Enable	
	compensation in	<note> Generally set to "1". Do not make the changes and cannot be done on setting</note>	
	position control	panel.	
	mode	[Initial setting] 1 (Enable)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
067.0r	[Adjustment]	Select the drive restriction options	Yes
	Selection of drive	Note) Do not modify the parameter while the servo is ON.	
	restriction options	0=Invalid	
		1=CW restriction.	
		2=CCW restriction.	
		3= CW/CCW restriction.	
		[Initial setting] 0 (Invalid)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 3	
067.1	[Basic setting]	Select deceleration method at drive restriction input.	No
	Selection of	Note) Do not modify the parameter while the servo is ON.	
	deceleration	When using deceleration method No.67.1 and stopping method No.67.2, please follow	
067.0r	With(out) the Feed forward delay compensation in position control mode [Adjustment] Selection of drive restriction options [Basic setting] Selection of	[Setting range] 0 or 1 Enable/Disable Feed forward delay compensation in position control mode. 0=Disable 1= Enable <note> Generally set to "1". Do not make the changes and cannot be done on setting panel. [Initial setting] 1 (Enable) [Setting range] 0 or 1 Select the drive restriction options Note) Do not modify the parameter while the servo is ON. 0=Invalid 1=CW restriction. 2=CCW restriction. [Initial setting] 0 (Invalid) [Setting range] 0 to 3 Select deceleration method at drive restriction input. Note) Do not modify the parameter while the servo is ON.</note>	Yes



	method at drive	the following o	ombination methods.			
	restriction input	0=Free-run	0=Free-run			
		1=Short brake	1=Short brake			
		2= Prompt sto	2= Prompt stop			
		Combin	Deceleration method	Stopping method		
		ation	No.67.1	No.67.2		
		1	0: Free-run	0: Free-run		
		2	1: Short brake	0; Free-run		
		3	2: Prompt stop	1: zero clamp		
		4	2: Prompt stop	0: Free-run		
		[Initial setting]	1			
		[Setting range]] 0 to 2			
067.2	[Basic setting]	Select stop sta	atus at drive restriction.			No
	Selection of stop	Note) Do not r	nodify the parameter while the	servo is ON.		
	status at drive	When using de	eceleration method No.67.1 and	d stopping method No.67.2,	please follow	
	restriction	the above com	bination methods.			
		0= Free-run				
		1= zero clamp				
		[Initial setting]	1			
		[Setting range]] 0 or 1			
067.3	[Basic setting]	Select position	difference counter status at dr	ive restriction		No
	Selection of	Note) Do not r	nodify the parameter while the	servo is ON.		
	position difference	0= Keep				
	counter status at	1=Clear				
	drive restriction	[Initial setting]	1			
		[Setting range]] 0 or 1			
068.0	[Basic setting]	As the referen	nce of outputting positioning co	ompletion signal to upper c	ontroller, this	No
	Positioning	parameter is the	ne pulse width for judging positi	oning completion.		
	completion range	The setting va	lue should be less than the nu	mber of positioning judge p	ulse of upper	
		controller.				
		[Initial value] 4	0[Pulse] (±40[pulse])			
		[Setting range]] 0 to 32767			
		Position Position	ioning completion range	Time		
069.0	[Basic setting]	As the referen	nce of outputting positioning co	ompletion signal to upper c	ontroller, this	No



	Positioning	parameter is the speed limit for judging positioning completion.	
	completion speed	The setting value should be less than the number of speed limit of upper controller.	
		[Initial value]	
		750W or less: 2 [pulse/160 μ s] (±2 [pulse/160 μ s] · · · 5.72[r/min]	
		1kW or more : 2 [pulse/200 μ s] (±2 [pulse/200 μ s]) · · · 4.58[r/min]	
		[Setting range] 0 to 32767	
		Speed Positioning completion speed Time	
070.0	[Basic setting]	As the reference of outputting positioning completion signal to upper controller, this	No
	Positioning	parameter is the pulse command input(speed) for judging positioning completion	
	completion pulse	[Initial setting]	
	command input	750W or less: 0 [pulse/160 μ s] (±0 [pulse/160 μ s])	
	(speed)	1kW or more: 0 [pulse/200 μ s] (±0 [pulse/200 μ s])	
		[Setting range] 0 to 32767	
		Pulse command (speed) Positioning completion pulse train command input (speed)	
071.0	[Basic setting]	Select the delay time from positioning completion to output signal to upper controller.	No
	Delay time of	[Initial value]	
	positioning	750W or less: 20 [160 μ s] • • • 3.2ms	
	completion	1kW or more: 16 [200 μ s] · · · 3.2ms	
	detection	[Setting range] 0 to 65000	
		Positioning completion range Time Delay time of positioning completion	
077.0	[Adjustment]	Choose whether to use speed command smoothing filter. The average movement time	No
	With(out) the use	can be set in No.78.0.	
	of speed	0=Disable	
	command	1=Enable	
	smoothing filter	[Initial value] 0	



		[Setting range] 0 or 1				
078.0	[Adjustment]	Set the average movement time of speed command smoothing filter.	No			
	Average	It can be used when No.77.0 is effective.				
	movement time of	[Initial value] 100 [ms]				
	speed command	[Setting range] 1 to 1000				
	smoothing filter					
080.0r and	[Adjustment]	Set the position command smoothing filter 1 to "1(Used)" in No.66.0 to make No.80.0	Yes			
081.0r	Average	valid.				
	movement	Set the position command smoothing filter 2 to "1(Used)" in No.66.1 to make No.81.0				
	number of position	valid.				
	command	When the setting value of average movement number increases, the acceleration/				
	smoothing filter 1	deceleration will be smooth, but the response will be slow.				
	and average	Setting filter 1, the average movement number can be set between 1 and 6250; setting				
	movement	filter 2, the average movement number can be set between 1 and 1250.				
	number of position	The average movement time can be represented by the following formula.				
	command	200~750W: (average movement time)=(average movement number) ×0.16ms				
	smoothing filter 2	1k~2kW: (average movement time)=(average movement number) ×0.2ms				
		[Adjustment method]				
		Smoothing will make positioning time longer in response to above average				
		movement time. Please have settings within the permissible range				
		When resonant occurs at constant move after acceleration or positioning after				
		deceleration, measuring the resonant frequency in torque command curve and setting				
		a corresponding average movement number in position command smoothing filter1				
		moving average time No,80 or position command smoothing filter2 average				
		movement number No.81, may inhibit resonance. The calculation of average				
		movement number and its corresponding suppressed resonance frequency is shown				
		below.				
		750W or less: Setting value of smoothing filter=6250/(suppressed vibration				
		frequency[Hz])				
		1kW or more: Setting value of smoothing filter=5000/(suppressed vibration				
		frequency[Hz])				
		Average movement number No.080.0, 64 256 1024 4096				
		No.081.0				
		750W or less: suppressed vibration 100 23 6 1.5				
		frequency(Hz)				
		1kW or more: suppressed vibration 80 20 5 1.2				
		frequency(Hz)				
		• The vibration caused by gain FF compensation 2 can be suppressed by position				
		command smoothing filter 2.				
		When using gain FF compensation 2 No.117.0, vibration can be reduced by using the				
		average movement number of position command smoothing filter 1 and filter 2.				
		[Notes] This parameter can be set when the command pulse input is "0" for more				
		than 1.5s and there is no command pulse input. If possible, it is recommended to turn				
		off the servo. If you set the parameter when there is pulse input or residual pulse,				



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		position shift will occur.	
		[Initial value] Filter 1: 25 for 200~750W, 20 for 1k~2kW	
		Filter 2: 10 for 200~750W, 10 for 1k~2kW	
		[Setting range] 1 to 6250 for filter 1, 1 to 1250 for filter 2.	
087.0	[Special setting]	When set No.65.0 to "1(enable)", it is valid to detect the position deviation errors.	No
	Position deviation	Normally it's effective.	
	error detection	When the position deviation exceeds the setting value, the output position deviation	
	value	errors occur.	
		It is more difficult to detect the position deviation if the value is greater.	
		[Initial value] 196608[pulse] (※Equivalent to the number of 1.5 turns pulse)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2147483647.	
089.0	[Special setting]	When set No.65.0 to "1(enable)", it is valid to detect the position deviation errors.	No
009.0			NO
	Delay time of	The time is from exceeding setting value Position deviation error detection value	
	position deviation	to outputting position deviation error signal.	
	error detection	It takes longer from error occurred to error output when the value is greater.	
		[Initial value]	
		200~750W: 250 [160 μs]··· 40ms	
		1k~2kW: 200 [200 µs] · · · 40ms	
		[Setting range] 0~32767	
090.0	[Basic setting]	When set No.65.1 to "1(enable)", it is valid to detect the speed deviation errors.	No
	Speed deviation	Normally it's effective. When the speed deviation exceeds setting detection value,	
	error detection	speed deviation error occurs.	
	value	It is more difficult to detect speed deviation error if the value is greater.	
		[Initial value] 200~750W: 524[pulse/160 μ s] · · · 1499[r/min]	
		1k~2kW: 655[pulse/200 μs] · · · 11499[r/min]	
		[Setting range] 0 to 32767	
091.0	[Special setting]	When set No.65.1 to "1(enable)", it is valid to detect the speed deviation error.	No
	Delay time of	Normally it is effective.	
	speed deviation	The time is from exceeding setting value 「Speed deviation error detection value」 to	
	error detection	output speed deviation error signal.	
		It takes longer from error occurred to error output stopped when the value is greater.	
		[Initial value] 200~750W: 250 [160 µ s] · · · 40ms	
		1k~2kW: 200 [200 µs] · · · 40ms	
		[Setting range] 0 to 32767	
102.0	[Adjustment]	Set Inertia ratio by the device load .	No
	Inertia ratio	[Initial value] 250 [%]	
		[Setting range] 100 to 3000	
103.0	[Adjustment]	Set Damping ratio on the device side. When the friction and inertia ratio is very big, the	No
	Damping ratio	change of damping ratio value may shorten the setting time.	1.12
		[Initial setting] 100 [%]	
		[Setting range] 10 to 5000	
110.0	[Adjustment]		No
110.0	[Adjustment]	Setting of auto tuning mode.	NO
	With or without the	If the movement direction of machine connected to the motor is horizontal, select	
	use of estimated	"standard mode". If vertical, select "Unbalanced mode".	



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	inertia ratio	1=Standard mode	
		1=Unbalanced mode	
		[Initial value] 1 (Standard mode)	
		[Setting range] 1 to 2	
110.1	[Adjustment]	Select whether to use real-time auto tuning.	No
	With(out) the use	0 = Disable	
	of real-time auto	1 = Enable and Apply Inertia ratio	
	tuning	2 = Enable and Apply Inertia ratio and Dumping ratio	
		[Initial value] 0 (Disable)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	
113.0	[Adjustment]	Set the control gain level in position control mode. If traceability to command is slow or	No
	Control gain level	rigidity of drive system is low, set a lower value; If traceability to command is rapid or	
	(position control)	rigidity of drive system is high, set a higher value.	
		When setting this parameter, No. 115.0~119.0 will be set automatically and No.114.0	
		becomes invalid.	
		[Initial value] 15	
		[Setting range] 5 to 45	
113.1	[Adjustment]	Set the inertia condition of position control mode.	No
	Inertia condition	0= Can interchange with F/W version of 2.0.4.0 or prior	
		1= For the device of heavy load and low rigidity, or large load changes	
		2= Standard setting	
		3= For the device of light load and CW/CCW frequently	
		[Initial value] 2 (Standard)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 3	
114.0	[Adjustment]	Set control level of position control mode. If traceability to command is slow or rigidity	No
	Control level	of drive system is low, set the lower value; If traceability to command is rapid or rigidity	
	(position control)	of drive system is high, set the higher value.	
	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	When setting this parameter, No. 115.0, No.116.0 will be set automatically and	
		No.113.0 becomes invalid.	
		When the inertia condition No.113.1 is set to "0"(servo drive version 2.0.4.0 or prior),	
		the setting range is from 1 to 46.	
		[Initial value] 15	
		[Setting range] 5 to 45	
115.0	[Adjustment]	Set the Control gain 1 at position control mode. Higher setting value can shorten the	No
	Control gain 1	setting time. Set the Control gain 2 as the following values.	1.10
	(position control)	[Initial value] 50 [rad/s]	
	(200.000)	[Setting range] 5 to 1000	
116.0	[Adjustment]	Set the Control gain 2 at position control mode. Higher setting value can improve the	No
	Control gain 2	traceability to the command. Too high setting value can cause overshoot and vibration.	''•
	(position control)	When No.113.0 control gain level or No.114.0 control level is adjusted to set	
	(position control)	automatically, sometimes the setting values will exceed the setting range.	
		[Initial value] 200[rad/s]	
		[Setting range] 80 to 5000	
117.0	[Adjustment]		No
117.0	[Adjustment]	Set feed forward compensation ratio (speed) of the Control gain 1 in position control	No



	Gain FF	mode. After confirming inertia ratio, adjusting this parameter will shorten the setting	
	compensation 1	time. Too high setting value will lead to overshoot. And too low setting value will make	
	(position control)	setting time longer.	
		[Initial value] 10000[0.01%]	
		[Setting range] 0 to 15000	
118.0	[Adjustment]	Set feed forward compensation ratio (torque) of the control gain 2 in position control	No
	Gain FF	mode. It is suitable to adjust this parameter when it requires small following error and	
	compensation 2	precise trajectory. After Gain FF compensation 1 shortens setting time, please	
	(position control)	increase this parameter value. If vibration occurs, adjusting No.81.0 position command	
		smoothing filter 2 average movement times may suppress the vibration.	
		[Initial setting] 0 [0.01%]	
		[Setting range] 0 to 15000	
119.0	[Adjustment]	Setting integral gain in position control mode can suppress external interference.	No
	Integral gain	When the setting value is higher, the position deviation convergence of positioning	
	(position control)	setting will become fast. But if setting value is too high, vibration will occur.	
		When No.113.0 control gain level or No.114.0 control level is adjusted to set	
		automatically, sometimes the setting values will exceed the setting range.	
		[Initial value] 160[rad/s]	
		[Setting range] 45 to 5000	
129.0	[Adjustment]	Select control gain level in speed control mode. If traceability to command is slow or	No
	Control gain level	rigidity of drive system is low, set the lower value; If traceability to command is rapid or	
	(speed control)	rigidity of drive system is high, set the higher value.	
		When setting this parameter, No. 131.0~133.0 will be set automatically and No.130.0	
		becomes invalid.	
		[Initial value] 15	
		[Setting range] 1 to 46	
130.0	[Adjustment]	Select control level in speed control mode. If traceability to command is slow or rigidity	No
	Control level	of drive system is low, set the lower value; If traceability to command is rapid or rigidity	
	(speed control)	of drive system is high, set the higher value.	
		When setting this parameter, No. 131.0 will be set automatically and No.129.0	
		becomes invalid.	
		[Initial value] 15	
		[Setting range] 1 to 46	
131.0	[Adjustment]	Set the control gain in speed control mode.	No
	Control gain 1	It corresponds to proportional gain of speed control loop.	
	(speed control)	[Initial value] 399[rad/s]	
		[Setting range] 100 to 6000	
132.0	[Adjustment]	Set feed forward compensation in speed control mode. The higher the setting value,	No
	Gain FF	the better the traceability to command. But Too high setting value may lead to	
	compensation 1	overshoot or vibration	
	(speed control)	[Initial value] 0 [0.01%]	
		[Setting range] 0 to 15000	
133.0	[Adjustment]	Select integral gain in speed control mode.	No
	Integral	The higher the setting value, the smaller the speed change caused by external	



	gain(speed	disturbance.		
	control)	[Initial value] 300[rad/s]		
		[Setting range] 45 to 5000		
144.0	[Basic setting]	Select torque command limit value in No.147.0, No.148.0	No	
144.0	With or without the	Confirm the following items when using torque limit.	140	
	use of torque			
	command limit	① 「No.65.0 Selection of Position deviation error detection」, please set it to		
	override	"0=Disable"		
	ovomao			
		② 「No.65.1 Selection of Speed deviation error detection」, please set it to "0=		
		Disable"		
		When the command deviation value is small, even though the torque limit is set to be		
		valid, it will be OK to set ① or ② to "1(enable)".		
		0= Disable		
		1= Enable		
		[Initial setting] 0 (Disable)		
		[Setting range] 0 or 1		
144.1	[Basic setting]	Select the output condition for torque limit.	No	
	Torque limit state	0= All conditions		
	output mode	(Torque is limited by torque command limit value 1 (No.147.0), max. torque limit value		
		of motor and torque limit value of home position return (No. 656.0), not limited by		
		speed in torque control mode)		
		1= Torque command limit Override 1 (No.147.0) or 2 (No.148.0)		
		2= Torque command limit Override 2 (No.148.0)		
		[Initial setting] 0 (All conditions)		
		[Setting range] 0 to 2		
147.0	[Basic setting]	It is valid when No.144.0 torque command limit override is set to "1(enable)".	No	
148.0	Torque command	Set torque command limit override relative to rated torque ratio.		
	limit override 1, 2	Tow torque limits could be set.		
		[Initial value] 3000[0.1%] for torque limit 1; 2000[0.1%] for torque limit 2		
		[Setting range] 0 to 65535		
151.0	[Basic setting]	Set the torque command limit override relative to rated torque, if the stop type in	No	
	Torque command	No.224.0 is set to "2=prompt stop" when servo is OFF.		
	limit override at			
	prompt stop	[Initial value] 5000[0.1 $\%$] (When set 3000 or more, the limit value of max. torque		
		command is 300%. If the setting value is bigger than 1000, overload error will occur		
		according to overload characteristics specified time.		
		[Setting range] 0 to 65535		
152.0	[Basic setting]	Set Speed limit value of analog torque control mode.	No	
	Analog torque	[Initial value] Max. speed of the motor		
	command speed	[Setting range] 0 to 10000		
(I				
	limit value			



	Selection of torque	0=No filter	
	command	1= Preliminary IIR filter	
	low-pass filter	[Initial value] 1 (Preliminary IIR filter)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
160.1	[Adjustment]	Whether the notch filter is used to set the torque command.	No
	Torque command	0=Disable	
	Selection of	1=Enable	
	whether to use	[Initial value] 0 (Disable)	
	notch filter	[Setting range] 0 or 1	
160.2	[Adjustment]	Select whether to use the auto setting for torque command low-pass filter in control	No
	Auto setting	gain level (No. 113 and No. 129).	
	ON/OFF for	0 = Auto setting OFF	
	Torque command	1 = Auto setting ON	
	Low-pass filter	[Initial value] 1 (Auto setting ON)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
162.0	[Adjustment]	Set the torque command preliminary filter time constant for Low-pass filter	No
	Torque command	[Initial value] 20 [0.01ms]	
	preliminary filter	[Setting range] 0 to 65535	
	time constant for		
	Low-pass filter		
168.0	[Adjustment]	Set Notch filter notch frequency of Torque command	No
	Torque command	[Initial value] 5000[Hz]	
	notch filter	[Setting range] 0 to 5000	
	frequency		
169.0	[Adjustment]	Set notch filter width of torque command.	No
	Torque command	Set the ratio relative to a frequency band with 0 notch depth and -3[dB] attenuation	
	Notch filter width	rate. The larger the value, the greater the width of the notch	
		[Initial value] 8	
		[Setting range] 0 to 16	
170.0	[Adjustment]	Set the notch depth at the notch frequency of torque command notch filter,	No
	Torque command	Set the I/O ratio of notch frequency. When the setting value is 0, the notch frequency	
	Notch filter depth	input is completely cut off. When the setting value is 256, the notch frequency input is	
		completely through. The notch depth becomes shallow when the value is bigger.	
		[Initial value] 0	
		[Setting range] 0 to 256	
224.0	[Basic setting]	Select the deceleration stop type when the alarm occurs or servo ON signal is off in	No
	Type selection	motor revolution.	
	deceleration stop	0=No brake	
	at servo OFF	1=Short brake mode	
		2= Prompt stop	
		[Initial value] 1 (Short brake mode)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	
224.1	[Basic setting]	Select cancellation reasons for deceleration stop at servo OFF	No
	Deceleration stop	0 = Operating time	
	Deceleration stop	o - operating time	



	at Servo off:	1 = Rotations of cancelation or operating time	
	cancelation	[Initial value] 1 (Rotations of cancelation or operating time)	
	reasons	[Setting range] 0 or 1	
224.2	[Basic setting]	Enable/Disable Deceleration Stop when the voltage from a control power supply drops	No
	Use of a	by No. 228.0.	
	deceleration stop	0 = Disable	
	in case of control	1 = Enable	
	power supply	[Initial value] 1 (Enable)	
	voltage drop	[Setting range] 0 or 1	
226.0	[Basic setting]	Set the operating time for deceleration stop at servo OFF.	No
	Deceleration stop :	(If "0(No brake)" is set to No.224, this parameter is invalid.)	
	operating time at	[Initial value] 200W~750W: 313 [160 µ s] • • • 50ms,	
	servo off	1 kW~2kW: 250 [200 μs] · · · 50ms	
		[Setting range] 0 to 16383	
227.0	[Basic setting]	Set the cancellation speed of deceleration stop at servo OFF. It sets the speed of	No
	Cancellation	brake OFF cancellation.	
	speed of	(If "0(No brake)" is set to No.224.0 and "0(Operation time)" set to No.224.1, this	
	deceleration stop	parameter is invalid.)	
	and brake	[Initial value] 200W~750W: 17[pulse/160 µ s] • • • 50r/min,	
	cancellation OFF	1 kW~2kW: 22[pulse/200 µ s] · · · 50r/min	
	at servo OFF.	[Setting range] 0 to 32767	
228.0	[Basic setting]	Set the operating time of deceleration stop at control power supply voltage drop in	No
	Operating time of	motor rotation.	
	deceleration stop	[Initial value] 62 [160µs] • • • 10ms	
	at control power	[Setting range] 0 to 16383 [ms]	
	supply voltage		
	drop		
237.0	[Basic setting]	Set the delay time between getting the input signal of Servo OFF and motor excitation	No
	Delay time at	OFF.	
	servo OFF	(The disconnection of COM2 and SVON terminal indicates the servo ON input signal	
		is OFF.)	
		[Initial value] 200W~750W: 0[160 µs] · · · 0ms,	
		1 kW~2kW: 0[200 µ s] · · · 0ms	
		[Setting range] 0 to 3125	
238.0	[Basic setting]	Set the delay time from motor excitation start to brake release output signal (MBRK)	No
	Delay time of	ON. (The connection of COM2 and SVON terminal indicates the brake release output	
	brake release	signal is ON.)	
		[Initial value] 200W~750W: 25[pulse/160 µ s],	
		1 kW~2kW: 20[pulse/200 μ s]	
		[Setting range] 0 to 3125	
257.0	[Basic setting]	Select an option for Absolute system or Incremental system.	Yes
	Selection of an	0 = Incremental system	
	encoder system	1 = Absolute system (multi-rotation counter overflow detection disabled)	
		2 = Absolute system (multi-rotation counter overflow detection enabled)	



		[Initial value] 0 (Incremental system)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	
272.1r	[Basic setting]	Set the rotation direction of encoder output.	Yes
	Encoder output	0 = Down counting in the case of CCW rotation	
	rotation direction	1 = Up counting in the case of CCW rotation	
		[Initial value] 1 (Up counting in the case of CCW rotation)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
276.0r/	[Basic setting]	Set the division and multiplication of encoder pulse output.	Yes
278.0r	Division and	When the 1-roration pulse number of encoder and the motor is different, set it to	
	multiplication of	'Numerator / Denominator =1-roration pulse number of encoder/ 1-roration pulse	
	encoder pulse	number of motor.	
	output(Numerator	If the output Z-phase pulse width is narrow and the upper control device cannot	
	/ Denominator)	identify it correctly, we can reduce the division and multiplication ratio or speed to	
	,	increase the pulse width by encoder pulse output division and multiplication No. 276. 0	
		and 278. 0.	
		[Pulse width]= 1/ rotation speed (division/ multiplication ratio × 217)	
		[Initial value] (Numerator)/ (Denominator)=1000/8000	
		[Setting range] (Numerator) 1~65535; (Denominator)1~65535	
		Frequency division/multiplication could be set to 1/32768 to 1.	
		But it's necessary that [encoder resolution] × [Frequency division/multiplication] =	
		[multiples of 4] and output frequency must less than 4Mpps(Maximum value).	
288.0 /	[Adjustment]	This parameter is for the low-pass filter that smooths analog torque command input.	No
289.0	Analog torque	It's valid when No.302.1 =1(enable).	""
200.0	command input	When the value is small, the smoothing becomes stronger, but the traceability to	
	filter (Denominator	command drops.	
	/Numerator)	When the value is bigger, the traceability to command improves, but it is easy to be	
	/Numeratory	disturbed.	
		Numerator / Denominator cannot exceed "1".	
		If Numerator / Denominator=1, no filtering.	
		[Initial value] Numerator / Denominator= 16000/65535	
200 0 /	[Adicates and]	[Setting range] 0 to 65535/1 to 65535	No
290.0/	[Adjustment]	Set Analog torque command input gain.	No
291. 0	Analog torque	Input of Analog command voltage =-10V or +10V with (Numerator)/(Denominator)=1	
	command input	attains motor peaks torque.	
	gain (Denominator	Motor rotation direction differs according to the selection of analog command voltage	
	/Numerator)	symbols and characteristics.	
		*For the details of peaks torque, refer to [Basic specification].	
		[Initial value] (Numerator) / (Denominator) = 3100/3100 (Varies with different motor	
		models)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 65535/1 to 65535	
292. 0/	[Basic setting]	Set Analog torque command CCW torque limit Override	No
293. 0	Analog torque	Analog command CCW torque limit =motor peak torque × (Override	
	command CCW	(Numerator)/Override(Denominator))	
	torque limit	[Initial value] (Numerator) / (Denominator) = 3100/3100 (Varies with motor models)	



	Override	[Setting range] 0 to 65535/1 to 65535	
	(Denominator/		
	Numerator)		
294. 0/	[Basic setting]	Set Analog torque command CW torque limit Override	No
295. 0	Analog torque	Analog command CW torque limit =motor peak torque × (Override	
	command CW	(Numerator)/Override(Denominator))	
	torque limit	[Initial value] (Numerator) / (Denominator) = 3100/3100 (Varies with motor models)	
	Override	[Setting range] 0 to 65535/1 to 65535	
300.0	[Basic setting]	Set Analog torque command Fixed offset value.	No
	Analog torque	This parameter is valid when No.302.2 =1. If the input voltage is 0V, the state of analog	
	command Fixed	torque command input is 0%.	
	offset value	<setting method=""></setting>	
		Servo ON (The motor rotates automatically if offset deviation occurs)	
		Observe the torque command value, and set offset value.	
		[Initial value] 0	
		[Setting range] -32768 to 32767	
302. 0	[Basic setting]	Set Rotation direction of Analog torque command input.	No
	Analog torque	0 = CCW rotation by negative input voltage, CW rotation by Positive input voltage	
	command	1 = CCW rotation by positive input voltage, CW rotation by negative input voltage	
	Rotation direction	[Initial value] 1 (CCW rotation by positive input voltage)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
302. 1	[Basic setting]	Enable/Disable Input filter for Analog torque command. It can be done by No. 288. 0	No
	Analog torque	and No. 289. 0.	
	command Input	0 = Disable	
	filter option	1 = Enable	
		[Initial value] 1	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
302. 2	[Basic setting]	Select Offset adjustment method of Analog torque command.	No
	Analog torque	Auto tuning is that the input voltage can make the torque command 0% at servo ON.	
	command Offset	Manual tuning is to input offset value by manual to make torque command 0% at input	
	adjustment	voltage 0V. Offset value can be adjusted by No.300.0 (Analog torque command Fixed	
	method	offset value)	
		0 = Auto tuning	
		1 = Manual tuning	
		[Initial value] 1 (Manual tuning)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
385. 0	[Basic setting]	Set Acceleration time for the JOG operation	No
303. 0	JOG operation:	This parameter set a duration for the speed command to accelerate from 0 rpm to	140
	Acceleration time	1000rpm.	
	Acceleration time	[Initial value] 1000[ms]	
206 0	[Pagic cotting]	[Setting range] 0 to 60000[ms]	No
386. 0	[Basic setting]	Set Deceleration time for the JOG operation	No
	JOG operation:	This parameter set a duration for the speed command to accelerate from 1000 rpm to	
	Deceleration time	Orpm.	



		[Initial value] 1000[ms]						
		[Setting range] 0 to	60000[ms]					
387. 0	[Basic setting]	Set a target speed	of the JOG opera	ation.			No	
	JOG operation:	[Initial value] 300[r	/mi n]					
	Target speed	[Setting range] For	50W~100W: 0	\sim 6300[r/mi n]				
		For	200W~400W:	0~5000[r/mi n]				
		For	750W: 4500[r/m	ni n]				
		For	For 1kW~2kW: 0~3000[r/mi n]					
		Note) Alarm occurs	when it exceeds	max. speed. Do not	exceed the max.speed.			
388.0	[Basic setting]	It is valid when con	trol mode No.2.0	is set to "1=speed co	ntrol mode" and con	nmand	No	
	Selection of	mode selection No	.3.0 is set to "3=1	Internal generation co	mmand" . Select con	nmand		
	Internal speed	type of internal	speed comman	d. No.390.0 and I	No.391.0 are used t	to set		
	command type	acceleration/decele	eration time of int	ernal speed comman	d. No.392.0~399.0 are	e used		
		to set the target spe	eed.					
		0 = zero command	input					
		1 = internal speed	command(trapez	oid speed command v	with 8 phases)			
		[Initial value] 0		•				
		[Setting range] 0 or	1					
390.0	[Basic setting]			is set to "1=speed co	ntrol mode", commar	nd	No	
	Internal speed				ommand", and interna			
	command				peed command" . Set			
	Acceleration time				ne time of speed comma			
	7 1000101011011				peed command deceler			
				set the target speed.	ood command docolor			
		[Initial value] 1000		or the target specu.				
		[Setting range] 0 to						
391.0	[Basic setting]			.0 is set to "1=speed	control mode" con	nmand	No	
331.0	Internal speed			3=Internal generation			110	
	command				speed command" . S			
	Deceleration time				the time of speed con			
	Deceleration time				speed command accele			
					speed command accele	eration		
				set the target speed.				
		[Initial value] 1000						
200.0		[Setting range] 0 to						
392.0	[Basic setting]			.0 is set to "1=speed			No	
393.0	Internal speed			3=Internal generation				
394.0	command		•		speed command" . Ir			
395.0	Target speed 1				No.390.0 and No.391.			
396.0	Target speed 2				he switch of target spec	ed can		
397.0	Target speed 3			of 8pin, 9pin and 10				
398.0	Target speed 4	Target speed Is	5(8pin in CN1)	I6(9pin in CN1)	17 (10pin in CN1)			
399.0	Target speed 5	1 (Open	Open	Open			
	Target speed 6	2 8	Short circuited	Open	Open			
	Target speed 7	3 0	Open	Short circuited	Open			



	Target speed 8	4	Short circuited	Short circuited	Open			
		5	Open	Open	Short circuited			
		6	Short circuited	Open	Short circuited			
		7	Open	Short circuited	Short circuited			
		8	Short circuited	Short circuited	Short circuited			
		[Initial value]	[Initial value]					
		Target speed 1:	500 [r/min]					
		Target speed 2:	1000 [r/min]					
		Target speed 3:	1500 [r/min]					
		Target speed 4:	2000 [r/min]					
		Target speed 5:	2500 [r/min]					
		Target speed 6:	3000 [r/min]					
		Target speed 7:	4000 (200W~750	W motor) [r/min]				
			8000 (1KW~2KW	motor) [r/min]				
		Target speed 8:	5000 (200W~400	W motor) [r/min]				
			4500 (750W moto	or)[r/min]				
			3000 (1KW~2KV	V motor) [r/min]				
		[Setting range] 0	to the highest spee	ed of motor				
642. 0	[Basic setting]	Set Operation m	ode for position cor	ntrol mode and interna	al generation command.	No		
	Internal speed	0 = Point Table						
	command -	1 = Communicat	ion operation					
	Operation mode	2 = Manual pulse	e input					
		[Initial value] 1 (0	Communication ope	eration)				
		[Setting range] 0	to 2					
643. 0	[Special setting]		nternal position cor	nmand Overflow dete	ction function.	Yes		
	Internal speed	0 = Disable						
	command -	1 = Enable						
	Overflow detection				n the target position exc	eeds		
	option			table or communicati				
					osition command) in oper			
					al position command ove			
				set and the target p				
					solute operation. The rel			
					thod is set to the operation			
					that the point table oper	ation		
			a is set to the oper	ation of absolute valu	e.			
		[Initial value] 1	to 1					
644.0	[Special setting]	[Setting range] 0		ear I/O cutout to Dt 14	2 in positioning against	on No		
644. 0	[Special setting]				3 in positioning operation	on. No		
	Point No. output	0 = Output Operation start point at Operation start						
	method	1 = Output Operation start point at Operation end 2 = Output each point No.at each operation start						
					and)			
				art point at Operation	enu)			
		[Setting range] 0 to 2						



645. 0	[Special setting]	Select Base signal 1 at determine Home position.	No
	Base signal 1	0 = Arbitrary position	
	selection for Home	1 = Stopper	
	position	2 = Home position DOG front end	
		[Initial value] 2 (Home position DOG front end)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	
645. 1	[Special setting]	Set another base signal (Base signal 2) for home position after detecting Base signal 1.	No
	Base signal 2	0 = None	
	selection for Home	1 = Encoder Phase Z	
	position	[Initial value] 0 (None)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
645. 3	[Special setting]	Set the Base signal 1 redetection in creep speed after detecting home position DOG	No
	Home position	front end.	
	Base signal 1	0 = Disable	
	redetection	1 = Enable	
		[Initial value] 0 (None)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
646. 0	[Special setting]	Set Home position return direction.	No
	Home position	0 = CCW direction	
	return direction	1 = CW direction	
		[Initial value] 0 (CCW direction)	
~		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
646. 1	[Basic setting]	Set Home position sensor input polarity.	No
	Home position	0 = When OFF, detect Home position DOG front end	
	sensor input	1 = When ON, detect Home position DOG front end	
	polarity	[Initial value] 0 (When OFF, detect Home position DOG front end)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
646. 2	[Basic setting]	Enable/Disable Home position return Timeout.	No
	Home positon	0 = Disable	
	return Timeout	1 = Enable	
	option	[Initial value] 1 (Enable)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
646.3	[Basic setting]	Select a function for Point No.0 when PCSTART1 is put into user I/O in forward start.	No
	Point No.0	0 = Return to home position	
	function selection	1 = Point table operation	
		[Initial value] 0 (Return to home position)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
647. 0	[Basic setting]	Select whether to switch the torque limit value of home position return to home position	No
	Home position	return limit value.	
	return Torque limit	0 = Disable	
	option	1 = Enable	
		The torque limit detected by stopper is irrelative to the setting of this parameter in	
		using home position return of stopper.	



		[Initial value] 0 (Disable)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
647. 1	[Basic setting]	Select " 1= Move" from home position base signal 1 detection to home position	No
	Action at home	completion.	
	position return	0 = No move	
	completion	1 = Move	
		[Initial value] 0 (No move)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 1	
648. 0	[Basic setting]	Set the speed after the home position base signal 1 is detected.	No
	Home position	[Initial value] 500[rpm]	
	return Speed	[Setting range] 1 to Max. speed of motor	
649. 0	[Basic setting]	Set the creep speed after the home position base signal 1 is detected.	No
043.0	Home position	[Initial value] 10[rpm]	140
	return Creep	[Setting range] 1 to Max. speed of motor	
	speed	[Setting range] 1 to Max. Speed of Motor	
650.0		Set Application/Decoloration time for Home position return	No
650. 0	[Basic setting]	Set Acceleration/Deceleration time for Home position return	No
	Home position	This parameter sets Acceleration time and Deceleration time per 1000rpm.	
	return	If the load inertia ratio is 10 times or more, set up a value more than the initial value of	
	Acceleration/Dece	30. Otherwise, vibration will occur.	
	leration time	[Initial value] 30[ms/1000rpm]	
		[Setting range] 0~to 5000	
651.0	[Special setting]	Set shift quantity from the position where the Base signal was detected to the home	No
	Home position	position.	
	Return	[Initial value] 0 [Command unit]	
	Shift-to-home-posi	[Setting range] 0 to 1,000,000,000	
	tion quantity		
653. 0	[Special setting]	Set a position at the time of home position return complete.	No
	Home position	[Initial value] 0 [Command unit]	
	return Home	[Setting range] -1,000,000,000 to 1,000,000,000	
	position data		
655. 0	[Special setting]	Set Torque limit detection at the time of press home position return.	No
	Home position	[Initial value] 100 [ms]	
	return Press	[Setting range] 5 to 1,000	
	detection time		
656. 0	[Special setting]	Set Torque limit value at the time of home position return. This value is measured in	No
	Home position	terms of proportion to rated torque. This setting value is the torque limit value of press	
	return Torque limit	home position return.	
	value	[Initial value] 500[0.1%]	
		[Setting range] 10 to 3,000	
657. 0	[Special setting]	Set a distance from the positon where Base signal 1 for home position is detected to	No
	Home position	the position where Phase Z detection starts.	
	return Phase Z	[Initial value] 0 [Command unit]	
	invalidation	[Setting range] 0 to 1,000,000,000	
	distance		



659. 0	[Special setting]	Set Home position return Timeout Time.	No
	Home position	[Initial value] 60,000[10ms]	
	return Timeout	[Setting range] 0 to 60,000	
	Time		

6.2 Parameter list for point table

Table 6.2.1 Parameter list for point table

Point	Position	Rotation	Acceleration	Deceleration	Command	Dwell time	Running	Positioning	valid/ Invalid
No.	[Command	speed	time [ms]	time [ms]	method [-]	[ms]	operation [-]	completion	[-]
	pulse]	[r/min]						[Encoder	
								pulse]	
0	No.722.0	No.724.0	No.726.0	No.727.0	No.720.0	No.728.0	No.720.1	No.729.0	No.720.3
1	No.742.0	No.744.0	No.746.0	No.747.0	No.740.0	No.748.0	No.740.1	No.749.0	No.740.3
2	No.762.0	No.764.0	No.766.0	No.767.0	No.760.0	No.768.0	No.760.1	No.769.0	No.760.3
3	No.782.0	No.784.0	No.786.0	No.787.0	No.780.0	No.788.0	No.780.1	No.789.0	No.780.3
4	No.802.0	No.804.0	No.806.0	No.807.0	No.800.0	No.808.0	No.800.1	No.809.0	No.800.3
5	No.822.0	No.824.0	No.826.0	No.827.0	No.820.0	No.828.0	No.820.1	No.829.0	No.820.3
6	No.842.0	No.844.0	No.846.0	No.847.0	No.840.0	No.848.0	No.840.1	No.849.0	No.840.3
7	No.862.0	No.864.0	No.866.0	No.867.0	No.860.0	No.868.0	No.860.1	No.869.0	No.860.3
8	No.882.0	No.884.0	No.886.0	No.887.0	No.880.0	No.888.0	No.880.1	No.889.0	No.880.3
9	No.902.0	No.904.0	No.906.0	No.907.0	No.900.0	No.908.0	No.900.1	No.909.0	No.900.3
10	No.922.0	No.924.0	No.926.0	No.927.0	No.920.0	No.928.0	No.920.1	No.929.0	No.920.3
11	No.942.0	No.944.0	No.946.0	No.947.0	No.940.0	No.948.0	No.940.1	No.949.0	No.940.3
12	No.962.0	No.964.0	No.966.0	No.967.0	No.960.0	No.968.0	No.960.1	No.969.0	No.960.3
13	No.982.0	No.984.0	No.986.0	No.987.0	No.980.0	No.988.0	No.980.1	No.989.0	No.980.3
14	No.1002.0	No.1004.0	No.1006.0	No.1007.0	No.1000.0	No.1008.0	No.1000.1	No.1009.0	No.1000.3
15	No.1022.0	No.1024.0	No.1026.0	No.1027.0	No.1020.0	No.1028.0	No.1020.1	No.1029.0	No.1020.3

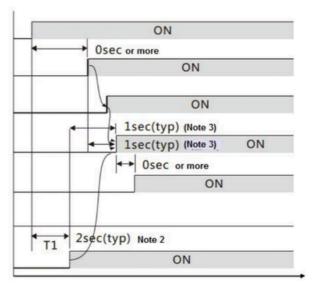
7. Timing chart

7.1 Power ON

Figure 7.1.1 Power ON



Control power (24VDC)		Input	ON OFF	_
Main circuit AC power	L1, L2	Input	ON OFF	1 1
Power ready PRDY		(Internal	ON OFF	1 1
Servo ready SRDY	07	Output	ON OFF	CO
Servo ONSVON	I1	Input	ON OFF	0
Internal alarm status		(Internal)	ERROR OK	-
Alarm status ALM	08	Output	ON OFF	CO

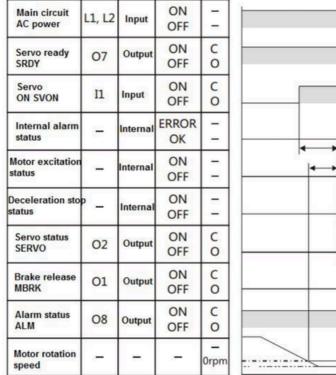


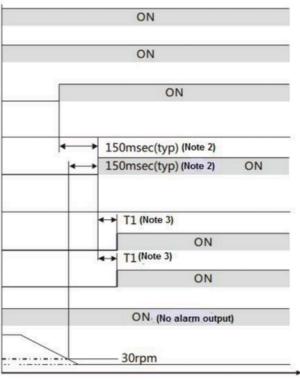
Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact or external contact is close, while "O" means open.

Note 2) After the parameters are cleared, 5sec is needed for T1 because of parameter initialization.

Note 3) When /ERROR and main circuit power supply PRDY is ON, S-RDY is ON.

7.2 Servo OFF→ON





Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact or external contact is close, while "O" means open.

Note 2) The servo can be not ON when motor speed is less than 30rpm..

Note 3) T1 can be set in parameter No.238.0. (Initial value 4msec, value range: 0 to 500msec)

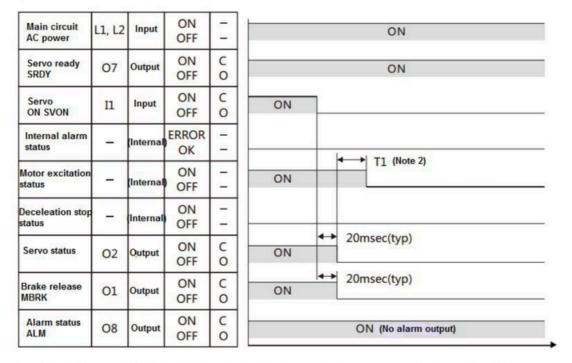


7.3 Servo stop

7. 3. 1 Servo ON→OFF (motor stops)

When servo OFF, the deceleration stop release condition is to reach the speed release, or after specified running time(Parameter No.224.0=1, initial setting), the motor speed is below the servo OFF deceleration stop release speed (Parameter No.227.0=50rpm, initial setting).

Figure 7.3.1 Servo ON→OFF (motor stops)



Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact and external contact is close, while "O" means open.

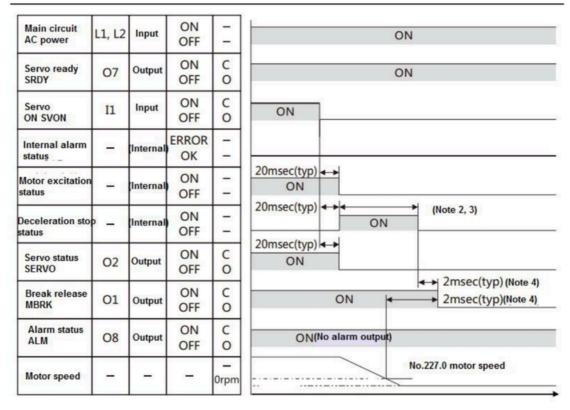
Note 2) T1 can be set in parameter No.237.0 (initial setting 0msec, changeable range: 0 to 500msec).

7.3.2 Servo ON →OFF(motor rotates)

When servo OFF, the deceleration stop release condition is to reach the speed release, or after specified running time (Parameter No.224.0=1, preferences) but motor speed is above the servo OFF deceleration stop release speed r (Parameter No.227.0=50rpm, preferences).

Figure 7.3.2 Servo ON →OFF(motor rotates)





Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact and external contact is close, while "O" means open.

Note 2) When servo OFF, it stops in the selected deceleration stop mode(Parameter No.224.0)..

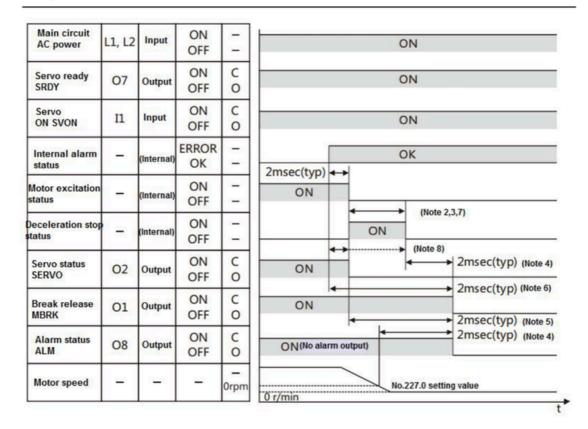
Note 3) Immediate stop and short-circuit brake will finish when it meets the conditions of deceleration stop at servo OFF (ParameterNo.224.1, 226.0, 227.0)

Note 4) MBRK will be OFF when the deceleration stop has completed or the motor speed is to reach the setting value specified in parameter No.227.0. If deceleration stop mode is selected to the free-run (parameter No.224.0) at servo OFF, the MBRK will be OFF when motor excitation is OFF.

7.4 At occurrence of alarm

Figure 7.4.1 At occurrence of alarm





Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact and external contact is close, while "O" means open.

Note 2) At servo OFF, via type selection, the deceleration stop (parameter No.224.0) will be:.

- a) Prompt stop or short brake via short brake deceleration stop
- b) Free run, free run stop

Note 3) Deceleration stop will finish when it meets the conditions of deceleration stop at servo OFF (parameter No.224.1, 226.0, 227.0).

Note 4) MBRK will be OFF when the deceleration stop has completed or the motor speed is below the setting value specified in parameter No.227.0. (excluding the occurrence of the alarm in Note 6)

Note 5) The MBRK will be OFF when motor excitation is OFF, when the free run is selected in No.224.0.

Note 6) When the following alarms occur, MBRK will be OFF right after internal alarm state is ERROR ..

- a) Encoder error
- b) Undervoltage of control power supply
- c) Inverter output error

Note 7) When the following alarms occur, the deceleration stop will be in the following ways.

- a) If motor speed cannot be detected due to encoder error. It will be OFF at the operation time in No.226.0.
- b) Selection of deceleration stop at the power supply voltage(No.224.2) drops. When selecting 0(=Disable), free-run stops. When selecting 1(=Enable), it will be OFF after the operation time (No.228.0) of power supply drop deceleration stop. As the CPU will stop immediately, the actual operation time will be shortened.
- c) Free-run stops as the inverter output error(inverter error 1, overvoltage error, overcurrent error, base circuit break)..

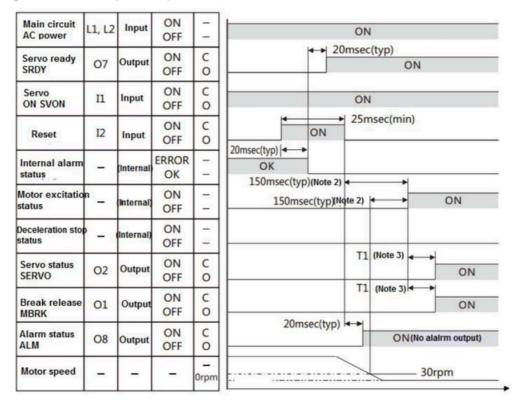
 Note 8) When the following alarms occur, SERVO signal can be delayed to deceleration stop OFF.
 - a) Encoder error
 - b) Undervoltage of control power supply



7.5 Alarm reset

7.5.1 Alarm reset (SVON=ON)

Figure 7.5.1 Alarm reset (SVON=ON)



Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact and external contact is close, while "O" means open.

Note 2) The servo can be not ON when motor speed is less than 30rpm.

Note 3) T1 can be set in parameter No.238.0.(Initial value 4msec, value range: 0 to 500msec)

7.5.2 Alarm reset (SVON=OFF)

Figure 7.5.2 Alarm reset (SVON=OFF)



Main circuit AC power	L1, L2	Input	ON OFF	-	ON
Servo ready SRDY	07	Output	ON OFF	C	20msec(typ) ON
Servo ON SVON	11	Input	ON OFF	0	
Reset	12	Input	ON OFF	0	ON 25msec(min)
Internal alarm status	-	(Internal)	ERROR OK	1 1	20msec(typ) ← → OK
Motor excitation status	-	(Internal)	ON OFF	1.1	
Deceleration stop status	-	(Internal)	ON OFF	1 1	
Servo status SERVO	02	Output	ON OFF	CO	
Break release MBRK	01	Output	ON OFF	0	
Alarm status	08	Output	ON OFF	CO	20msec(typ) ← → ON (No alarm output)

Note 1) About I/O status, "C" indicates the internal output circuit contact and external contact is close, while "O" means open.

8. Operation

8.1 Preface

8.1.1 Preface

This product can drive the motor by 5 operation modes of combination of control mode and command mode.

This chapter describes the operation method of different operation modes.

- Position control mode (Pulse position command input)
- 1) Wiring for user I/O (CN1) connector

The following three kinds of signals can be input in position control mode.

- Differential input
- 24V open collector input
- 5V open collector input
- 2) The setting of basic parameter
- 3) Test run
- Speed control mode(Analog speed command input)
- 1) Wiring for user I/O (CN1) connector
- 2) The setting of basic parameter
- 3) Test run
- Speed control mode(Internal speed command)
- 1) Wiring for user I/O (CN1) connector
- 2) The setting of basic parameter
- 3) Test run



- Torque control mode (Analog torque command input)
- 1) Wiring for user I/O (CN1) connector
- 2) The setting of basic parameter
- 3) Test run
- Position control mode (Internal position command)

8.1.2 Precautions

Table 8.1.1 Precautions

0	Make sure to cut off all phases of power supply	To .prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury
	before wiring.	
0	The wiring should be performed by the professional	To .prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury
	electrical engineer.	
0	Make sure all the wiring should be connected	To .prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury
	properly before power ON.	

8.1.3 Common parameters



Point

The common parameters in the following table should be set in all the operation modes.

Set the following parameters according to the using status.

For details, refer to [Chapter 6 Parameter list].

Table 8.1.2 Common parameter list

Types	Names	No.	Reference			
Common	Control mode	2.0				
parameters	Command mode			3.0		
	Operation mode			9.0		
	Torque command	Switch		144.0		
	range	Value 1		147. 0		
		Value 2		148. 0		
	Torque limit output	Torque limit output				
	Delay time for servo OFF	237. 0				
	Delay time for mechanica	238. 0				
	Absolute system	Absolute system				
	Encoder pulse output	Rotation directi	on	257.0		
		Division and	Numerator	276. 0		
		multiplication	Denominator	278. 0		
RS-485	Switch	Switch				
communication	Address	Address				
	Communication speed ra	Communication speed rate				
	Stop bit	Stop bit				
	Parity	6. 2				
	Minimum response time	11. 0				
Fault detection	Position deviation	Switch		65. 0		
		Value		87. 0		



		Delay time	89. 0	
	Speed deviation	Switch	65. 1	
		Value	90. 0	
		Delay time	91. 0	
	Encoder pulse output	Frequency upper limit	285. 0	
		Delay time	286. 0	
	Instantaneous	Delay time	305. 0	
	voltage-drop			
Drive restriction	Setting	67. 0		
options	Deceleration method	67. 1		
	Stop status	67. 2		
	Keep position deviation coun	67. 3		
Deceleration stop	Method		224. 0	
	Release condition		224. 1	
	Operation time	Operation time		
	Rotation cancellation		227. 0	
	Control power supply error	Switch	224. 2	
		Operation time	228. 0	
	Torque command range	151. 0		

8.1.4 Setting method for basic parameter

To drive the motor in the different operation modes, the setting and operation of the related basic parameter should be done necessarily. Here are the steps of parameter setting and change by using 'setting panel'.

- ■By setting panel
- 1. Switch on the power supply to the drive
- 2. Set the basic parameter according to the following steps.

Table 8.1.3 Change of the basic parameter (By setting panel)

Display and operation	Description
[[-33	Initial display at the start.
Press button four times	Switch to the mode of setting panel.
P002.0r	Switch to the parameter mode. You can change the parameter No. here. (Display parameter 2.0)
- (4H)	
Press button once	Display the setting value of parameter 2.0.
F00000	Display the setting value of parameter 2.0.
100000	The flickering bit is changeable.
Press A, V button	Press the UP or DOWN to input the parameters.
F00001	Confirm the parameter value. (Display in 'Speed control mode'.)
Press button once	After setting the parameter on the RAM of the drive, the display changes from flickering to
	light.
Press MODE button once	Return to the display of parameter No.



P002.0r	Return to the display to change the parameter No.			
	(Display parameter 2.0)			
Press button	Press UP button to change the parameter No.			
P003.0r	Display parameter 3.0.			
Press button once	Display the setting value of parameter 3.0.			
Press A, V button to set th	ne related parameters. We can go to the next step after all the parameters are set.			
Press MODE three times	Switch to the mode of setting panel.			
SRUE_P	Switch to parameter saving mode.			
Press SEI button once	Save the parameter to the EEPROM in drive.			
	(When saving, 「P」 in 「SAVE_P」 will flicker.)			
Nr_End	To the end.			
-	Please cut off the power supply to the drive and restart. After restart the power, the setting			
	will be effective.			

Note 1: The control power for models of 750W or less is supplied from external 24VDC. For 1kW or more, is supplied from internal. Therefore, the control power for models of 1kW or more can be ON/OFF by switching on/off the AC power supply of main circuit.

8.2 Position control mode (Pulse position command input)

8.2.1 Wiring for user I/O connector (CN1) (Differential input)

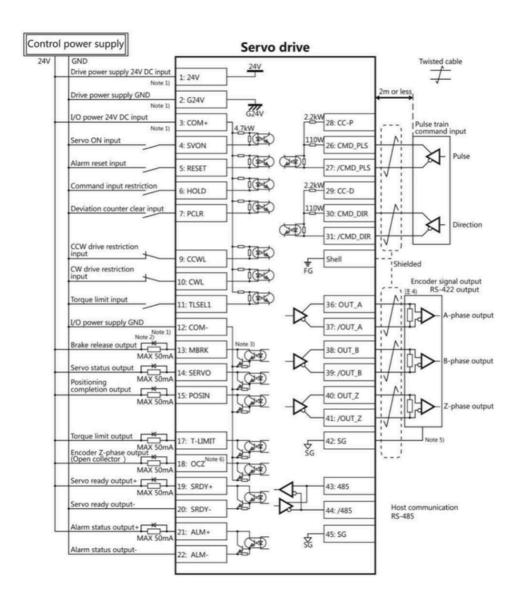
Name	Symbol	Terminal	Signal name	Contents
		No.		
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input
●24V power		2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND
supply input		3	COM+/-	I/O power supply 24V input
Parallel I/O		4	SVON	Servo ON input
Pulse command		5	RESET	Alarm reset input
input		6	HOLD	Command input restriction
ABZ output		7	PCLR	Deviation counter clear input
		8	-	Reserved
		9	CCWL	CCW drive input restriction
		10	CWL	CW drive input restriction
		11	TLSEL1	Torque limit input
		12	COM-	I/O power supply GND
		13	MBRK	Brake release output
		14	SERVO	Servo status output
		15	POSIN	Position completion output



16	-	Reserved
17	T-LIMIT	Torque limit output
18	ocz	Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)
19	SRDY+	Servo ready output +
20	SRDY-	Servo ready output -
21	ALM+	Servo alarm output+
22	ALM-	Servo alarm output-
23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)
24	-	Reserved
25	-	Reserved
26	CMD_PLS	Pulse command, pulse, orthogonal phase difference A-phase, CCW
27	/CMD_PLS	Pulse command, /pulse, orthogonal phase difference /A-phase, /CCW
28	-	Reserved
29	-	Reserved
30	CMD_DIR	Pulse command, direction, orthogonal phase difference B-phase, CW
31	/CMD_DIR	Pulse command, /direction, orthogonal phase difference /B-phase, /CW
32	-	Reserved
33	-	Reserved
34	-	Reserved
35	-	Reserved
36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output
37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
42	SG	Signal ground
43	485	RS-485 communication data
44	/485	RS-485 communication /data
45	SG	Signal ground
46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
47	-	Reserved
48	-	Reserved



		49	-	Reserved
ı		50	-	Reserved



Note 1) Control power supply(24V, G24V) and I/O power (COM+, COM-) share the same power supply(For the models of 750W or less).

Note 2) If there is drive inductive load(relay), please use protective circuits(diode).

Note 3) Transistor output is an open collector output circuit of the Darlington-connected. It should be connected with relay or optocoupler. Please don't connect transistor directly because the voltage VCE(SAT) between collector and emitter is about 1V which cannot meet the required voltage VIL of TTL IC when transistor is ON.

Note 4) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 5) Connect the signal ground on the host control device of output signal of the encoder. The connection of signal ground and power supply GND may cause malfunction.

Note 6) If the pulse width of Z-phase is too narrow to identify the host control device, please reduce the encoder pulse output



division and multiplication No.276.0, 278.0 or reduce the speed to increase the pulse width.[Pulse width]=1/speed/(division and multiplication×2¹⁷).

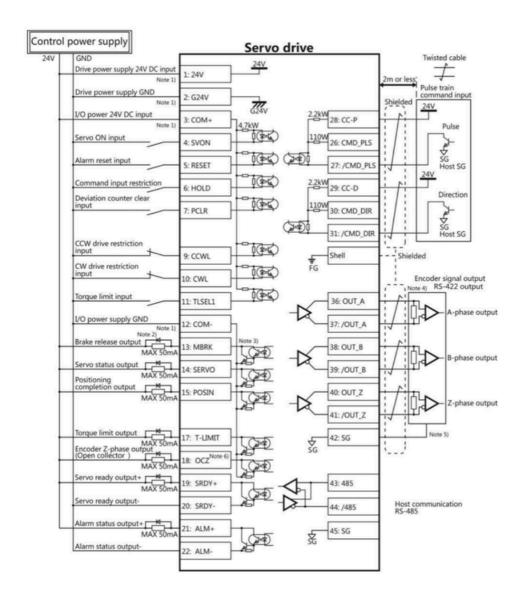
8.2.2 Pulse position command input (24V open collector input)

Name	Symbol	Terminal	Signal name	Contents
		No.		
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input
●24V power		2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND
supply input		3	COM+/-	I/O power supply 24V input
Parallel I/O		4	SVON	Servo ON input
Pulse command		5	RESET	Alarm reset input
input		6	HOLD	Command input restriction
ABZ output		7	PCLR	Deviation counter clear input
		8	-	Reserved
		9	CCWL	CCW drive input restriction
		10	CWL	CW drive input restriction
		11	TLSEL1	Torque limit input
		12	сом-	I/O power supply GND
		13	MBRK	Brake release output
		14	SERVO	Servo status output
		15	POSIN	Position completion output
		16	-	Reserved
		17	T-LIMIT	Torque limit output
		18	ocz	Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)
		19	SRDY+	Servo ready output +
		20	SRDY-	Servo ready output -
		21	ALM+	Servo alarm output+
		22	ALM-	Servo alarm output-
		23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)
		24	-	Reserved
		25	-	Reserved
		26	CMD_PLS	Reserved
		27	/CMD_PLS	Pulse command, pulse, orthogonal phase
				difference A-phase, CCW
		28	CC-P	24V for pulse command PSL
		29	CC-D	24V for pulse command DIR
		30	CMD_DIR	Reserved
		31	/CMD_DIR	Pulse command, direction, orthogonal phase
				difference B-phase, CW



32	-	Reserved
33	-	Reserved
34	-	Reserved
35	-	Reserved
36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output
37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
42	SG	Signal ground
43	485	RS-485 communication data
44	/485	RS-485 communication /data
45	SG	Signal ground
46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
47	-	Reserved
48	-	Reserved
49	-	Reserved
50		Reserved





Note 1) Control power supply(24V, G24V) and I/O power (COM+, COM-) share the same power supply(For the models of 750W or less).

Note 2) If there is drive inductive load(relay), please use protective circuits(diode).

Note 3) Transistor output is an open collector output circuit of the Darlington-connected. It should be connected with relay or optocoupler. Please don't connect transistor directly because the voltage VCE(SAT) between collector and emitter is about 1V which cannot meet the required voltage VIL of TTL IC when transistor is ON.

Note 4) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 5) Connect the signal ground on the host control device of output signal of the encoder. The connection of signal ground and power supply GND may cause malfunction.

Note 6) If the pulse width of Z-phase is too narrow to identify the host control device, please reduce the encoder pulse output division and multiplication No.276.0, 278.0 or reduce the speed to increase the pulse width.[Pulse width]=1/speed/(division and multiplication×2¹⁷).

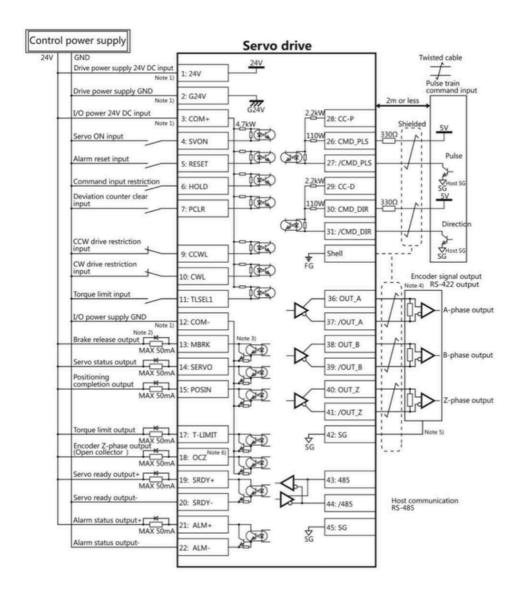


Name	Symbol	Terminal No.	Signal name	Contents
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input
•24V power		2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND
supply input		3	COM+/-	I/O power supply 24V input
Parallel I/O		4	SVON	Servo ON input
 Pulse command 		5	RESET	Alarm reset input
input		6	HOLD	Command input restriction
ABZ output		7	PCLR	Deviation counter clear input
		8	-	Reserved
		9	CCWL	CCW drive input restriction
		10	CWL	CW drive input restriction
		11	TLSEL1	Torque limit input
		12	COM-	I/O power supply GND
		13	MBRK	Brake release output
		14	SERVO	Servo status output
		15	POSIN	Position completion output
		16	-	Reserved
		17	T-LIMIT	Torque limit output
		18	ocz	Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)
		19	SRDY+	Servo ready output +
		20	SRDY-	Servo ready output -
		21	ALM+	Servo alarm output+
		22	ALM-	Servo alarm output-
		23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)
		24	-	Reserved
		25		Reserved
		26	CMD_PLS	5V for pulse command PLS
		27	/CMD_PLS	Pulse command, pulse, orthogonal phase difference A-phase, CCW
		28	CC-P	Reserved
		29	CC-D	Reserved
		30	CMD_DIR	5V for pulse command DIR
		31	/CMD_DIR	Pulse command, direction, orthogonal phase difference B-phase, CW
		32		Reserved
		33	-	Reserved



34	-	Reserved
35	-	Reserved
36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output
37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
42	SG	Signal ground
43	485	RS-485 communication data
44	/485	RS-485 communication /data
45	SG	Signal ground
46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
47		Reserved
48	-	Reserved
49	CC-P(5V)	5V for pulse command PLS (Built in current
		limiting resistor)
50	CC-D(5V)	5V for pulse command DIR (Built in current
		limiting resistor)





Note 1) Control power supply(24V, G24V) and I/O power (COM+, COM-) share the same power supply(For the models of 750W or less).

Note 2) If there is drive inductive load(relay), please use protective circuits(diode).

Note 3) Transistor output is an open collector output circuit of the Darlington-connected. It should be connected with relay or optocoupler. Please don't connect transistor directly because the voltage VCE(SAT) between collector and emitter is about 1V which cannot meet the required voltage VIL of TTL IC when transistor is ON.

Note 4) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 5) Connect the signal ground on the host control device of output signal of the encoder. The connection of signal ground and power supply GND may cause malfunction.

Note 6) If the pulse width of Z-phase is too narrow to identify the host control device, please reduce the encoder pulse output division and multiplication No.276.0, 278.0 or reduce the speed to increase the pulse width.[Pulse width]=1/speed/(division and multiplication×2¹⁷).



The factory setting is 「Pulse position command input」. It is necessary to set the following parameters if the drive is driven by pulse position command input.

Table 8.2.4 Parameter of control mode (Pulse position command input)

Parameter No.	Parameter	Operation • Value
2.0	Control mode selection	Set to "0".
3.0	Command mode selection	Set to "1".
32.0	Pulse command input mode	Select one in the following (Note 1)
		"0": Pulse / direction
		"1": Orthogonal phase difference
		"2": CCW/CW
34.0	Command division and multiplication (Numerator)	Set to "32768"(Note 2)
36.0	Command division and multiplication (Denominator)	Set to "(The number of output pulse of host control
		mode)/4" (Note 2)

Note 1: Pulse command input list is shown in the following table.

Table 8.2.5 Pulse command input list

Parameter	Input signal	Signal name	The minimum necessary time ra	ange (t1, t2, t3, t4, t5, t6)
No.32.0 pulse			Positive direction	Negative direction
command input				
mode				
0	Pulse • direction	Pulse	t1 t2 t1	<u>t2</u>
(Initial value)	Command pulse	CMD_PLS		
		Direction	t3 t3	t3.
		CMD_DIR		
1	AB-phase	A-phase		A-phase
	orthogonal phase	CMD_PLS	t4t4t4t4	t4t4t4t4
	pulse	B-phase		B-phase
		CMD-DIR		
2	Positive direction	CCW CMD-PLS	t5 t5	
	pulse	CW CMD-DIR		
	Negative		t6	ts ts
	direction pulse			

Note 2: Set when 1-rotation pulse (131,072) of host control device and drive is different. For details, refer to Chapter 4 Parameter list].

Set the following parameters according to the using status.

Table 8.2.6 Parameter for pulse train position command input

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description			
32.1	Pulse train command input Rotation direction	For details, refer to 8.2.7.			
32.3	Selection of Pulse train input logic	Select the logic of pulse train			
33.0	Pulse train command - Input filter selection	Reduce the misoperation caused by input			
		command pulse interference.			
64.0	Positioning completion determination method	Specify the conditions of positioning completion.			
68.0	Positioning completion range				



69.0	Positioning completion speed	
70.0	Positioning completion Pulse train command	
	input (speed)	
71.0	Positioning completion Detection delay time	
66.0	Position command smoothing filter 1 selection	Set the damping filter.
66.1	Position command smoothing filter 2 selection	Suppress the resonance of device when the
80.0	Position command smoothing filter 1 Moving	acceleration/ deceleration command is too high or
	average order	positioning.
81.0	Position command smoothing filter 2 Moving	
	average order	

Table 8.2.7 The setting of parameter 32.1 and the rotation direction of motor (Pulse train position command input)

Value of parameter 32.1	Command pulse of host control device			
	Positive direction	Negative direction		
0	C O CW	C CCW		
1 [Initial value]	Cor	COP cw		

The basic parameter and operation parameter can be set by the [Set panel].

8.2.5 Test run (Pulse train position command input)

■Before test run

Table 8.2.8

0	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly before switch on the power to the drive and motor.	To prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury.
0	Test run after setting the basic parameters.	If set the wrong basic parameters, the motor will not run, run unsteadily or lose control, which may cause some injury or accidents.
0	Confirm the operation of the motor alone first before test run. (Remove the other connection to the mechanics.)	The unexpected movements, such as unstable action or lose control, may cause tome injury or accidents.
0	Drive the motor after release the brake on the motor if the motor is attached with the brake.	If not, it may cause the malfunction to the brake and motor.

■Test run

Table 8.2.9 Steps for test run (Pulse train position command input)

Steps	Operation			
1	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly.			
2	Switch on the power to the drive. Note 1)			
3	Switch on the main circuit power to the drive(200V AC).			
4	Make the SVON input of drive ON to start the motor excitation. (Connect the I 1 terminal to the COM-)			
5	Input position command pulse at a relatively low speed from host control device to make the motor run at			



	a low speed(100r/min). Make sure the rotation direction of the motor is same to the setting direction	
	6 Improve the position command pulse frequency gradually after confirming the safe implementati	
actual operation. Then confirm the operation until it comes to the specified speed.		actual operation. Then confirm the operation until it comes to the specified speed.

Note1: The control power supply for the models of 750W or less are supplied by external 24V DC. 1kW or more are supplied from internal. So the control power supply of models of 1kW or more can be ON or OFF by switching on or cutting off the main circuit AC power.

8.3 Speed control mode (Analog speed command input)

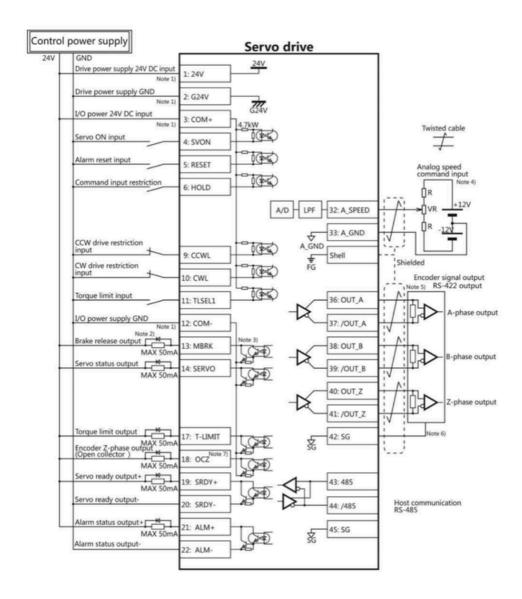
8.3.1 Wiring for user I/O connector(CN1) (Analog speed command input)

Name	Symbol	Pin No.	Signal name	Contents
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input
•24V power		2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND
supply input		3	COM+	I/O power supply 24V input
Parallel I/O		4	SVON	Servo ON input
 Pulse command 		5	RESET	Alarm reset input
input		6	HOLD	Command input restriction(Zero speed clamp)
ABZ output		7		Reserved
		8	-	Reserved
		9	CCWL	CCW drive input restriction
		10	CWL	CW drive input restriction
		11	TLSEL1	Torque limit input
		12	COM-	I/O power supply GND
		13	MBRK	Brake release output
		14	SERVO	Servo status output
		15		Reserved
		16		Reserved
		17	T-LIMIT	Torque limit output
		18	ocz	Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)
		19	SRDY+	Servo ready output +
		20	SRDY-	Servo ready output -
		21	ALM+	Servo alarm output+
		22	ALM-	Servo alarm output-
		23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)
		24	-	Reserved
		25	-	Reserved
		26	-	Reserved
		27		Reserved



28	-	Reserved
29	-	Reserved
30	-	Reserved
31		Reserved
32	A SPEED	Analog speed command input
33	A_GND	Analog speed command input ground
34	-	Reserved
35	-	Reserved
36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output
37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
42	SG	Signal ground
43	485	EIA-485 communication data
44	/485	EIA-485 communication /data
45	SG	Signal ground
46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
47	-	Reserved
48	-	Reserved
49	-	Reserved
50	-	Reserved
	1	1





Note 1) Control power supply(24V, G24V) and I/O power (COM+, COM-) share the same power supply(For the models of 750W or less).

Note 2) If there is drive inductive load(relay), please use protective circuits(diode).

Note 3) Transistor output is an open collector output circuit of the Darlington-connected. It should be connected with relay or optocoupler. Please don't connect transistor directly because the voltage VCE(SAT) between collector and emitter is about 1V which cannot meet the required voltage VIL of TTL IC when transistor is ON.

Note 4) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 5) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 6) Connect the signal ground on the host control device of output signal of the encoder. The connection of signal ground and power supply GND may cause malfunction.

Note 7) If the pulse width of Z-phase is too narrow to identify the host control device, please reduce the encoder pulse output division and multiplication No.276.0, 278.0 or reduce the speed to increase the pulse width.[Pulse width]=1/speed/(division and multiplication×2¹⁷)

8.3.2 Setting of basic parameters (Analog speed command input)



Set the basic parameters.

The following parameters must be set if the drive needs to be driven by analog speed command input.

Table 8.3.2 Parameter of control mode change(Analog speed command input)

Parameter No. Parameter		Description	
2.0 Select control mode.		Set to "1".	
3.0	Select command mode.	Set to "2".	

The parameters from [48. 0] to [78. 0] in the following table can be selected according to the actual usage.

Table 8.3.3 Parameter of analog speed command input

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
48.0	Analog speed command input -Filter constant (Numerator)	Filter out the input command voltage
49.0	Analog speed command input -Filter constant (Denominator)	interference. Use it with parameter 62.1.
50.0	Analog speed command input -Gain (Numerator)	Set the speed at the maximum command
51.0	Analog speed command input -Gain (Denominator)	input voltage (±10V). (Note 1)
52.0	Analog speed command CCW speed limit override value	Set speed limit value at CCW
	(Numerator)	rotation.(Note 2)
53.0	Analog speed command CCW speed limit override value	
	(Denominator)	
54.0	Analog speed command CW speed limit override value	Set speed limit value at CW
	(Numerator)	rotation.(Note 2)
55.0	Analog speed command CW speed limit override value	
	(Denominator)	
60.0	Analog speed command - Fixed offset value	The motor speed is 0[r/mi n] by
		adjusting the command input to 0V. Use
		it with parameter 62.2.
62.0	Analog speed command - Rotational direction	For details, refer to table 5.3.4.
62.1	Analog speed command - Selection of input filter	Please use it with parameter 48.0 , 49.0.
62.2	Analog speed command - Selection of offset tuning method	Please use it with parameter 60.0.
77.0	Speed command smoothing filter selection	Please use it with parameter 78.0.
78.0	Moving average time for Speed command smoothing filter	Use it when the speed of motor is not
		stable. And use it with parameter 77.0.

Note 1: Set the maximum speed for the motor in parameter 51.0(Denominator). Set the expected maximum speed in parameter 50.0(Numerator).

Example) Make the following settings if the motor with the maximum speed of 5000 [r /mi n] needs to set to 3000 [r /mi n] at the maximum command input voltage ($\pm 10V$).

Table 8.3.4 Analog speed command input Gain settings

Parameter No.	Parameter	Setting value
50.0	Analog speed command input -Gain (Numerator)	"3000"
51.0	Analog speed command input -Gain (Denominator)	"5000"

Note 2: Set the maximum speed for the motor in parameter 53.0, 55.0(Denominator). Set the expected speed limit value in parameter 52.0, 54.0(Numerator).

Example) Make the following settings if the motor with the maximum speed of 5000 [r /mi n] needs to set to the maximum speed limit value of 3000 [r /mi n].



Table 8.3.5 Analog speed command Speed limit value settings

Rotation direction	Parameter No.	Parameter	Setting value
ccw	52.0	Analog speed command	"3000"
		CCW speed limit value(Numerator)	
	53.0	Analog speed command	"5000"
		CCW speed limit value(Denominator)	
cw	54.0	Analog speed command	"3000"
		CW speed limit value(Numerator)	
	55.0	Analog speed command	"5000"
		CW speed limit value(Denominator)	

Table 8.3.6 Parameter 62.0 settings and rotation direction of the motor (Analog speed command input)

Value of parameter 62.0	Input anal	log command	
	Positive voltage	Negative voltage	
0	COP cw	C CCW	
1 [Initial value]	Cow	COP CW	

8.3.3 Test run (Analog speed command input)

■Before test run

Table 8.3.7

0	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly before switch on the power to the drive and motor.	To prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury.
0	Test run after setting the basic parameters.	If set the wrong basic parameters, the motor will not run, run unsteadily or lose control, which may cause some injury or accidents.
0	Confirm the operation of the motor alone first before test run. (Remove the other connection to the mechanics.)	The unexpected movements, such as unstable action or lose control, may cause tome injury or accidents.
0	Drive the motor after release the brake on the motor if the motor is attached with the brake.	If not, it may cause the malfunction to the brake and motor.

■Test run

Table 8.3.8 Steps for test run (Analog speed command input)

Steps	Operation	
1	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly.	
2	Switch on the power to the drive. Note 1)	
3	Switch on the main circuit power to the drive(200V AC).	
4	Connect SVON terminal of CN1 connector to COM- to make the servo ON.	
5	Input the analog speed command voltage at a low voltage to make the motor run at a low speed.	
6	Improve the position command pulse frequency gradually after confirming the safe implementation of	



actual operation. Then confirm the operation until it comes to the specified speed.

Note1: The control power supply for the models of 750W or less are supplied by external 24V DC. 1kW or more are supplied from internal. So the control power supply of models of 1kW or more can be ON or OFF by switching on or cutting off the main circuit AC power.

8.4 Speed control mode (Internal speed command)

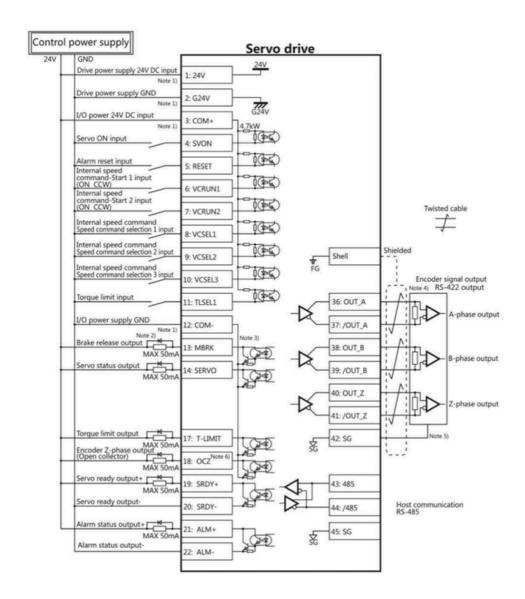
8.4.1 Wiring for user I/O connector(CN1) (Internal speed command)

Name	Symbol	Pin No.	Signal name	Contents
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input
•24V power		2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND
supply input		3	COM+	I/O power supply 24V input
Parallel I/O		4	SVON	Servo ON input
Pulse command		5	RESET	Alarm reset input
input		6	VCRUN1	Input internal speed command-start 1(CCW ON)
 Analog input 		7	VCRUN2	Input internal speed command-start 1(CW ON)
●ABZ output		8	VCSEL1	Input internal speed command-Speed command selection 1
		9	VCSEL2	Input internal speed command-Speed command selection 2
		10	VCSEL3	Input internal speed command-Speed command selection 3
		11	TLSEL1	Torque limit input
		12	COM-	I/O power supply GND
		13	MBRK	Brake release output
		14	SERVO	Servo status output
		15	-	Reserved
		16	-	Reserved
		17	T-LIMIT	Torque limit output
		18	ocz	Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)
		19	SRDY+	Servo ready output +
		20	SRDY-	Servo ready output -
		21	ALM+	Servo alarm output+
		22	ALM-	Servo alarm output-
		23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)
		24	-	Reserved
		25	-	Reserved
		26	-	Reserved



27 - Reserved 28 - Reserved 29 - Reserved 30 - Reserved 31 - Reserved 31 - Reserved 32 - Reserved 33 - Reserved 34 - Reserved 35 - Reserved 36 OUT_A Encoder /A phase output 37 /OUT_A Encoder /B phase output 38 OUT_B Encoder /B phase output 40 OUT_Z Encoder /Z phase output 41 /OUT_Z Encoder /Z phase output 42 SG Signal ground 43 485 EIA-485 communication /data 44 /485 EIA-485 communication /data 45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved				
29 - Reserved 30 - Reserved 31 - Reserved 32 - Reserved 33 - Reserved 34 - Reserved 35 - Reserved 36 OUT_A Encoder A phase output 37 /OUT_A Encoder /A phase output 38 OUT_B Encoder B phase output 40 OUT_Z Encoder /B phase output 41 /OUT_Z Encoder /Z phase output 42 SG Signal ground 43 485 EIA-485 communication data 44 /485 EIA-485 communication /data 45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved		27		Reserved
30 - Reserved 31 - Reserved 32 - Reserved 33 - Reserved 34 - Reserved 35 - Reserved 36 OUT_A Encoder A phase output 37 /OUT_A Encoder Ja phase output 38 OUT_B Encoder B phase output 39 /OUT_B Encoder Z phase output 40 OUT_Z Encoder Z phase output 41 /OUT_Z Encoder Z phase output 42 SG Signal ground 43 485 EIA-485 communication data 44 /485 EIA-485 communication /data 45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		28		Reserved
31 - Reserved 32 - Reserved 33 - Reserved 34 - Reserved 35 - Reserved 36 OUT_A Encoder A phase output 37 /OUT_A Encoder /A phase output 38 OUT_B Encoder /B phase output 39 /OUT_B Encoder /B phase output 40 OUT_Z Encoder /Z phase output 41 /OUT_Z Encoder /Z phase output 42 SG Signal ground 43 485 EIA-485 communication data 44 /485 EIA-485 communication /data 45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved (Disconnected) 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved		29	-	Reserved
32		30		Reserved
33 -		31	-	Reserved
Reserved		32		Reserved
35		33	-	Reserved
36		34	-	Reserved
37		35	-	Reserved
38		36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output
39		37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
40 OUT_Z Encoder Z phase output 41 /OUT_Z Encoder /Z phase output 42 SG Signal ground 43 485 EIA-485 communication data 44 /485 EIA-485 communication /data 45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved(Disconnected) 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
41		39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
42 SG Signal ground 43 485 EIA-485 communication data 44 /485 EIA-485 communication /data 45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved(Disconnected) 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
43		41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
44		42	SG	Signal ground
45 SG Signal ground 46 NC2 Reserved(Disconnected) 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		43	485	EIA-485 communication data
46 NC2 Reserved(Disconnected) 47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		44	/485	EIA-485 communication /data
47 - Reserved 48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		45	SG	Signal ground
48 - Reserved 49 - Reserved		46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
49 - Reserved		47	-	Reserved
49 Reserved		48	-	Reserved
50 - Reserved		49	-	Reserved
		50	-	Reserved





Note 1) Control power supply(24V, G24V) and I/O power (COM+, COM-) share the same power supply(For the models of 750W or less).

Note 2) If there is drive inductive load(relay), please use protective circuits(diode).

Note 3) Transistor output is an open collector output circuit of the Darlington-connected. It should be connected with relay or optocoupler. Please don't connect transistor directly because the voltage VCE(SAT) between collector and emitter is about 1V which cannot meet the required voltage VIL of TTL IC when transistor is ON.

Note 4) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 5) Connect the signal ground on the host control device of output signal of the encoder. The connection of signal ground and power supply GND may cause malfunction.

Note 6) If the pulse width of Z-phase is too narrow to identify the host control device, please reduce the encoder pulse output division and multiplication No.276.0, 278.0 or reduce the speed to increase the pulse width.[Pulse width]=1/speed/(division and multiplication×2¹⁷)



Set the basic parameters.

The following parameters must be set if the drive needs to be driven by internal speed command.

Table 8.4.2 Parameters of control mode change (Internal speed command)

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
2.0	Select control mode	Set to "1".
3.0	Select command mode	Set to "3".
388.0	Type of internal speed command	Set to "1".

Table 8.4.3 Speed parameter of internal speed command

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
390.0	Acceleration time (Note 1)	Initial value: 1000 [ms]
391.0	Deceleration time (Note 2)	Initial value: 1000 [ms]
392.0	Target speed 1	Initial value: 500 [r/mi n]
393.0	Target speed 2	Initial value: 1000 [r/mi n]
394.0	Target speed 3	Initial value: 1500 [r/mi n]
395.0	Target speed 4	Initial value: 2000 [r/mi n]
396.0	Target speed 5	Initial value: 2500 [r/mi n]
397.0	Target speed 6	Initial value: 3000 [r/mi n]
398.0	Target speed 7	Initial value: 4000 [r/mi n]
399.0	Target speed 8	Initial value: 5000 [r/mi n]

Note 1) Time for speed command from 0 [r /mi n] to 1000 [r /mi n].

Note 2) Time for speed command from 1000 [r /mi n] to 0 [r /mi n].



Points

The speed setting parameter from [392.0] to [399.0] can be set in the specified range, but some models cannot reach the speed shown on the setting pane. For the target speed setting, please refer to the specification of the motor.

8.4.3 Test run (Internal speed command)

■Before test run

Table 8.4.4

0	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly before switch on the power to the drive and motor.	To prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury.
0	Test run after setting the basic parameters.	If set the wrong basic parameters, the motor will not run, run unsteadily or lose control, which may cause some injury or accidents.
0	Confirm the operation of the motor alone first before test run. (Remove the other connection to the mechanics.)	The unexpected movements, such as unstable action or lose control, may cause tome injury or accidents.
0	Drive the motor after release the brake on the motor if the motor is attached with the brake.	If not, it may cause the malfunction to the brake and motor.

■Test run

Table 8.4.5 Steps for test run (Internal speed command)

Steps	Operation		
1	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly.		
2	Switch on the power to the drive. Note 1)		



3	Switch on the main circuit power to the drive(200V AC).		
4	Make the SVON input of drive ON to start the motor excitation. (Connect the I 1 terminal to the COM-)		
5	Select the target speed according to the ON/OFF combination of I 5 (VCSEL1) ,I 6 (VCSEL2) and I 7		
	(VCSEL3) . When I 3 (VCRUN1) or I 4 (VCRUN2) , it will rotate according to the setting direction.		
	ON: COM- short-circuit		
	OFF: COM- open-circuit		

Note1: The control power supply for the models of 750W or less are supplied by external 24V DC. 1kW or more are supplied from internal. So the control power supply of models of 1kW or more can be ON or OFF by switching on or cutting off the main circuit AC power.

Table 8.4.6 Motor rotation direction of internal speed command

Motor rotation direction	Operation		
	(I3) VCRUN1	(14) VCRUN2	
ccw	ON	OFF	
CW	OFF	ON	
Motor stop	OFF	OFF	
Motor stop	ON	ON	

Table 8.4.7 Motor rotation of internal speed command

Target speed	Operation			
	I 5 (VCSEL1)	I 6 (VCSEL2)	I 7 (VCSEL3)	
	(CN1 8 pins)	(CN1 9 pins)	(CN1 10 pins)	
1	OFF	OFF	OFF	
2	ON	OFF	OFF	
3	OFF	ON	OFF	
4	ON	ON	OFF	
5	OFF	OFF	ON	
6	ON	OFF	ON	
7	OFF	ON	ON	
8	ON	ON	ON	

8.5 Torque control mode (Analog torque command input)

8.5.1 Wiring for user I/O connector (CN1)(Analog torque command input)

Table 8.5.1

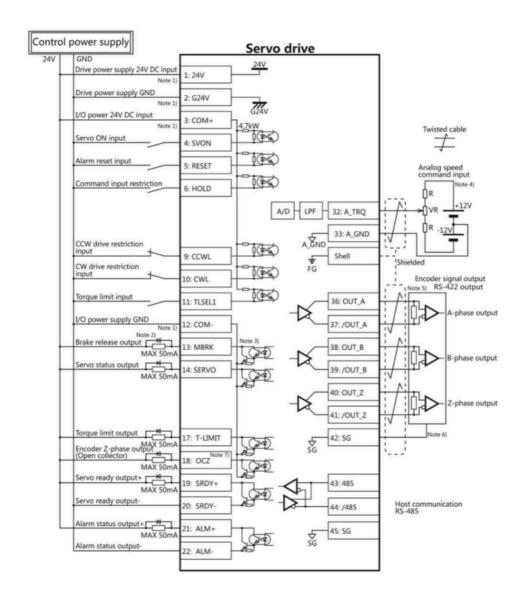
Name	Symbol	Pin No.	Signal name	Contents
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input
•24V power		2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND
supply input		3	COM+/-	I/O power supply 24V input
Parallel I/O		4	SVON	Servo ON input
Pulse command		5	RESET	Alarm reset input



input	6	HOLD	Command input restriction(Zero speed clamp)
Analog input	7	-	Reserved
ABZ output	8		Reserved
	9	CCWL	CCW drive input restriction
	10	CWL	CW drive input restriction
	11	TLSEL1	Torque limit input
	12	сом-	I/O power supply GND
	13	MBRK	Brake release output
	14	SERVO	Servo status output
	15	-	Reserved
	16	-	Reserved
	17	T-LIMIT	Torque limit output
	18	ocz	Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)
	19	SRDY+	Servo ready output +
	20	SRDY-	Servo ready output -
	21	ALM+	Servo alarm output+
	22	ALM-	Servo alarm output-
	23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)
	24		Reserved
	25	-	Reserved
	26	-	Reserved
	27	-	Reserved
	28		Reserved
	29		Reserved
	30		Reserved
	31		Reserved
	32	A_TRQ	Analog torque command input
	33	A_GND	Analog speed command input ground
	34	-	Reserved
	35	-	Reserved
	36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output
	37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
	38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
	39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
	40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
	41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
	42	SG SG	Signal ground
	74		Jighai ground



	43	485	EIA-485 communication data
	44	/485	EIA-485 communication /data
	44	7403	EIA-403 Communication /data
	45	SG	Signal ground
	46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
	47		Reserved
	48		Reserved
	49		Reserved
	50	-	Reserved



Note 1) Control power supply(24V, G24V) and I/O power (COM+, COM-) share the same power supply(For the models of 750W or less).

Note 2) If there is drive inductive load(relay), please use protective circuits(diode).

Note 3) Transistor output is an open collector output circuit of the Darlington-connected. It should be connected with relay or



optocoupler. Please don't connect transistor directly because the voltage VCE(SAT) between collector and emitter is about 1V which cannot meet the required voltage VIL of TTL IC when transistor is ON.

Note 4) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 5) Terminal resistance must be connected as shown in the wiring diagram.

Note 6) Connect the signal ground on the host control device of output signal of the encoder. The connection of signal ground and power supply GND may cause malfunction.

Note 7) If the pulse width of Z-phase is too narrow to identify the host control device, please reduce the encoder pulse output division and multiplication No.276.0, 278.0 or reduce the speed to increase the pulse width.[Pulse width]=1/speed/(division and multiplication×2¹⁷)

8.5.2 Setting of basic parameter (Analog torque command input)

Set the basic parameters.

The following parameters must be set if the drive needs to be driven by analog torque command input.

Table 8.5.2 Parameters of control mode change (Analog torque command input)

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
2.0	Select control mode	Set to "2".
3.0	Select command mode	Set to "2".

The user can select the parameter [152.0], [288.0] to [302.0] in the following table according to the actual usage.

For details, refer to [Chapter 6 Parameter].

Table 8.5.3 Parameters of analog torque command input

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description		
152.0	Analog torque command Speed limit [rpm]	Set the speed limit value.		
288.0	Analog torque command input filter (Numerator)	Filter out the input command voltage		
289.0	Analog torque command input filter (Denominator)	interference. Use it with parameter 302.1.		
290.0	Analog torque command input gain (Numerator)	Set the torque at the maximum command		
291.0	Analog torque command input gain (Denominator)	input voltage (±10V). (Note 1)		
292.0	Analog torque command CCW torque limit Override	Set torque limit value at CCW rotation.(Note		
	(Numerator)	2)		
293.0	Analog torque command CCW torque limit			
	Override(Denominator)			
294.0	Analog torque command CW torque limit Override	Set torque limit value at CW rotation.(Note		
	(Numerator)	2)		
295.0	Analog torque command CW torque limit			
	Override(Denominator)			
300.0	Analog speed command - Fixed offset value	The motor speed is 0[0.1%] by adjusting the		
		command input to 0V. Use it with parameter		
		302.2		
302.0	Analog speed command - Rotational direction	For details, refer to table 5.5.6.		
302.1	Analog speed command - Selection of input filter	Please use it with parameter 288.0, 289.0.		
302.2	Analog speed command - Selection of offset tuning	Please use it with parameter 300.0.		
	method			

Note 1: Set the maximum torque for the motor in parameter 289.0(Denominator). Set the expected maximum torque in parameter 288.0(Numerator).



Example) Make the following settings if the motor with the maximum torque of 3000 [0.1%] needs to set to 1000 [0.1%] at the maximum command input voltage (\pm 10V).

Table 8.5.4 Analog torque command input filter settings

Parameter No.	Parameter	Setting value				
288.0	Analog torque command Input filter constant (Numerator)	"1000"				
289.0	Analog torque command Input filter constant (Denominator)	"3000"				

Note 2: Set the maximum torque for the motor in parameter 293.0, 295.0(Denominator). Set the expected torque limit value in parameter 292.0, 294.0(Numerator).

Example) Make the following settings if the motor with the maximum torque of 3000 [0.1%] needs to set to the maximum speed limit value of 1000 [0.1%].

Table 8.5.5 Analog torque command input Torque limit value settings

Rotation direction	Parameter No.	Parameter	Setting value
ccw	292.0	Analog torque command	"1000"
		CCW torque limit value(Numerator)	
	293.0	Analog torque command	"3000"
		CCW torque limit value (Denominator)	
cw	294.0	Analog torque command	"1000"
		CW torque limit value (Numerator)	
	295.0	Analog torque command	"3000"
		CW torque limit value (Denominator)	

Table 8.5.6 Parameter 302.0 settings and rotation direction of the motor (Analog torque command input)

Value of parameter 62.0	Input analog command								
	Positive voltage	Negative voltage							
0	COP cw	COP ccw							
1 [Initial value]	Com	C O CW							

8.5.3 Test run (Analog torque command input)

■Before test run

Table 8.5.7

•	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly before	To prevent electric shock, fire, malfunction and injury.
0	switch on the power to the drive and motor.	
0	Test run after setting the basic parameters.	If set the wrong basic parameters, the motor will not
•		run, run unsteadily or lose control, which may cause
		some injury or accidents.
•	Confirm the operation of the motor alone first before test	The unexpected movements, such as unstable action
0	run. (Remove the other connection to the mechanics.)	or lose control, may cause some injury or accidents.





Drive the motor after release the brake on the motor if the motor is attached with the brake. If not, it may cause the malfunction to the brake and motor.

■Test run

Table 8.5.8 Steps for test run (Analog torque command input)

Steps	Operation
1	Make sure all the wiring are connected properly.
2	Switch on the power to the drive. Note 1)
3	Switch on the main circuit power to the drive(200V AC).
4	Set a smaller value about 500 in parameter 152.0(speed limit value) to limit the speed.
5	Make the SVON input of drive ON to start the motor excitation. (Connect the I 1 terminal to the COM-)
6	Input the analog torque command voltage at a low voltage to make the motor run at a low speed.
7	Improve the analog torque command voltage gradually after confirming the safe implementation of actual
	operation. Set the actual value in parameter 152.0(speed limit value).

Note1: The control power supply for the models of 750W or less are supplied by external 24V DC. 1kW or more are supplied from internal. So the control power supply of models of 1kW or more can be ON or OFF by switching on or cutting off the main circuit AC power.

8.6 Position control mode(Internal position command)

Set the following parameter of control mode selection and command mode selection to come into the internal position command mode. Use the locator to test run.

Table 8.6.1 Parameter of control mode change(Internal position command)

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description				
2.0	Select control mode	Set to "0".				
3.0	Select command mode	Set to "3".				

8.6.1 Locator function

Execute the positioning according to the I/O command from the host control device, such as PLC.

8.6.2 Test run

Send the command from PC according to the steps, not the command from host control device(such as PLC), and have the test run, such as back and forth movement.

8.6.3 Precautions

- 1) Alarm code No.10 | Position command overflow/ Home position reset failure | will happen in the following two conditions.
 - 1. Out of the range of -1, 073, 741, 823 \sim +1, 073, 741, 823 $\;\;$ $\;$ Command unit $\;$
 - 2. Internal position command Overflow detection option | (Parameter No.643.0) is set to "1=Enable"

Considering the above factors, please set Internal position command - Overflow detection option (Parameter No.643.0) according to the following table.

Table 8.6.2 Parameter setting of internal position command mode

Operation method(Fu	nction)	Internal position command - Overflow detection option					
	Command	(Parameter No.643.0)					
Positioning function	Absolute value	0=Disable Note 1)	1=Enable				
	Relative value	0=Disable					
Test run							

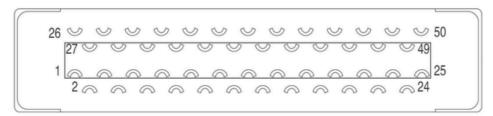


8.7 Description of User I/O connector (CN1) terminal arrangements

Figure 8.7.1 Terminal arrangements

CMD		CC		CMD	DIR	A_SP	2 PEED		4 RQ	OU.			8 T_B	OU OU		4		44 /485		6 24	4 SF		CC-D) (5V)
	/CMD	PLS	CC		/CMD	DIR	A_G	3 ND	A_0	SND	001	7 [_/A	OUT	9 Г_/В	OUT		43 485	4	45 5G	SP SP	7	CC-P		
V	1 CC	CO	M1	12(R	SET)	14(P	CLR)	16(C	(JWL)	18(TL	1 SEL1)	01(N	3 IBRK)	03(PC	5 DSIN)	1 0	7 5 07	19 +(SRDY+)	08+(4	1 LM+)	V(3 CC	SP SP	2
	G2	4	I1(SV	4 /ON)	13(H)	OLD)	1	5		O WL)	co	2 M2	02(SE	4 RVO)	10	6 4	18 06(OC	Z) 07-(S	20 RDY-)	08-(A	2 LM-)	Sp Sp	1	

Figure 8.7.2 Connector



8.7.1 Signal description

Signal	Pin	Contents	Function					
name	No.							
24V	1	Drive control power supply 24V input	Connect with +24V of 24VDC external power supply The power supply voltage is 24VDC±10%、100mA (Typ.) 24VDC external power supply should meet the following condition: Using SELV power supply(※). ※SELV: safety extra low voltage (Reinforced insulation is needed for safety extra low voltage, non-dangerous voltage and dangerous voltage.)					
G24V	2	Drive control power supply GND	Connect to GND of 24VDC external power supply					
COM+	3	I/O power supply 24V input	Connect the common terminal of 24VDC power supply used for I/O and optical coupler circuit used Power voltage: 24VDC±10%、100mA(Typ.)					
I1	4	I1 input	Parallel I/O input					
12	5	I2 input	The function varies according to the different control mode/ command mode. For	r details.				
13	6	13 input	refer to 「Table 5.7.2 I/O input signal 」	,				
14	7	14 input		orque				
15	8	15 input		ontrol				
16	9	I6 input	1 000	711101				



17	10	17 input		Commo	Pulso train	Internal	Apples	Internal	Analog	
18	11	I8 input		Comma	Pulse train command	Internal regeneration	Analog	Internal regeneration	Analog	
				mode	Command	command	Command	command	Command	
				11	SVON					
				12	RESET	RESET/PCLR	RESET	RESET	RESET	
				13	HOLD	PCSTART1	HOLD	VCRUIN1	HOLD	
				14	PCLR	PCSEL1	(Reserved)	VCRUIN2	(Reserved)	
				15	(Reserved)	PCSEL2	(Reserved)	VCS L1	(Reserved)	
				16	ccw	PC EL3	CCWL	VCSEL2	CCWL	
				17	CWL	PCSEL4	CWL	VCSEL3	CWL	
				18	TLSEL1	ORG	TLSEL1	TLSEL1	TLSEL1	
сом-	12	I/O power supply GND	•Cc	onnected wit	h GND of 24VI	DC power supply	used for I/O			
CMD_	26	[Differential input]	[Diff	erential inpu	ut] Max. comr	mand pulse frequ	ency 4Mpps			
PLS		①Pulse + direction pulse	①lr	put pulse +	direction pulse	from host contro	l device (differ	rential input)		
		②Orthogonal phase	②lr	put A phase	of AB phase	orthogonal differe	nce pulse sign	nal from host cor	ntrol device	
		difference pulse-A	(diff	erential inpu	it)					
		③CCW+CW Pulse CCW	③lr	put CCW+C	CCW of CW pu	lse from host con	trol device (dif	ferential input)		
		[5V open collector circuit]	[5V	open collec	tor circuit] Max	. command pulse	frequency 20	0kpps		
		⊕5V power supply of input	@5	V power sup	ply input termi	nal of /CMD_ PLS	3			
		/CMD PLS								
/CMD_	27	[Differential input]	[Diff	erential inpu	ut] Max. comr	mand pulse frequ	ency 4Mpps			
PLS		①Pulse + direction/ pulse	①lr	put pulse +	direction/ pulse	e from host contro	ol device (diffe	rential input)		
		②Orthogonal phase	②lr	put /A phas	e of AB phase	orthogonal differen	ence pulse sig	nal from host co	ntrol device	
		difference pulse /A phase	(diff	erential inpu	it)					
		③CCW+CW Pulse /CCW	③lr	put CCW +/	CCW of CW fr	om upper control	device (differe	ential input)		
		[5v/24v open collector circuit]	[5V	open collec	tor circuit] Max	. command pulse	frequency 200	0kpps		
			@lr	put pulse +	pulse of direct	ion from host con	trol device			
		Orthogonal phase	⑤lr	put A phase	of AB phase	orthogonal differe	nce pulse sign	nal from host cor	ntrol device	
		difference pulse /A phase	®Ir	put CCW +	CCW of CW pu	ilse from host cor	ntrol device			
		®CCW+CW pulse CCW								
CC-P	28	[24V open collector circuit	[24\	/ open colle	ctor circuit] N	lax. command pu	lse frequency	200kpps		
		input]	①2	4V power su	ipply input tern	ninal of /CMD_PL	S			
		①24V of /CMD_PLS								
CC-D	29	[24V open collector circuit	[24\	/ open colle	ctor circuit] M	lax. command pu	lse frequency	200kpps		
		input]	①2	4V power su	pply input tern	ninal of /CMD_DII	3			
		①24V of /CMD_DIR								
CMD_	30	[Differential input]	[D	ifferential in	put] Max. com	mand pulse freq	uency 4Mpps	3		
DIR		①Pulse + direction direction	①Input pulse + direction direction from host control device(differential input)							



		②Orthogonal phase	②Input B phase of AB phase orthogonal phase difference pulse signal from host control
		difference B phase	device(differential input)
		③CCW+CW pulse CW	③Input CCW+CW of CW pulse from host control device (differential input)
		[5V open collector circuit]	[5V open collector circuit] Max. command pulse frequency 200kpps
		⊕5V power supply input of	•5V power supply input terminal of /CMD_DIR.
		/CMD_DIR	
/CMD_	31	[Differential input]	[Differential input] Max. command pulse frequency 4Mpps
DIR		①Pulse + direction /direction	①Input pulse + direction /direction from host control device(differential input)
		②Orthogonal phase	②Input /B phase of AB phase orthogonal phase difference pulse signal from host control
		difference /B phase	device(differential input)
		③CCW+CW pulse /CW	③Input CCW+CW pulse /CW from host control device (differential input)
		[5V/24V open collector	[5V/24V open collector circuit] Max. command pulse frequency 200kpps
		circuit]	
			⑤Input B phase of AB phase orthogonal difference pulse signal from host control device
		direction	Input CCW+CW of CW pulse from host control device
		Orthogonal phase	
		difference B phase	
		©CCW+CW pulse CW	
A_SPE	32	Analog speed command	•Input speed or torque command in the voltage from -10V to 10V.
ED/		input/ Analog torque	
A_TR		command input+	
Q A_GN	33		
D	55	Signal ground	Connect the signal ground of analog speed input or analog torque input in the servo drive.
		Analog speed command	
		input - /	
		Signal ground	
		Analog torque command	
		input - /	
SG	42		
	43	Signal ground	Signal ground of ABZ phase output of position feedback
485	43	485 of RS-485	485 data (+) signal of RS-485 communication with host control device
/485	44	communication	
/405	44	/485 of RS-485	/485 data (+) signal of RS-485 communication with host control device
SG	45	communication	
CC-P(49	Signal ground	Signal ground of RS-485 communication with host control device
5V)	49	[5V open collector input]	[5V open collector input] Max. pulse frequency 200kpps
",		①5V for /CMD_PLS	①5V power input terminal of /CMD_PLS
		Built-in current limiting	
		resistor	



CC-D(50	[5V open collector input]	[5V open collector input] Max. pulse frequency 200kpps
5V)		①5V for /CMD_DIR	①5V power input terminal of /CMD_DIR
		Built-in current limiting	
		resistor	

Table 8.7.2 I/O input signal

Signal	Contents	Function		ntrol m	ode
name			Р	s	т
SVON	Servo ON	Servo is ON when connecting COM	0	0	0
RESET	Alarm reset	Reset alarms when connecting to COM	0	0	0
		But if alarm occurs in encoder, model No. and system, this signal cannot be used to reset, and			
		drive control power supply must be restarted(OFF→ON).			
HOLD	Command	When COM- connected, command input is restricted.	Δ	Δ	0
	input	•If not connected, command input are permitted.			
	restriction	Even if pulse is input, the motor cannot operate until the host control device allows command			
		input.			
		●When 「Command input prohibited」, whether to clear pulse counter can be set by parameter			
		No.67.3(the selection of position deviation counter in drive input)			
		•When the speed command value is 0 in speed control mode, the motor will not operate.			
PCLR	Deviation	When COM- connected, position deviation counter will be cleared.	Δ	-	-
	counter clear				
CCWL	CCW drive	•If COM- disconnected, CCW direction drive is prohibited.	Δ	Δ	0
	restriction	•If the value is beyond the CCW direction movement range, please make the wiring which can			
		be disconnected with COM			
		•It is effective when 「2: Enable CCW-drive restriction」 or 「3: Enable CW/CCW-drive restriction			
		」 is selected in parameter No.67.0 「Selection of Drive restriction options」 . Initial value: 「0:			
		Disable」			
		●The deceleration can be selected in parameter No.67.1 「Deceleration method selection when			
		Drive restriction is enabled 」. Initial value: 「1: Short brake」.			
		•After-stop state can be selected in parameter No.67.2 「Selection for Stop condition when			
		Drive restriction is enabled . Initial value: 「0: Free-run」			
		●Parameter No.67.3 「Selection for Location deviation counter option when Drive restriction is			
		enabled _ can be set to hold the position deviation counter. Initial value: 「0: Keep」			
CWL	CW drive	•If COM- disconnected, CW direction drive is prohibited.	Δ	Δ	0
	restriction	•If the value is beyond the CW direction movement range, please make the wiring which can be			
		disconnected with COM			
		●It is effective when 「2: Enable CW-drive restriction」 or 「3: Enable CW/CCW-drive restriction			
		」 is selected in parameter No.67.0 「Selection of Drive restriction options」 . Initial value: □0:			
		Disable			
		•The deceleration can be selected in parameter No.67.1 「Deceleration method selection when			



							_	_	_
		Drive restriction is e	enabled 」. Initial v	alue: 「1: Short bi	rake」.				
		After-stop state ca	in be selected in pa	rameter No.67.2	Selection for Stop	condition when			
		Drive restriction is e	enabled」. Initial va	lue: 「0: Free-run」					
		Parameter No.67.	3 ^r Selection for Lo	ocation deviation co	ounter option when I	Orive restriction is			
		enabled can be se	et to hold the position	on deviation counter	. Initial value: 「0:	Keep」			
TLSEL1	Torque limit	Torque limit switch	n.				Δ	0	0
		•It is effective when	It is effective when 「1: Enable」 is selected in parameter No.144.0「Enable/Disable Torque						
		command limit Ove	rride」						
		•At open circuit, the	parameter No.147	7.0 Torque comma	and limit Override 1	is preferred. At			
		power On, the para	meter No.148.0 ^Г Т	orque command lim	nit Override 2」 is pr	eferred.			
PCSTAR	CW start	•It is effective when	the parameter No.	642.0 Finternal sp	eed command - Op	eration mode」 is	Δ	-	-
T1		set to "0=Point table	e".						
		When PCSEL1 to	4 is specified to poi	int No. and connect	ed to COM-, point to	able No. and home			
		position reset can e	xecute.						
PCSEL1	Selection 1 of	Specify the point I	No. and home positi	ion reset to be exec	uted.		Δ	-	-
500510	point No.	According to the s	etting of parameter	No.646.3 Point	No.0 function select	ion」, when			
PCSEL2	Selection 2 of	specifying the point	No.0, you can sele	ct home position re	set or point No				
PCSEL3	point No. Selection 3 of	Point No.	PCSEL1	PCSEL2	PCSEL3	PCSEL4			
POSELS	point No.	0 or home	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF			
PCSEL4	Selection 4 of	position reset							
	point No.	1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF			
		2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF			
		3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF			
		4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF			
		5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF			
		6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF			
		7	ON	ON	ON	OFF			
		8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON			
		9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON			
		10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON			
		11	ON	ON	OFF	ON			
		12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON			
		13	ON	OFF	ON	ON			
		14	OFF	ON	ON	ON			
		15	ON	ON	ON	ON			
(HOME) ^N ote 1)	Home position reset start	•Start home position	n reset after conne	cting COM			Δ	-	-
ORG	Home position sensor	Home position res	et with home position	on sensor, input the	home position sens	sor signal.	Δ	-	-
							1		



		Polarity detection can be	ne changed by paramete	r No 646 1 FHome nos	ition sensor input			
		polarity J. When the initia						
		is detected.	3					
VCRUN1	Internal speed	•Enable when select "1=	Trapezoid speed comm	and" in parameter No.38	38.0.	-	Δ	-
	command start	After connecting to CO	M-, the motor starts in C	CW direction.				
	1	Set acceleration/deceleration/deceleration/	eration time and target sp	peed in parameter No.39	00 to No.399.0. There			
		are 8 phases for target s	peed. The target speed	can be switched by the	combination of			
		VCSEL1, VCSEL2 and V	CSEL3.					
VCRUN2	Internal speed •Enable when select "1=Trapezoid speed command" in parameter No.388.0.				38.0.	-	Δ	-
	command start	After connecting to CO	M-, the motor starts in C	W direction.				
	2	Set acceleration/deceleration/deceleration/	eration time and target sp	peed in parameter No.39	0 to No.399.0. There			
		are 8 phases for target s	peed. The target speed	can be switched by the	combination of			
		VCSEL1, VCSEL2 and V	VCSEL1, VCSEL2 and VCSEL3.					
VCSEL1	Internal	●Enable when select "1=	•Enable when select "1=Trapezoid speed command" in parameter No.388.0.				Δ	-
	command	•Select the speed comm	•Select the speed command of 8 phases as shown below according to the combination of					
	selection 1	speed command selection	peed command selection 1 to 3.					
VCSEL2	Internal	Set acceleration/deceler	eration time and target sp	peed in parameter No.39	00 to No.399.0.			
	selection 2	Target speed	VCSEL1	VCSEL2	VCSEL3			
VCSEL3	Internal	1	OFF	OFF	OFF			
	command	2	ON	OFF	OFF			
	selection 3	3	OFF	ON	OFF			
		4	ON	ON	OFF			
		5	OFF	OFF	ON			
		6	ON	OFF	ON			
		7	OFF	ON	ON			
		8	ON	ON	ON			
(RESET/	Alarm clear/	After connecting with C	OM-, RESET and PCLR	are executed.		Δ	-	-
PCLR)	deviation							
Note 1)	counter clear							

※Control mode:

P: Position control mode, S: Speed control mode, T: Torque control mode indicates it can input signals $\lceil \bigcirc \rfloor$ and $\lceil \triangle \rfloor$ in different control modes. $\lceil \triangle \rfloor$ can switch signals according to command mode. For details, please refer to user I/O connector CN1 terminal arrangements for each command mode.

Note 1) For I/O of locator function selection 1.

Signal Pin Contents Function



name	No.							
01	13	O1 output	Parallel I/O	output				
O2	14	O2 output	•07+, 07-, C	8+ and O8- is	differential outp	ut.		
O3	15	O3 output	•Function var	ries according	to different cont	rol modes and	d command mod	des. For
04	16	O4 output	details, refer	to the following	table.			
O5	17	O5 output	Control	Control Position control Speed control Torque				
07+	19	O7 output	mode					control
		+	Command	Pulse train	Internal	Analog	Internal	Analog
07-	20	O7 output	mode	command	regeneration	command	regeneration	command
		-			command		command	
O8+	21	O8 output	01	MBRK				
		+	O2	SERVO	I	I		
O8-	22	O8 output	03	POSIN	MEND	(Reserved)		
		-	04	(Reserved)	HEND	(Reserved)		
			O5	T-LIMIT				
			07+	SRDY				
			07-					
			O8+	ALM				
			O8-					
O6(OCZ)	18	Encoder Z	•Open collec	tor output of er	ncoder Z-phase	signal		
		phase	•If the Z-phas	se pulse width	is too narrow to	be identified	by host control	device , we
		output	can set paran	neter No.276.0	, 278.0 FEncod	der pulse outp	ut division and	multiplicatio
					d multiplication.			and the puls
				width]=1/ spee	d/(division and	multiplication	×2'').	
			•Note 1)					
OUT_A	36	Encoder A phase	Output posit	ion A phase si	gnal to host con	trol device(dif	ferential output).
/OUT_A	37	Encoder A	Output posit	ion A phase si	gnal to host con	trol device(dif	ferential output).
		phase						
OUT_B	38	Encoder B	Output posit	ion B phase si	gnal to host con	trol device(dif	ferential output).
		phase			1	- 1 2 2		
/OUT_B	39	Encoder B	Output posit	ion B phase si	gnal to host con	trol device(dif	ferential output).
		phase						
OUT_Z	40	Encoder Z	Output position Z phase signal to host control device(differential output).					
		phase	•Note 1)					
/OUT_Z	41	Encoder Z	Output posit	ion Z phase si	gnal to host con	trol device(dif	ferential output).
		phase	●Note 1)					

Note 1) Z-phase pulse width: Encoder resolution × Division and multiplication (Parameter No.276.0/No.278.0) and the motor speed. Z-phase pulse and A-phase pulse are output simultaneously.



Table 8.7.3 I/O output signal

Signal	Contents	Function			Control mode			
name						Р	s	т
MBRK	Brake release	After the electrom	•After the electromagnetic brake is released, the connection with COM- should is OFF.				0	0
SERVO	Servo status	•When the servo is	ON, the connection v	with COM- is OFF.		0	0	0
POSIN	Positioning completion	After positioning w	After positioning was completed, the connection with COM- is OFF.					
SRDY	Servo ready	OFF at servo reac	ly. When there is volta	age in main circuit and r	no alarm, the servo can be ON.	0	0	0
ALM	Alarm status	Open circuit at ala	irms and power OFF.	Closed circuit at power	ON.	0	0	0
T-LIMIT	Torque limit		If the output torque of the motor is limited, the connection with COM- is closed. Select the output condition according to "Selection of Torque limit state output mode".					
MEND	Action completion	next step will start,	When the action of point table, communication and home position reset is completed and the next step will start, the connection with COM- is closed circuit. Closed circuit at power OFF.					
HEND	Home position reset completion		•After the home position reset is completed, the connection with COM- is closed circuit. When the home position disappears or home position reset, the connection with COM- is open circuit.					-
(PM1) Note 1)	Point No. output 1	According to the output signal allocated by the special I/O setting "Position control/ Internal regeneration command customized 1).					-	-
(PM2) Note 1)	Point No. output 2	 Output the start or end of the Point NO Select the time and contents of Point No. according to the setting of Parameter No.644.0 "Point 						
(PM3) Note 1)	Point No. output 3		No. output method". •Open circuit (Point No. 0) when the drive power supply is ON and servo OFF, home position reset.					
		PM1	PM2	РМ3	Contents			
		OFF	OFF	OFF	Point No.0, 8 and so on			
		ON	OFF	OFF	Point No. 1, 9			
		OFF	ON	OFF	Point No.2, 10			
		ON	ON	OFF	Point No.3, 11			
		OFF	OFF	ON	Point No.4, 12			
		ON	OFF	ON	Point No.5, 13			
		OFF	ON	ON	Point No.6, 14			
		ON	ON	ON	Point No.7, 15			
(MEND/ TLIMIT)	Action completion/ Torque limit	selection 1".	Output signal allocated by special I/O setting "Position control/ Internal regeneration command			Δ	-	-
				D and T-LIMIT in this ta				

※Control mode:



Note 1) For I/O of locator function selection 1.

Table 8.7.4 Reserved pins

Signal name	Pin No.	Contents	Function
NC1	23	Reserved	◆Reserved(Disconnected)
SP1	24	Reserved	-
SP2	25	Reserved	-
A_TRQ	34	Reserved	-
A_GND	35	Reserved	-
NC2	46	Reserved	Reserved(Disconnected)
SP3	46	Reserved	-
SP4	48	Reserved	-

8.8 Adjustment

Table 8.8.1

•	Before auto tuning, perform the safety measures, such	To prevent the injury and accidents caused by
•	as danger-prevention, immediate stop and impact	unexpected unstable operation and too much impact.
	reducing.	
•	In the auto tuning, the servo motor will operate at the	To prevent the injury and accidents caused by
0	speed lower than the acceleration/deceleration. After	unexpected unstable operation and too much impact.
	confirm it can operate safely, improve the acceleration	
	/deceleration gradually and adjust them.	

- ■The following occasions may not be suitable for auto tuning.
- •The inertia is too small, or too large, or the load inertia changes a lot.
- Mechanical rigidity is too low
- Speed is too low(300r/min or less), and acceleration/deceleration is slow.
- •Unbalance load and friction is too large, or the torque is too large or too small

In this case, please set the inertia ratio according to the calculated value.

■The noise and vibration may occur before the estimated load characteristic settles at servo ON or control gain level changes.

After settling, the error may disappear. If not, perform the following measures.

- •Reduce the control gain level
- •Set the inertia ratio according to the calculated value in the mechanical device.
- 8.8.1 Simple tuning
- ■Parameter description
- ①Selection of inertia condition (only for position control mode)

The characteristic of inertia condition are shown is Table 8.8.2 and Figure 8.8.1. Select it according to the device load characteristic.

1: Applicable for the device that needs to control the heavy load, or the device that the load changes a lot, or the device of low rigidity (emphasis on stability).



2: Standard setting

3: Applicable for the device that needs to adjust the light load(emphasis on convergence)

Table 8.8.2 The correspondence between the setting value of inertia condition and characteristics

Setting value	Stability of the corresponding load change	Convergence rate	Position deviation at constant speed
1	Strong	Slow	Small
2	‡	Į į	‡
3	Weak	Quick	Large

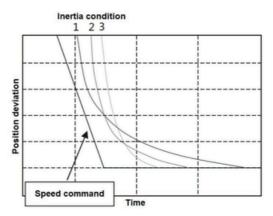


Figure 8.8.1 Convergence difference of position deviation by inertia condition

2 Selection of control gain set

■Parameter No.113.0(position control) and No.129.0(speed control)

Control gain set is to change the parameter of control gain 1, control gain 2 and integral gain simultaneously.

If the setting value is larger, the traceability of corresponding command gets better, the interference response gets higher, and the setting time gets shorter. If the setting value is too large, the servo may vibrate. Adjust the response correspondingly in the condition that the servo does not vibrate. Set the smaller setting value in the beginning, then increase the value slowly while confirm the operation.

For models of 750W or less, select from 10, 20,30.

For models of 1kW or more, select from 5,10,15.

3Auto tuning mode

■Parameter No.110.0

Select 1(standard mode) in the condition that there's no unbalance in the horizontal axis. Select 2 (Unbalanced mode) when there's the unbalance.

■Procedures for auto tuning

Table 8.8.3 Procedures for auto tuning

Steps	Operation		
1	Make sure all the wiring is correct.		
2	Supply the control power to the drive (Note 1)		
3	Power ON the main circuit of the dive(200VAC)		
4	The SVON input of the drive is ON, the motor starts excitation. (I1 and COM – are connected)		
5	The motor operates at the low speed according to the command pulse output by the upper controller.		
6	Please follow the methods below to auto tuning.		
	■Methods by set panel [Table 8.8.4 auto tuning (by set panel)]		

Note 1: The control power supply for the models of 750W or less are supplied by external 24V DC. 1kW or more are supplied from internal. So the control power supply of models of 1kW or more can be ON or OFF by switching on or cutting off the main



circuit AC power.

■By set panel

Table 8.8.4 Auto tuning (By set panel)

Display and operation	Description					
7.7	Initial display.					
Press for five times	Switch to the set panel.					
P_FUNE	Switch to the auto tuning mode					
Press sonce	Enter into the auto tuning mode					
PEGGLP	Press ௵,▲▼button to change the inertia condition. Press the ௵ button to set the inertia					
	condition(from flicker to ON). Press the button to return.					
Press once	Parameter display change.					
PLGSER	Press button to change the control gain. Press the button to set the control gain(from flicker to ON). Press the button to return. Points to note At adjustment, if vibration occurs, decrease the setting value to no					
	vibration.					
Press twice	Parameter display change.					
0.000	Press ஊ,▲▼button to change the auto tuning. Press the ஊ button to set the auto					
P_6578	tuning(from flicker to ON). Press the MODE button to return.					
Press 🛦 once	Parameter display change.					
P_FUEn	Selection whether to use of real-time auto tuning					
Press sonce	Selection whether to use of real-time auto tuning					
	Display the setting value of the parameter.					
F00000	Initial value:"0". The digit that can be changed will flicker.					
Press twice	Press the UP button to change the setting value.					
F00002	"2"=Select [inertia ratio + damping ratio]					
Press once	When the parameter is set to drive RAM, the digit will change from flicker to ON.					
	Auto tuning begins at the same time.					
Press once	Return to the parameter selection.					
Press sonce	Display the setting value of Selection whether to use of real-time auto tuning					
F00002	Display the setting value of the parameter.					
	Setting value:2. The digit that can be changed will flicker.					
Press vonce	Press the DOWN button to change the setting value.					
F00000	Select "0" = [Disable real-time auto tuning]					
Press sonce	When the parameter is set to the drive RAM, the digit will change from flicker to ON.					
	Meanwhile, the auto tuning stops.					
Press once	Return to the parameter selection.					
Press Three times	Change parameter display.					
000000	Press 💷 to change the control gain level. Press 🕒 🛡 button to change the value. Press					



	the 💷 button to set (from flicker to ON).		
	Points to note	To get the desired response, set the control gain level again.	
Press MODE twice	Auto tuning completed	d and switch to the set panel mode.	
SRUE_P	Switch to parameter saving mode.		
Press sonce	The parameter is stored to EEPROM. ([P] in [SAVE_P] will flicker.)		
Nr_End	Normal completion.		

8.8.2 Fine tuning

①Control level adjustment

The adjustment method of control level(position control) No.114.0 is shown below.

Control level is the parameter that the combination of control gain 1 and control gain 2 changed.

Increasing the control level can help to get better command traceability and shorten the setting time. And the response has also improved. If higher, vibration may occur. Please adjust it to the required response in the absence of vibration.

Furthermore, overshoot occurs if set the higher [Gain FF compensation 1 (Position control)(No.117.0)] and improve the control level. To avoid the overshoot, adjust the control level after reducing the [Gain FF compensation 1 (Position control)(No.117.0)].

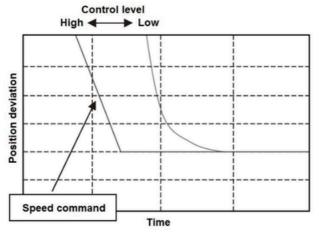


Figure 8.8.3 Position deviation convergence difference set by control level

2 Integral gain adjustment

The adjustment method of [Integral gain (position control)(Parameter No.119.0) is shown below.

Increasing the integral gain can reduce the influence to the convergence caused by friction or load change and shorten the setting time. But if higher, vibration may occur. Please adjust it to the required response in the absence of vibration.



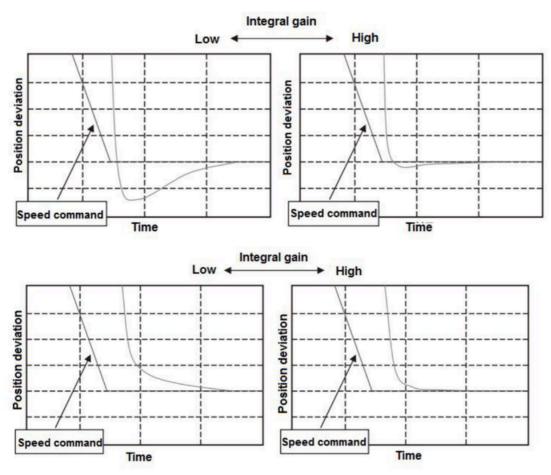


Figure 8.8.4 Position deviation convergence difference set by integral gain

3 Gain FF compensation 1 adjustment

The adjustment method of Gain FF compensation 1(Position control) No.117.0 is shown below.

If the Gain FF compensation 1 is higher, the setting time is shorter. But if too high, overshoot may occur. Please adjust it to the required response in the absence of overshoot.

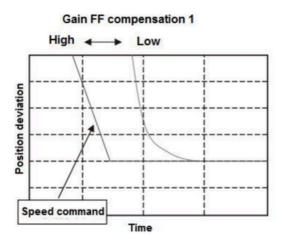


Figure 8.8.5 Position deviation convergence difference set by Gain FF compensation 1

4 Gain FF compensation 2 adjustment

The adjustment method of Gain FF compensation 2(Position control) No.118.0 is shown below.

Please set the correct inertia ratio. If the setting value is 10000, the position deviation is least. If the value is more than 10000,



the position deviation will be on the negative side(over compensation).

If set the bigger value at lower resolution, the operation noise will become louder. If the position deviation in the operation has no any other problems, the setting value can be 0.

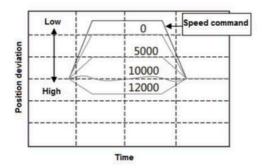


Figure 8.8.6 Position deviation convergence difference set by Gain FF compensation 2

8.8.3 Vibration reduction adjustment

①Vibration reduction methods for smoothing filter

The adjustment method for [Position command smoothing filter 1(No.66.0)] and [Position command smoothing filter 1 Moving average order(No.80.0)] are shown below.

Set the [Position command smoothing filter 1(No.66.0)] to "1" and set the [Position command smoothing filter 1 Moving average order(No.80.0)] to the value calculated by the cycle time of vibration. The bigger the value is, the longer the command delay time is.

Formula: Parameter No.80.0 setting value=Vibration cycle time [s] ×6, 250 (750W or less)

Parameter No.80.0 setting value=Vibration cycle time [s] ×5, 000 (1Kw or more)

In this example, the vibration cycle time is 39ms, and the average order is 6250 × 0. 039 = 243.

The delay tie is 243×0 . 16ms = 38. 88ms.

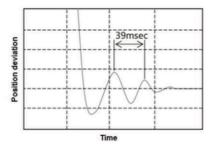


Figure 8.8.7 Before Position command smoothing filter 1 setting

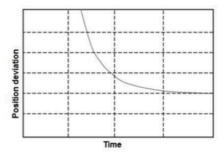


Figure 8.8.8 After Position command smoothing filter 1 setting

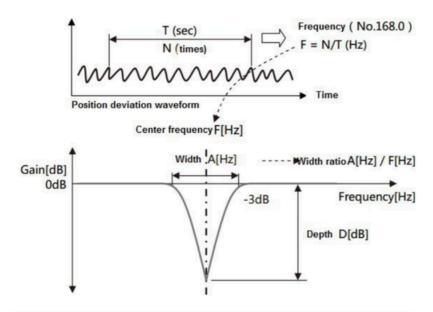
②Vibration reduction methods for notch filter

The adjustment method for torque command notch filter No.160.1, 168.0 169.0. 170.0 are shown below. Set the [Torque command Selection of whether to use notch filter(No.160.1)] to "1" and set the vibration frequency in the [Torque command Notch filter frequency (No.168.0)]. The vibration frequency is calculated from the waveform such as the torque command when



the vibration occurs.

When the gap is too big, even if setting the notch filter, the resonance cannot be suppressed completely. At this time, increase the [Torque command Notch filter depth selection(No.170.0)] to get the shallower filter performance. When multiple notch frequency exist, increase the [Torque command Notch filter width selection(No.169.0)] to widen the notch frequency.



Width ratio=[Torque command Notch filter width selection(No.169.0)] ×0. 125

Depth ratio=[Torque command Notch filter depth selection(No.170.0)] / 256

3 Vibration reduction methods for low-pass filter

The adjustment method for torque command low-pass filter No. 160. 0 \circ 162. 0 are shown below.

Set the [Option for Torque command low-pass filter(No. 160. 0) to "1" (Enable). The default value is "1" (Enable) at factory shipment. Increasing [Torque command preliminary filter time constant for Low-pass filter(No. 162. 0)] can help to suppress the resonance. But if increase too much, it will cause some other vibration.

The maximum value is based on the following formula.

8.9 Home position return

8.9.1 Overview

The home position return is the operation of coordinating the command and mechanical coordinates within the drive. When using the positioning function in the drive, perform the home position return according to the actual needs.

■Using incremental system

Home position return must be done when power-ON.

■Using absolute system

The encoder battery backs up after power OFF. So when the home position return is performed once in installation, there's no need to have the home position return after power ON again

When using the positioning function in the drive, perform the home position return according to the actual needs.

8.9.2 Wiring and basic setting



For the wiring and basic parameter setting, refer to [Appendix 2 SV-E3 Positioner function].

- ■In home position return, there are Arbitrary position, Stopper and Home position DOG front end and used in the situation of selection of Z-phase as the base signal.
- ■The home position return can be started by user I/O input.
- ■If perform the home position return by Home position DOG front end, please use the user I/O input.
- 8.9.3 Types and parameter by home position return
- 1) Arbitrary position

Use the following parameter items in the box \square when use the arbitrary position as the base signal.

For the details of parameters, refer to [8.9.4 Parameter description].

For the examples of parameter setting method, refer to [8.9.8 Parameter description for home position return].

No.	Parameter name	Restart	Unit	Value	Change	
645.0	Base signal 1 selection for Home position	of Z-phase as	the base sig	nal	setting	
645.1		0	[-]	0		-
	Base signal 2 selection for Home position	om start poir	nt to base sign	al	+	
645.3	Home position base signal 1 redetection	199	1,			
646.0	Home position return direction	0	[-]	0		
646.1	Home position sensor input polarity	0	[-]	0		
646.2	Home positon return Timeout option	0	[-]	0		
646.3	Point No.0 function selection	0	[-]	0		
647.0	Home position return Torque limit option Selection o	f action for he	ome position fr	rom the arbitrary p	osition	
	The posterior relation to the control of the contro	Ensale Parent			and the same of th	
647.1	Action at home position return completion	(f)	II I	0	1	
	Action at home position return completion	from arbitrar	y position	0		
647.1 648.0 649.0	Action at home position return completion Start speed	U	[1711mi]	0 0 time of home posi	ition return	
648.0	Action at home position return completion Home position return Speed	U	[1711mi]	0	ition return	
648.0 649.0	Action at home position return completion Home position return Speed Home position return Creep speed	Acceleration 0	[ms]	0		
648.0 649.0 650.0	Action at home position return completion Home position return Speed Home position return Creep speed Home position return Acceleration/Deceleration time	Acceleration 0 Travel dista	[ms] nce from base	time of home posi		
648.0 649.0 650.0 651.0	Action at home position return completion Home position return Speed Home position return Creep speed Home position return Acceleration/Deceleration time Home position Return Shift-to-home-position quantity	Acceleration 0 Travel dista	[ms] nce from base	0 time of home posi		
648.0 649.0 650.0 651.0 653.0	Action at home position return completion Home position return Speed Home position return Creep speed Home position return Acceleration/Deceleration time Home position Return Shift-to-home-position quantity Home position return Home position data	Acceleration 0 Travel dista	[ms] n/deceleration [ms] nce from base [-] ue when home	time of home posi		

Figure 8.9.1

2) Stopper

Use the following parameter items in the box $\hfill\Box$ when use the stopper.

For the details of parameters, refer to [8.9.4 Parameter description].

For the examples of parameter setting method, refer to [8.9.8 Parameter description for home position return].



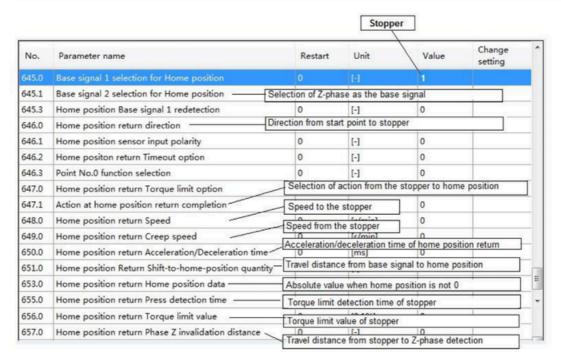


Figure 8.9.2

3) Home position DOG front end (home position sensor)

Use the following parameter items in the box — when use the Home position DOG front end.

For the details of parameters, refer to [8.9.4 Parameter description].

For the examples of parameter setting method, refer to [8.9.8 Parameter description for home position return].

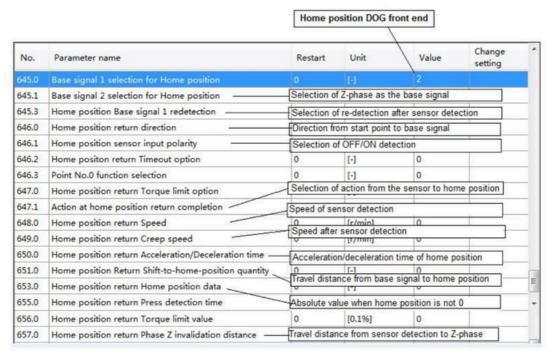


Figure 8.9.3

8.9.4 Parameter description

The home position return can be done by the combination of parameter setting.

The home positon return is specified by the following combination of parameters.

· No. 645. 0: Base signal 1 selection for Home position



- · No. 645. 1: Base signal 2 selection for Home position
- · No. 645. 3: Home position Base signal 1 redetection
- · No. 646. 0: Home position return direction
- No. 647. 1: Action at home position return completion

No.	Name	Unit
645. 0	Base signal 1 selection for Home position	-

Select Base signal 1 at determine Home position

0 = Arbitrary position

1 = Stopper

2 = Home position DOG frond end [Initial value]

Take the Encoder Phase Z nearest to the current position as the base signal, set the parameter to "Arbitrary position". Set the Base signal 2 selection for Home position (No. 645. 1) to "Encoder Phase Z".

No.	Name	Unit
645. 1	Base signal 2 selection for Home position	-

Set another base signal (Base signal 2) for home position after detecting Base signal 1.

0 = None [Initial value]

1 = Encoder Phase Z

When setting Base signal 1 selection for Home position(No. 645. 0) to "Home position DOG frond end" and setting Base signal 2 selection for Home position to "Encoder Phase Z", after detecting the Home position DOG front end, move the Home position return Phase Z invalidation distance(No.657.0), then set the Encoder Phase Z for the home position.

No.	Name	Unit	
645. 3	Home position Base signal 1 redetection	-	

The selection of redetection can be done after returning in the [Home position return Creep speed] when the Home position DOG frond end is detected by the Home position return Speed detection. To improve the detection accuracy of home position base signal, set the Home position return Creep speed to a lower value.

0 = Disable (Initial value)

1 = Enable

Only applicable for the situation that setting the [Base signal 1 selection for Home position] to "2= Home position DOG front end".

If set to "1= Enable", back and return to home position DOG front end after home position speed detects the home position DOG front end. The home position creep speed detects the home position DOG front end.

The start point of home position return is judged by the internal or external of the home position sensor, which depends on ORG signal of user input I/O in the home position return.

For details, refer to [8.9.5 Home position sensor exit]



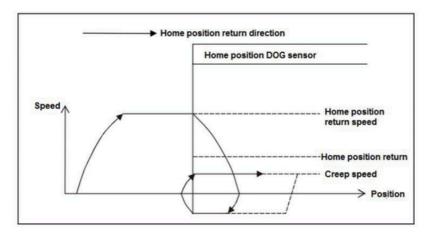


Figure 8.9.4 Home position Base signal 1 redetection

No.	Name	Unit
646.0	Home position return direction	-

Set Home position return base signal 1 direction

0 = CCW [Initial value]

1 = CW

1) Under the condition that home position base signal 1 is "Arbitrary position".

When set the Base signal 2 selection for Home position to "1=Encoder Phase Z", the operation direction of Encoder Phase Z can be detected, that is the home position base signal moves in the direction of home position travel distance.

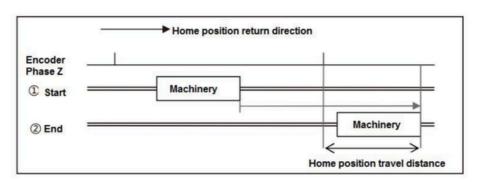


Figure 8.9.5 Home position return direction (Arbitrary position)

2) Under the condition that home position base signal 1 is "Stopper".

The operation direction that the home position return starts.

When the Base signal 2 selection for Home position is set to "1=Encoder Phase Z", the direction is opposite to the one of the encoder phase Z detection. Figure 8.9.6 is the example to set the home position travel distance after detecting Phase Z. The direction of moving home position travel distance from home position base signal is opposite. The home position return direction from ① Start (home position return starts) is opposite to ②Stopper is opposite to the direction from ② to ③ End (home position return completion).



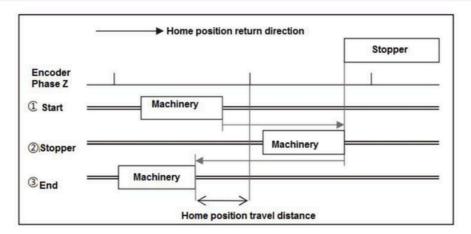


Figure 8.9.6 Home position return direction (Stopper)

3) Under the condition that home position base signal 1 is "Home position DOG frond end ".

Set the direction from Home position DOG sensor front to Home position DOG front end.

If the start point of home position return is in the front of home position DOG sensor, it is the operation direction after home position return starts. If the start point is inside the home position DOG sensor, it moves automatically in the opposite direction of home position return. When it moves out from the home position DOG sensor, the home position DOG front end can be detected.

When the Base signal 2 selection for Home position is set to "1=Encoder Phase Z", the direction is same to the encoder phase Z detection direction.

Figure 6.9.4 is the example of setting home position travel distance after detecting phase Z. The direction from home position base signal to home position travel distance should be set here, as the start point of home position return is inside the home position sensor. That is the direction from ①Start(home position start) to② Home position sensor detection (Home position DOG front end detection), and from ② to ③End (Home position return completion).

The direction from home position base signal to home position travel distance.

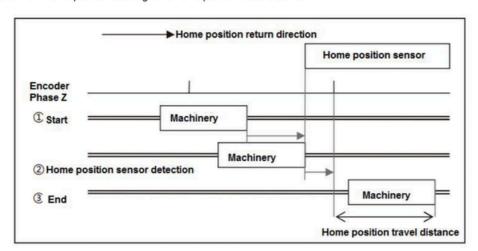


Figure 8.9.7 Home position return direction (home position DOG front end)

No.	Name	Unit
646.1	Home position sensor input polarity	-

Set Home position sensor input polarity by user I/O ORG

0 = When OFF, detect Home position dog front end [Initial value]

1 = When ON, detect Home position dog front end



Selecting "0", detect the home position sensor at open-circuit between ORG and COM-.

Selecting "1", detect the home position sensor at closed-circuit between ORG and COM-.

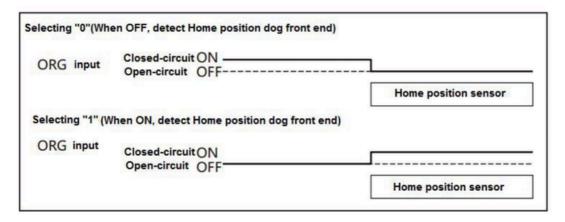


Figure 8.9.8 Home position sensor input polarity

No.	Name	Unit
646.2	Home positon return Timeout option	-

Enable/Disable Home position return Timeout.

0 = Disable

1 = Enable [Initial value]

The function corresponds to collision.

When selecting "1 =Enable", count the elapsed time after home position return starts. If exceeding the home position return timeout(No.659.0), alarm of "Position command overflow/home position return failure" occurs and make the servo disconnect.

No.	Name	Unit
646.3	Point No.0 function selection	-

Selecting Point No.0 and function of inputting user I/O CW start PCSTART1.

0 = Return to home position [Initial value]

1 = Point table operation

Set "0 = Return to home position", the home position return starts.

Set "1 = Point table operation", the operation of Point No.0 starts.

This parameter is used to start the home position return when there's no home position input HOME in I/O.

No.	Name	Unit
647.0	Home position return Torque limit option	-

This is the safety function against the collision in home position return.

Enable/Disable Home position return Torque limit. Set the home position return torque limit value in Parameter No.656.0.

0 = Disable [Initial value]

1 = Enable

But, when selecting "Stopper" in base signal 1 for home position(No. 645. 0), it is not relevant to this setting. Torque limit value to the stopper is the Home position return Torque limit value(No. 656. 0).

No.	Name	Unit
647.1	Action at home position return completion	

Select an action at home position return completion.

0 = No move [Initial value]

1 = Move

When selecting "No move", after detecting the base signal for home position, deceleration to stop and home position return



completed.

When selecting "Move", after detecting the base signal for home position, deceleration to stop and perform the positioning operation according to the parameter set.

No.	Name	Unit
648.0	Home position return Speed	rpm

Set Home position return Speed.

[Setting range] 1 to max. speed of the motor

[Initial value] 500

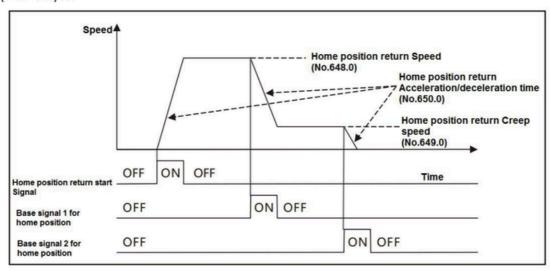


Figure 8.9.9 Home position return Speed

No.	Name	Unit
649.0	Home position return Creep speed	rpm

Set Creep speed after Home position Base signal 1 detection.

[Setting range] 1 to max. speed of the motor

[Initial value] 10

No.	Name	Unit
650.0	Home position return Acceleration/deceleration time	ms/1000rpm

Set Acceleration/Deceleration time for Home position return.

Set the acceleration time from speed 0 to 1000rpm and deceleration time from 1000 to 0rpm.

[Setting range] 0~5, 000

[Initial value] 30

No.	Name	Unit
651.0	Home position Return Shift-to-home-position quantity	Command unit(Note 1)

Set shift quantity from the position where the Base signal was detected to the home position.

In the situation except "1: Stopper" in home position base signal 1(No. 645. 0), the base signal begins to shift to the home position(No. 646. 0). The home position returns according to the shift quantity(No. 646. 0).

If "1: Stopper" in home position base signal 1 is set, the direction between shift-to-home-position and home position return(No. 646. 0) is opposite.

[Setting range] 0~1, 000, 000, 000

[Initial value] 0[command unit]

No.	Name	Unit	

139



651.0 Home position return Home position data C	Command unit(Note 1)
---	----------------------

Set a position at the time of home position return complete.

When home position return is completed, change the setting value to ABS position feedback of home position return.

[Setting range] -1, 000, 000, 000~1, 000, 000, 000

[Initial value] 0 [command unit]

No.	Name	Unit
655.0	Home position return Press detection time	ms

Set the time from pressing the stopper to detecting the home position return.

This parameter is valid when the base signal 1 for home position (No.645. 0) is set to "Stopper".

[Setting range] 5~1,000

[Initial value] 100[ms]

No.	Name	Unit
656.0	Home position return Torque limit value	0.1%

Set Torque limit value at the time of home position return

This value is measured in terms of proportion to rated torque.

This value is the torque limit value of pressing the stopper when selecting 'Stopper" in the base signal 1 for home position.

When selecting "Enable" in Home position return Torque limit option(No. 647. 0), this parameter is the safety measure against collision in home position return.

[Setting range] 10~3, 000

[Initial value] 500[0. 1%]

No.	Name	Unit
657.0	Home position return Phase Z invalidation distance	Command unit(Note 1)

Set a distance from the position where Base signal 1 for home position is detected to the position where Phase Z detection starts.

[Setting range] 0~1, 000, 000, 000

[Initial value] 0[command unit]

No.	Name	Unit
659.0	Home position return Timeout Time	10ms

Set Home position return Timeout Time.

This parameter is valid when Home positon return Timeout option(No. 646. 2) is set to :Enable".

[Setting range] 0~60, 000

[Initial value] 60, 000[10ms]

Note 1) The command unit can be got by 「command division and multiplication(numerator) (No. 34. 0) 」, 「command division and multiplication(denominator) (No. 36. 0) 」 and encoder unit.

[Command unit] =
$$\frac{[\text{No.36.0}]}{[\text{No.34.0}]} \times [\text{Encoder unit}]$$

The command unit can be got by the encoder unit 131, 072ppr.

For example, when the parameter No. 34. 0 is set to 32, 768, No. 36. 0 is set to 2, 500, the command unit will be 10, 000ppr. When the ratio of command division and multiplication is 1 times or less, the speed of home position return cannot reach the speed set in home position return(No. 648. 0) and home position return creep speed (No. 649. 0).

8.9.5 User I/O description

■Input

On when connected to COM- at closed-circuit; OFF when connected to COM- at open-circuit.



- 1) PCSTART1 CW start (6 pins)
- ·Use PCSTART1(6 pins) to start home position return
- •Specify "0" to the Point No. in PCSEL1... 4 in user I/O, the PCSTART1 changes from open-circuit to closed-circuit to start the home position return.
- 2) PCSEL1... 4 point No. selection (7~10 pins)
- ·Set 「Point No.0 function selection」 (No. 646. 3) to "0: home position return".
- •When perform the home position return by PCSTART1, specify "0" to the Point No. in PCSEL1. . . 4 in user I/O.

Items	User I/O Signal name	1/0	status	
Point No. selection	PCSEL14	Input	_	_
CW start	PCSTART1	Input	ON OFF	C

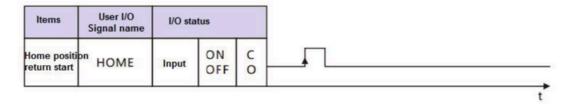
Note: C:contact closed-circuit, O: contact open-circuit

Figure 8.9.10 The start of home position return (PCSTART1)

- 3) Home position return start (Valid when positioner I/O is set to Item 1).
- ·This parameter is valid when positioner I/O is set to Item 1.

(For the setting of Item 1, refer to [Appendix 3 SV-E3 special I/O setting])

·The home position return starts from HOME open to close



Note: C:contact closed-circuit, O: contact open-circuit

Figure 8.9.11 The start of home position return (HOME)

- 4) ORG home position sensor (11 pins)
- ·Enter the home position sensor signal when have the home position return by home position sensor.
- ·Have the setting as below:

[Base signal 1 selection for Home position] (No. 645. 0): 2 = Home position DOG frond end

[Home position sensor input polarity] (No. 646. 1): (Either polarity is Ok)

The initial setting of home position sensor input polarity is the home position sensor signal when connected with COM- from ON to OFF.

■Output

On when connected to COM- at closed-circuit; OFF when connected to COM- at open-circuit.

- 1) HEND home position return completion (16 pins) (Note 1)
- •Change to be ON at home position return completion. When "Absolute system" is selected for "Selection of an encoder system" (No. 257. 0), there is no need to have the home position return when power ON the drive next time after the home position return has been completed.
- ·HEND will be OFF in the following situation:
- a) In the process of home position return



b) Interrupted before HEND becomes ON in the home position return

The home position return interrupts in the following situations;

- OMake the servo OFF in the home position return with the operation
- OPerform the deviation counter clearing in the home position return with the operation
- Olnput the drive restriction and perform the deviation counter clearing in the home position return with the operation
- OAlarms occur and servo OFF in the home position return with the operation
- c) "Incremental system" is selected to "Selection of an encoder system" after the power is supplied to the drive
- d) "Absolute system" is selected for "Selection of an encoder system", but the multi-rotation data of the encoder disappear.
- ·The minimum OFF time of the signal is 3ms.
- 2) MEND completion (15 pins)(Note 1)
- •When perform the home position return at servo ON, confirm if you can start the home position return or not. Please make sure this signal is ON before home position return.
- ·OFF at servo OFF.
- ·The minimum OFF time of the signal is 3ms.
- 3) MEND/T-LIMIT completion / torque limit (Valid when positioner I/O is set to Item 1).
- · This parameter is valid when positioner I/O is set to Item 1.

(For the setting of Item 1, refer to 「Appendix 3 SV-E3 special I/O setting」)

- · Be ON either MEND or T-LIMIT is ON.
- ·This signal, used in the device of torque limit, including stopper, is T-LIMIT. And the other operations is used as MEND signal.

As T-LIMIT, the torque limit TLSEL1 is ON and as MEND, TLSEL1 is OFF.

Set the following parameters first when using this signal.

"Torque command limit override selection" (No. 144. 0): "1: Enable"

"Selection of Torque limit state output mode(No. 144. 1)": "2 : Torque command limit Override 2"

Note 1) Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1): HEND and MEND

1) When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "1 = Move"

After the base signal for home position is detected, it will decelerate to stop and HEND is ON at home position return completion.

Then shift to home position according to the action of home position return completion, the MEND becomes ON after the operation has been completed. The ABS position command becomes the home position return position data after the operation has been completed.

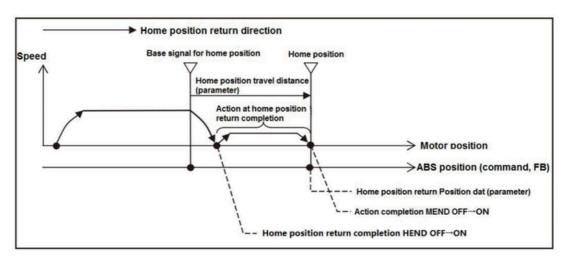


Figure 8.9.12 Action at home position return completion (when the setting is valid)



2) When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "0= No move"

After the base signal for home position is detected, it will decelerate to stop and HEND is ON at home position return completion.

Then do not shift to the home position return. The action will be completed at the position of deceleration stop and output MEND to be ON.

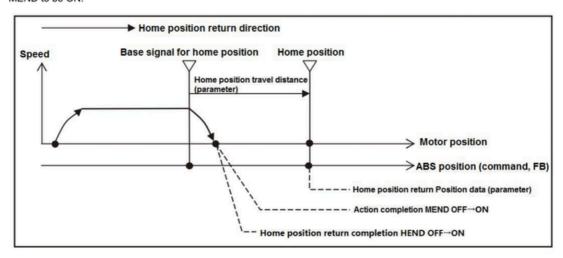


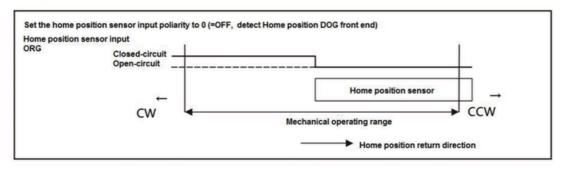
Figure 8.9.13 Action at home position return completion (when the setting is invalid)

Note2) But, in the following situation, the torque limit value of home position return is applicable for \lceil Home position return Torque limit value (No.656.0) \rfloor .

- 1) Set [Base signal 1 selection for Home position (No.645.0)] to "1(stopper)".
- 2) Set [Home position return Torque limit option (No.647.0)] to "1(Enable)".

8.9.6 Precautions

1) Install a home position sensor to the machinery when use the Home position DOG front end as the base signal for home position. Besides, set the "home position return direction" (No. 646. 0) from home position DOG sensor front end to home position DOG front end. There is the danger of collision for the machinery if the home position direction is far away from the home position sensor.



- 2) Please save the parameters after changing the command division and multiplication. Perform the home position return operation again after power ON next time.
- 3) When home position return with Encoder phase Z, do not design it to the start position of phase Z detection or near the motor phase Z. Phase Z detection position sometimes changes. The phase Z position can be confirmed at the position where the status value of "Encoder 1 rotation angle data" is 0.
- 4) The home position return will be interrupted and become uncompleted in the following situations at the home position return with operation.
- ■Servo OFF
- ■Deviation counter clearing



When performing the deviation counter clearing, it will emergency stop.

- ■Input the drive restriction, then perform the deviation counter clearing.
- 5) Set the Selection of Auto interpolation for command division and multiplication (No. 32. 2) to "1: Enable". The initial value is "1: Enable". The speed can change rapidly if set it to "0:Disable".
- 8.9.7 Precautions

The operation of home position return can be done by user I/O input.

- 1) By the method of user I/O input
- ①Set the parameters in table 8.9.1
- 2)Start the home position return in the following method
- ·After specify Point No. 0 to the PCSEL1. . . 4, input PCSTART1.
- ·Input HOME when select I/O setting of Item1

For details, refer to "section 8.9.5 User I/O description".

Points: Generally, the home position return can start after confirming MEND is close (ON) at servo ON. The home position return cannot start when the MEND is open(OFF) at servo ON.

Table 8.9.1 Parameters of home position return by user I/O

No.	Parameter	Setting value	Description
2. 0	Control mode selection	0	Position control mode
3. 0	Command mode selection	3	Internal generation command
9. 0	Selection of Operation mode	0	I/O
642. 0	Internal speed command - Operation mode	0	Point Table

Note 1) Selection of Operation mode selects "I/O" when power ON the drive. This cannot be set by the set panel.

■Timing chart

The operation procedures of home position return with home position sensor front end are shown below.

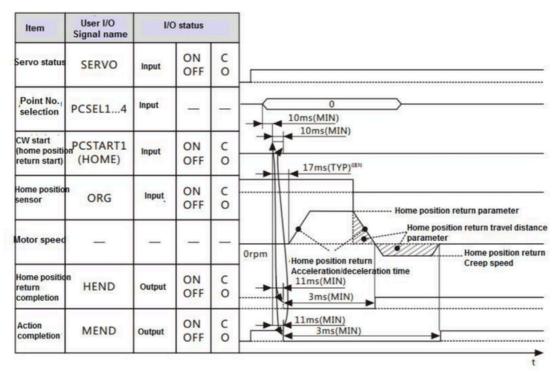


Figure 8.9.15 Timing chart (home position return at servo ON)

Note 1) When the User I/O output the MEND of MEND/T-LIMIT action completion, make the T-LIMIT output OFF by setting the parameters and TLSEL1 (OFF). For details, refer t section 8.9.5 User I/O description.



Note 2) Timing chart with no I/O input. The start will delay if vibration occurs.

Note 3) The start time varies from the different conditions.

Table 8.9.2 Operation procedures for home position return at servo ON

No.	Items	Description
1	Parameter setting for	Set the parameter of home position return speed, home position return creep
	home position return	speed, home position return acceleration/deceleration time.
2	Confirm the start of home	Make sure MEND is in closed-circuit state, standby in the open-circuit state.
	position return	
3	Specify Point No.	After PCSEL14 is open-circuit, specify points NO. 0. No need when start the
		home position return by HOME.
4	Start of home position	After 10ms when input PCSEL1 4, change the PCSTART1 or HOME from the
	return	open-circuit to closed-circuit.
5	Confirmation of command	Open-circuit from standby to MEND. If open-circuit, make the PCSTART or HOME
	execution	to the open-circuit.
6	Confirmation of action	Confirm the action completion by MEND. When the MEND changes from
	completion	open-circuit to closed-circuit, the action completed.
7	Confirmation of home	After action completion, confirm the home position return completion by HEND.
	position return completion	When the HEND is closed-circuit, the home position return completed.

8.9.7 Detailed description for home position return

A) Home position return with arbitrary position

Home position return with the current position or Encoder phase Z near the current position.

Parameters

Table 8.9.4 Parameters of home position return with arbitrary position

No.	Parameter	Setting
645. 0	Base signal 1 selection for Home	Set "0 = Arbitrary position"
	position	
645. 1	Base signal 2 selection for Home	Set the Encoder phase Z to the base signal for home position
	position	
646. 0	Home position return direction	Set the direction for home position travel distance and Encoder phase Z
647. 1	Action at home position return	Selection of shifting to home position after detecting base signal for
	completion	home position
649. 0	Home position return Creep speed	Set the speed after Encoder phase Z detection and home position return
		completion
650. 0	Home position return	Set Acceleration/Deceleration time for Home position return
	Acceleration/Deceleration time	
651.0	Home position Return	Set shift quantity from the position where the Base signal was detected
	Shift-to-home-position quantity	to the home position
653. 0	Home position return Home position	Set a position at the time of home position return complete
	data	
657. 0	Home position return Phase Z	Set a distance from the positon where Base signal 1 for home position is
	invalidation distance	detected to the position where Phase Z detection starts. This parameter
		is needed when NO.645.1 =1



Table 8.9.5 Example for Parameters of home position return with arbitrary position

No.	Parameter name	Setting description
646. 0	Home position return direction	0=CCW
647. 1	Action at home position return	1=Move
	completion	

¹⁾ When not to use Encoder phase Z

Set "Base signal 2 selection for Home position" to "0=None".

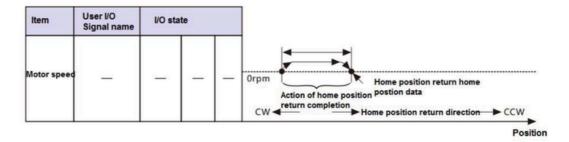
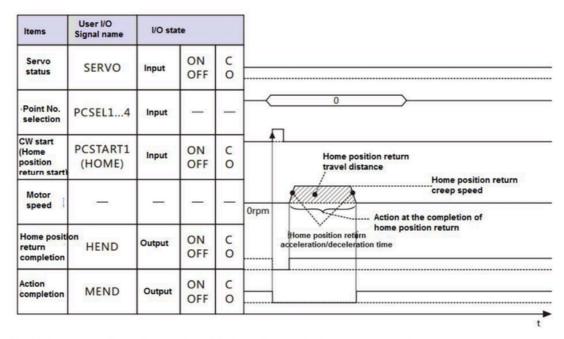


Figure 8.9.18 Overview diagram with horizontal axis(home position return with arbitrary position)



Note) I/O state: "C" indicates the closed-circuit for internal output circuit contact or external contact.

"O" indicates open-circuit.

Figure 8.9.19 Timing chart ((home position return with arbitrary position)

- •When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "No move", it will not shift to the home position and end the action.
- 2) When use Encoder phase Z

Set "Base signal 2 selection for Home position" to "1=Encoder phase Z".



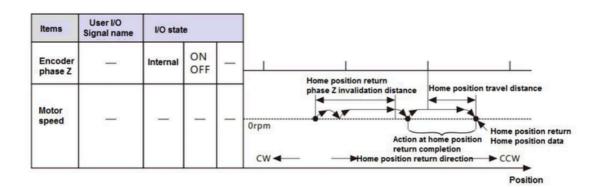
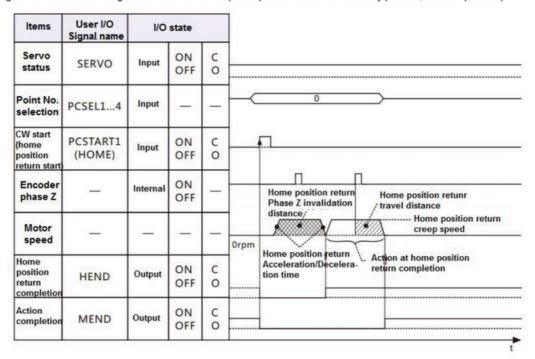


Figure 8.9.20 Overview diagram with horizontal axis(home position return with arbitrary position, encoder phase Z)



Note)) I/O state: "C" indicates the closed-circuit for internal output circuit contact or external contact.

"O" indicates open-circuit.

Figure 8.9.21 Timing chart ((home position return with arbitrary position, Encoder phase Z)

- When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "No move", it will not shift to the home position and end the action.
- 3) Home position return at servo OFF

The home position return with Move must be done at servo ON. But if meet the following conditions, the home position return can be done at servo OFF.

Table 8.9.6

No.	Parameter	Setting value
645. 0	Base signal 1 selection for Home position	0 = Arbitrary position
647. 1	Action at home position return completion	0 = No move
657. 0	Home position return Phase Z invalidation distance	0

B) Home position return with Stopper

Home position return with the stopper or Encoder phase Z near the stopper.

Parameters



Table 8.9.7 Parameters for home position return with stopper

No.	Parameters	Setting
645. 0	Base signal 1 selection for Home	Set to "1 = Stopper"
	position	
645. 1	Base signal 2 selection for Home	Set the Encoder phase Z to the base signal for home position after
	position	detecting Base signal 1
646.0	Home position return direction	Set the direction of detecting stopper
647. 1	Action at home position return	Selection of shifting to home position after detecting base signal for
	completion	home position
648. 0	Home position return Speed	Set the speed before press the stopper
649. 0	Home position return Creep speed	Set the speed after press the stopper
650. 0	Home position return	Set Acceleration/Deceleration time for Home position return
	Acceleration/Deceleration time	
651.0	Home position Return	Set shift quantity from the position where the Base signal was detected
	Shift-to-home-position quantity	to the home position
653. 0	Home position return Home	Set a position at the time of home position return complete
	position data	
655. 0	Home position return Press	Set the time at the time of press home position return
	detection time	
656. 0	Home position return Torque limit	Set Torque limit value at the time of home position return
	value	
657. 0	Home position return Phase Z	Set a distance from the positon where Base signal 1 for home position is
	invalidation distance	detected to the position where Phase Z detection starts. This parameter
		is needed when NO.645.1 =1

Table 8.9.8 Parameter setting for home position return with stopper

No.	Parameter	Setting value	
646. 0	Home position return direction	0 = CCW direction	
647. 1	Action at home position return completion	1 = Move	

1) When not to use Encoder phase Z

Set "Base signal 2 selection for Home position" to "0=None".

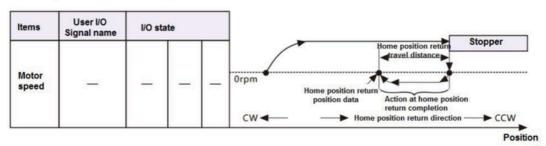
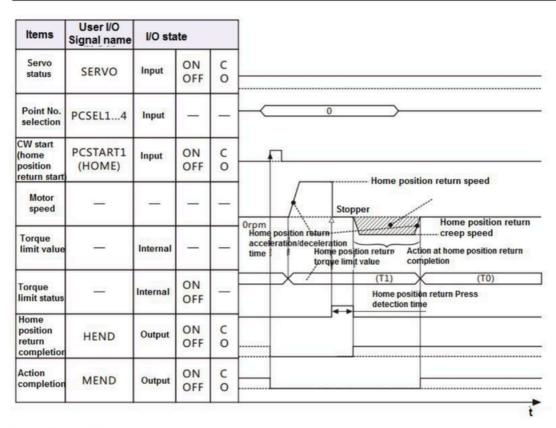


Figure 8.9.22 Overview diagram with horizontal axis(home position return with stopper)





Note)) I/O state: "C" indicates the closed-circuit for internal output circuit contact or external contact.

"O" indicates open-circuit.

Figure 8.9.23 Timing chart ((home position return with stopper)

- When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "No move", it will not shift to the home position and end the action.
- •Torque limit value(T0) returns to the normal setting after home position returns complete.
- •The torque limit value from home position return starts to pressing detection time completion is the torque limit value of home position return(No. 647. 0).
- •The torque limit value(T1) from home position return pressing detection time completion to home position return completion is the torque limit value for home position return when set the Home position return Torque limit option(No. 647. 0) to "1=Enable". If set to "0 = Disable", the toque limit value will return to the normal setting.
- The home position return completed when confirm the position according to the stop position from outputting torque limit to pressing detection time (No. 655. 0).
- 2) When use Encoder phase Z

Set "Base signal 2 selection for Home position" to "1=Encoder phase Z".



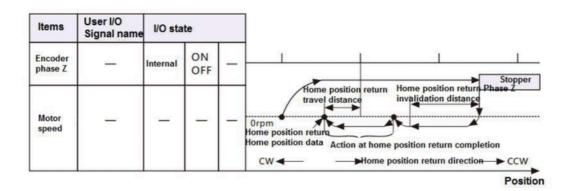
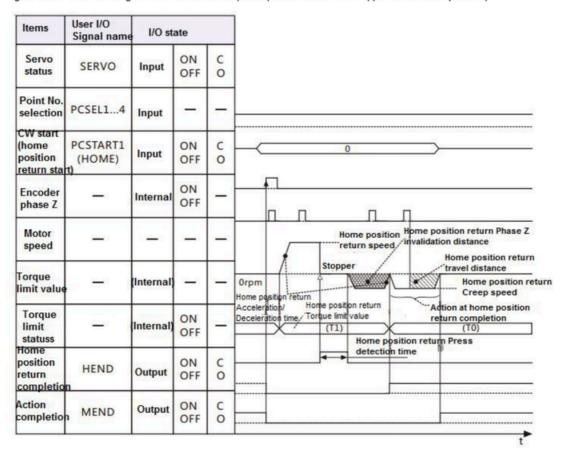


Figure 8.9.24 Overview diagram with horizontal axis(home position return with stopper and encoder phase Z)



Note)) I/O state: "C" indicates the closed-circuit for internal output circuit contact or external contact.

"O" indicates open-circuit.

Figure 8.9.25 Timing chart ((home position return with stopper and encoder phase Z)

- When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "No move", it will not shift to the home position and end the action.
- •Torque limit value(T0) returns to the normal setting after home position returns complete.
- •The torque limit value from home position return starts to pressing detection time completion is the torque limit value of home position return(No. 647. 0).
- •The torque limit value(T1) from home position return pressing detection time completion to home position return completion is the torque limit value for home position return when set the Home position return Torque limit option(No. 647. 0) to "1=Enable". If set to "0 = Disable", the toque limit value will return to the normal setting.



- The home position return completed when confirm the position according to the stop position from outputting torque limit to pressing detection time (No. 655. 0).
- C) Home position return with Home position DOG front end

Home position return with the Home position DOG front end or Encoder phase Z near the Home position DOG front end.

Parameters

Table 8.9.9 Parameters for home position return with Home position DOG front end

No.	Parameters	Setting
645. 0	Base signal 1 selection for Home	Set to "2 = Home position DOG front end"
	position	
645. 1	Base signal 2 selection for Home	Set the Encoder phase Z to the base signal for home position after
	position	detecting Base signal 1
643. 0	Home position Base signal 1	Redetection of home position return creep speed after home position
	redetection	return speed detecting home position DOG front end
646. 0	Home position return direction	Set the direction of Home position DOG front end from home position
		sensor front end
646. 1	Home position sensor input polarity	Set Home position sensor input polarity
647. 1	Action at home position return	Selection of shifting to home position after detecting base signal for
	completion	home position
648. 0	Home position return Speed	Set the speed before detecting home position DOG front end
649. 0	Home position return Creep speed	Set the speed after detecting home position DOG front end
650. 0	Home position return	Set Acceleration/Deceleration time for Home position return
	Acceleration/Deceleration time	
651. 0	Home position Return	Set shift quantity from the position where the Base signal was detected
	Shift-to-home-position quantity	to the home position
653. 0	Home position return Home	Set a position at the time of home position return complete
	position data	
657. 0	Home position return Phase Z	Set a distance from the positon where Base signal 1 for home position is
	invalidation distance	detected to the position where Phase Z detection starts. This parameter
		is needed when NO.645.1 =1

Table 8.9.10 Parameter setting for home position return with Home position DOG front end

No.	Parameter	Setting value
643. 0	Home position Base signal 1 redetection	1=Enable
646. 0	Home position return direction	0 = CCW direction
646. 1	Home position sensor input polarity	0 = When OFF, detect Home
		position dog front end
647. 1	Action at home position return completion	1 = Move

¹⁾ When not to use Encoder phase Z

Set "Base signal 2 selection for Home position" to "0=None".



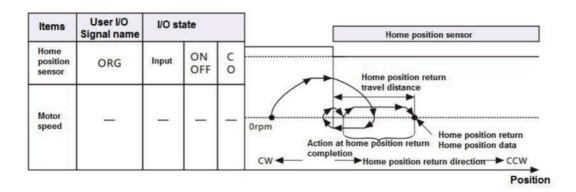
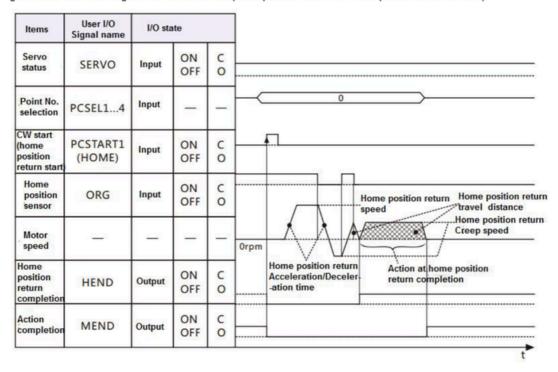


Figure 8.9.26 Overview diagram with horizontal axis(home position return with Home position DOG front end)



Note)) I/O state: "C" indicates the closed-circuit for internal output circuit contact or external contact.

"O" indicates open-circuit.

Figure 8.9.27 Timing chart ((home position return with Home position DOG front end)

- •When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "No move", it will not shift to the home position and end the action.
- •When set Home position Base signal 1 redetection (No. 645. 3) to "Disable", no backward action for detecting home position DOG front end.
- •When start the home position return on the home position sensor, it will be back to home position DOG sensor front end and have the home position DOG front end detection with home position return creep speed.
- 2) When use Encoder phase Z

Set "Base signal 2 selection for Home position" to "1=Encoder phase Z".



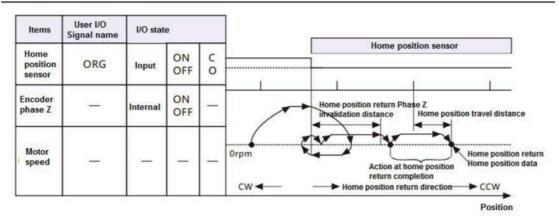
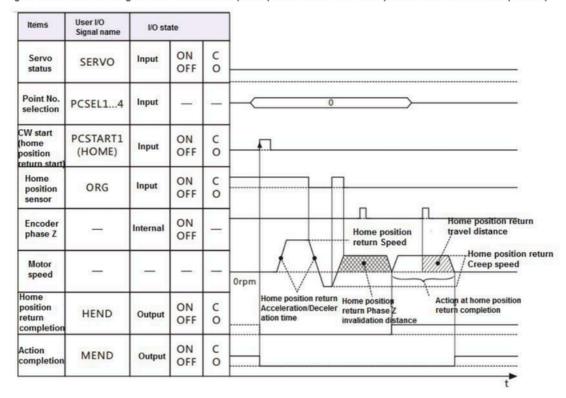


Figure 8.9.28 Overview diagram with horizontal axis(home position return with Home position DOG front end and phase Z)



Note)) I/O state: "C" indicates the closed-circuit for internal output circuit contact or external contact.

"O" indicates open-circuit.

Figure 8.9.29 Timing chart ((home position return with Home position DOG front end and phase Z)

- When set the Action at home position return completion(No. 647. 1) to "No move", it will not shift to the home position and end the action.
- •When set Home position Base signal 1 redetection (No. 645. 3) to "Disable", no backward action for detecting home position DOG front end.
- •When start the home position return on the home position sensor, it will be back to home position DOG sensor front end and have the home position DOG front end detection with home position return creep speed.
- 3) About the exit of home position DOG sensor

Set the [Base signal 1 selection for Home position(No. 645. 0)] to "2 = Home position DOG front end".

When the start point of home position return is on the home position DOG sensor, back to the position where the home position return can proceed to start the home position return. Take it as the example with "set | Base signal 2 selection for Home position(No. 645. 1) | to "1 = Encoder Phase Z".



No matter how to set $\ \ \lceil$ Home position Base signal 1 redetection(No. 645. 3) $\ \ \rfloor$, it will back and perform the creep operation. Move in the opposite direction of the home position return and exit from the home position DOG sensor, CCW, and move at the home position creep speed. Redetect the home position DOG front end.

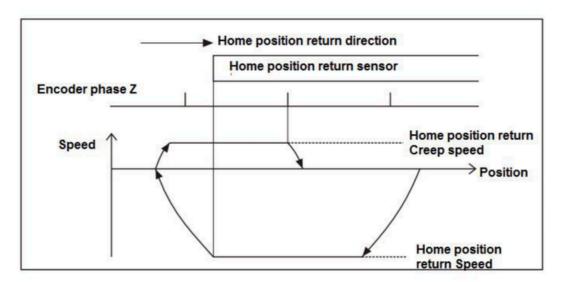


Figure 8.9.30 Exit of home position DOG sensor(The setting of the "Home position Base signal 1 redetection" is invalid)

9. Troubleshooting and countermeasures

9.1 Alarm display

When the alarm occurs, the alarm description can be confirmed according to the alarm code on the panel of servo drive. The alarm code and alarm description are shown in the 「Warning list」.

If you want to consult with HNC ELECTRIC Corporation, make a record of the alarm and contact with us.

9.2 Alarm handling and alarm reset

For alarm handling and resetting, please refer to "Warning List". There are three ways for alarm reset. It varies according to different alarm items.

- ① The host control device sends reset clear signal (RESET of CN1 5pin)to the drive...
- 2 Restart drive control power supply.
- ③ Press SHIFT+UP at the same time.

Table 9.2.1

No	Alarm	Description	Handling ways	Reset method
0	System alarm	Control circuit error	Consult HCFA distributors.	Restart control
		CPU in control circuit cannot work normally.		power supply
1	EEPROM data	Parameter writing error	After confirming cables, rewrite the parameters.	Reset
	error			
2	Model code error	The model code cannot be read normally.	Check the combination of motor and drive.	Restart control



		The combination of motor and drive is	Please Check the encoder cable.	power supply
		incorrect.		
		The encoder cable does not connect to the		
		drive correctly.(including disconnect).		
4	Overspeed error	Motor rotates exceeding the max. speed	Please adjust the parameters.	Reset
		Inappropriate command from upper	Check the command	
		controller	Check if the limit sensor position changes.	
		Accumulated pulses maybe caused by		
		[drive restriction]		
5	Speed deviation	Position control and speed control error	Check the command from the upper controller	Reset
	error	Inappropriate command	Adjust gain parameter	
		Overload, cannot catch up with the	Check the setting value of Speed deviation error	
		command speed	detection value(No.90.0).	
		· Speed deviation error detection	Check if the brake has been released	
		value(No.90.0) is incorrect	Check whether the torque limit operates or not	
6	Position deviation	Position control error	Adjust gain parameter	Reset
	error	The acceleration time is too short	Check the command from the upper controller	
		The power cable or encoder cable wiring	Check the wiring	
		error or disconnect	Check the setting value of Position deviation error	
		Position deviation error Detection value	Detection value (No.87.0)	
		(No.87.0) is incorrect	Check if the brake has been released	
			Check whether the torque limit operates or not	
7	Overload error	Position control error after operation starts:	Continuous operation can cause overload or burn	Reset
		The motor does not operate	the motor.	
		Motor operates for a short time	1&2. • Check the motor power cable wiring	
		3.Alarm occurs after operation starts	Check the selected motor capacity	
		In operating	Check if the brake has been released	
		4.In operating, alarm occurs at the same	Check the reduction ratio	
		period	4. • Check the acceleration time, torque	
		The acceleration time is too short or no	waveform, load rate [in acceleration]	
		acceleration. (bump into other objects)	Check there are no obstacles to the driving	
		5,Motor capacity is too small /too heavy load	range [Outside the acceleration]	
		6. Excessive vibration	Check the torque waveform and load rate	
		7.Control gain or command not correct(CCW	Check the inertia ratio I patell the radiuser to improve the mater appositu	
		rapidly)	→Install the reducer to improve the motor capacity	
		8.Noise occurs	6&7. • Adjust gain parameter	
			Check if there are rapid CCW in command	
			Use command smoothing filter	
			Use notch filter and low-pass filter to suppress	
			the noise	
8	Command	Position control error	Check Command division and multiplication	Reset
	overspeed error	Position command input exceed max. speed	(No.34.0 \ No.36.0)	
		The command from upper controller is	Check the command from upper controller	
		inappropriate.		



9	Encoder pulse output frequency error	Encoder pulse output frequency exceeds 4Mpps	Check the value of Encoder pulse output Division and multiplication(No.276.0, No.278.0) Check the encoder pulse output frequency upper limit value(No.285.0) and error detection delay time (No.286.0)	Restart control power supply
10	Internal positon command overflow error/ home position return failure	 Internal position command outside the range (±1,073,741,823) Travel distance of the command outside the range (±2,147,483,647) Home position return failure or timeout 	Adjust the overflow detection (No.643.0) Adjust the travel distance Adjust the parameters for home position return	Reset
11	Encoder error (multi-rotation counter overflow)	\bullet Multi-rotation data of the encoder outside the range of $\pm 32{,}767$	- Check the setting in Selection of an encoder system(No.257.0) $ \hbox{-} \ \text{Make sure the multi-rotation travel distance is} $ within $\pm 32,767$	Restart control power supply
12	Overheat error	Temperature of control circuit exceeds the upper limit	Check the setting and environment of the drive The ambient temperature of drive should be in accordance with Installation direction and clearances	Reset
14	Overvoltage error	Main circuit voltage exceeds the upper limit of drive circuit	Only under the occasion of deceleration Confirm the regenerative resistor warning on the setting panel and install the regenerative resistor if necessary. Check the operation mode of command Use filter to slow down the deceleration Not only for the occasion of deceleration Check whether the main circuit voltage is outside the specified range Check if the voltage changes when driven	Reset
15	Power supply error (main circuit power)	Main circuit voltage too high or too low Do not enter the main circuit power Main circuit power outside the specified range Main circuit voltage change outside the specified range Input SVON signal without main circuit power Action time of regenerative control circuit outside the specified range Continuous regeneration ON	Under the occasion from servo ON to start operating Check the main circuit power to the drive Check the main circuit power voltage Check the timing of main circuit power ON and SVON signal input Under the occasion of operating Check if the voltage changes by the overall operation of the device. And use the sufficient power supply to avoid the voltage changes. Under the occasion of deceleration Confirm the regenerative resistor warning on the setting panel and install the regenerative resistor if necessary. Check the operation mode of command Use filter to slow down the deceleration	Reset
16	Encoder error	Encoder data changes sharply in a short	Check if there's the wire breakage or pins off	Restart control



			11	
	(data receive)	time	Use the cable at a length of less than 20m	power supply
17	Encoder error (No	Encoder communication interrupts	Check the disturbance by the noise	
_	response)		-Use shielded twisted pair cable	
19	Encoder error	Cannot communicate with the encoder	-Separate encoder cable from the power cable	
	(communication)		-Connect FG	
20	Encoder error	·Multi-revolution data of the absolute encoder	-Install a filter ring to the power cable and encoder	
	(Multi-revolution	changes sharply in a short time	cable	
	data)	Multi-revolution data of the encoder cannot	Consult HCFA distributor if have not been improved	
		receive the communication		
18	Encoder	The battery voltage of absolute encoder	When use absolute system	Restart control
	error(circuit)	drops or battery removed (Alarm of items 21	Change the battery and initialize the encoder	power supply and
		occurs)	When using absolute system	encoder clearing
		· Outside the specification and temperature	When not use absolute system	
		range of encoder, the output data error	Check if outside the specification and temperature	
		Encoder itself error	range of encoder,	
			Consult HCFA distributor if have not been improved	
21	Encoder error	Battery voltage is too low	Check if the battery voltage drops	Restart control
	(voltage drops)	Battery drops	Check if the battery and cable removed	power supply and
		· When the battery is connected for the first	Initialize the encoder	encoder clearing
		time		
22	Power supply	Voltage of control power drops	Check the control power voltage	Reset
	error (control		Check the power capacity	
	power)		Check the 24V (1pin,2pin) wiring of user I/O	
			connector	
			Alarm No.15(power error) or other alarms may occur	
			simultaneously. Please check all the alarms.	
23	Switching	Control circuit error	Consult HCFA distributor	Reset
	circuit error			
24	Overcurrent error	Motor current error detected by drive	Check the motor power cable	Reset
			-Grounding or not	
			-Power cable wiring	
			Check the control gain and operation mode	
			-Increase acceleration/deceleration time	
			-Set the command smoothing filter ((No.66.0,	
			No.66.1, No.80.0,No.81.0)	
			Release the brake and stopper to make the motor	
			operate	
			Check the encoder cable	
			-Wiring(bad contact)	
			-Use shielded twisted pair cable	
			Consult HCFA distributor if have not been	
			improved	
25	Inverter error 1	Control circuit error	Check the motor power cable	Reset
			,	



26	Inverter error 2	Control circuit error	-Grounding or not	
		Servo ON timeout	-Power cable wiring	
			· Consult HCFA distributor if have not been	
			improved	
27	Current sensor	Ambient temperature of current sensor is too	Check the setting and temperature of the drive	Reset
	error	high	Consult HCFA distributor if have not been improved	
		Current sensor error		
29	Power error	Control power supply (DC5V) voltage drops	Check if short-circuit on the encoder cable wiring	Reset
	(Inside the drive)	in the drive	· Consult HCFA distributor if have not been	
			improved	

9.3 Troubleshooting

When no alarm occurs, confirm the following items if the drive does not operate and the motor does not rotate.

Figure 9.3.1

Status	Description	Reference items
Troubleshooting 1 No display on setting panel	Switch on the control power supply (24V DC), but on any display on the setting panel.	Table 9.3.1



Troubleshooting 2	Even though	is displayed on the setting panel, the	Table 9.3.2
Servo not ON	servo cannot start.		



	Troubleshooting 3	The servo is ON, but the motor will not operate.	Table 9.3.3
1	Motor cannot rotate		



Troubleshooting 4	The motor operates unsteadily.	Table 9.3.4	
Motor operation not			
steady			



Troubleshooting 5	Vibration and sound occurs when the motor operates.	Table 9.3.5
Vibration and sound		

■Troubleshooting 1 (No display on setting panel)

Switch on the control power supply (24V DC), but on any display of [] on the setting panel.



Table 9.3.1

Cause	What to do
The user I/O connector is not connected to 24V	Connecting 24V DC to the user I/O connector.
DC.	Pin1 and 3 is connected to 24V DC. Pin2 and 12 is connected to GND.
The user I/O connector loosens.	Check the connection and make sure it's OK.
24V DC voltage drops.	Check the capacity of 24V DC.
Drive itself failure.	Consult with CCSERVO Corporation.

■Troubleshooting 2 (Servo not ON)

Even though [is displayed on the setting panel, the servo cannot start.

Table 9.3.2

Cause	What to do
There is no servo ON(SVON) signal input.	Input SVON signal of host control device to the user I/O connector.
Alarm No.15 occurs.	Make sure CHARGE LED is ON. If not, check if the 200V AC input
There is no 200V AC input.	connector(L1/L2) is loosen or the 200V AC is output or not.
Alarm No.15 occurs.	Connect the main circuit power supply.
There is no main circuit power input in	
multi-axial drive.	
The motor power output connector (U/V/W)	Check the connection and make sure it's OK.
loosen.	Make sure if it's connected in accordance with the connector installing
	method in the user's manual.
Drive itself failure.	Consult HCFA Corporation distributor

■Troubleshooting 3 (Motor cannot rotate)

The servo is ON, but the motor will not operate.

Table 9.3.3

Cause	What to do
Wrong parameter setting.	For setting all the basic parameters in all control modes, refer to chapter 8
	Table 8.2.4, Table 8.3.2, Table 8.4.2 and Table 8.5.2 J.For position control
	mode and internal position command mode, refer to 「Appendix 2 SV-E3
	Positioner function] .
The connection of user I/O connector is not	For correct connection, refer to Figure 8.2.1, Figure 8.2.2, Figure 8.2.3,
correct.	Figure 8.3.1, Figure 8.4.1 and Figure 8.5.1]For position control mode and
	internal position command mode, refer to Appendix 2 SV-E3 Positioner
	function] .
Command input is restricted.	Disconnect the HOLD and COM- of user I/O connector.
Torque command limit setting is not correct.	Set parameter No.147.0 and 148.0 correctly when using torque command
	limit.
CCW/CW drive restriction input becomes	Set the parameter No.67.0 to 「0」 when not using CCW/CW drive
effective.	restriction input. CCWL, CWL and COM- of user I/O connector should be
	closed when using CCW/CW drive restriction input.



■Troubleshooting 4 (Motor operation is not steady)

The motor operates unsteadily.

Table 9.3.4

Cause	What to do
FG and GND connection is wrong.	Connect FG and GND correctly.
Speed and position command is not steady.	Check the contact of cables and connectors.
Misadjustment	Adjust the parameters.
The motor rotate without host command input.	Set the appropriate values for No.33.0 Fulse train command - Input filter
	selection in position control mode.
	Adjust parameter No.60.0
	value in speed control mode.
	Adjust parameter No.300.0 「Analog torque command Fixed offset value」
	in torque control mode.
Command is interfered.	The shielded twisted-pair cable is used for I/O cable in a vulnerable
	environment. So is the encoder cable. The encoder cable should be 20m
	or less.
Position deviation occurs.	Set the appropriate values for No.33.0
	selection] in position control/pulse train command mode. Check whether
	the pulse output of host control device (such as PLC) is beyond the limit
	value. Check whether the product of ①No.33(Pulse command
	input(position) and host control device output, @No.65(Position
	command) and No.67(Position feedback), ③No.67 and parameter
	No.276.0/278.0(Encoder pulse output division and multiplication) is
	consistent with the position feedback of host control device. If inconsistent,
	it may be interfered. Then connect FG correctly and adjust parameter
	No.33.0.
	Please use shielded twisted-pair for I/O cable.
Deviation occurs when home position reset.	Check the command input of host control device. Check whether to get the
	Z-phase correctly from the host control device. If the Z-phase pulse
	amplitude is small, adjust No.276.0 and 278.0
	and multiplication to increase the pulse amplitude.

■Troubleshooting 5(Vibration and sound)

Vibration and sound occurs when the motor operates.

Table 9.3.5

Cause	What to do	
Large gain	Adjust the gain.	
The machine or devices loosen.	Check the installment of motor, reducer and coupling.	
Interference occurs.	Check the cables' length and shielding.	
	The high-voltage cable(motor power cable) should be isolated from the	
	signal cable (encoder cable).	
Resonance occurs between motor and device.	Adjust position command smoothing filter at low-vibration; Adjust low-pass	
	filter or notch filter at high-vibration.	



The drive and motor do not match.	If the drive and motor do not match, clear the EEPROM parameter and
	change the motor models.

Appendix

Appendix 1 Recommended wire/cable

Cable name	AWG	UL	Heat-resistance	Remark
Motor power cable (750W or less)	18	2517	105°C	
Motor power cable (1KW or less)	14 Note 1)	2501	105°C	
200VAC input (750W or less)	18	1015	105°C	
FG cable Note 2)				
200VAC input (1KW or more)	14 Note 1)	1015	105°C	
FG cable Note 2)				
Encoder	Power: 22	20276	80℃	Max.20m for shielded cable of 5P(10
	Signal: 24			cores) (when using shielded
				twisted-pair cable)
User I/O	26	1007	80℃	Shielded twisted-pair cable
				Recommended length: 50m or less
Regenerative resistor connection	18	1015	105°C	
Brake	18	2517	105°C	1P(2 cores)
Main circuit DC power (750W or	18	1015	105°C	
less) Note 2)				
Main circuit DC power (1KW or	14 Note 1)	1015	105°C	
more) Note 2)				
Communication between the drives	28	20539	80℃	Ribbon cable 10 cores
Note 2)				Accessories ((2.54mm spacing)

The length of cable depends on the actual situation.

Note 1) AWG16 cable can be used for 1kW motor.

Note 2)For multi-axial drives

Appendix 2 SV- E3 positioner function

1. Overview

This product has the positioning function of using point table.

Preset the data by the point table in the drive and set the Point No. to be started through I/O input by the upper controller. After inputting the start signal, the positioning will be done according to the selected Point No.

2. Basic setting [2.1 User I/O connector (CN1) wiring]

Table 2.1 User I/O connector CN1 connector pins arrangements

Name	Symbol	Pin No.	Signal name	Contents
User I/O	CN1	1	24V	Drive control power supply 24V input

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•24V power	2	G24V	Drive control power supply GND	
supply input	3	COM+	I/O power supply 24V input	
Parallel I/O	4	11	(SVON) Servo ON input	
Pulse train	5	12	(RESET/PCLR)Alarm reset/ deviation counter clearing input	
Command	6	13	(PCSTART1)CW start input	
input	7	14	(PCSEL1)Point NO. 1 input	
ABZ output	8	15	(PCSEL2) Point NO. 2 input	
	9	16	(PCSEL3) Point NO. 3 input	
	10	17	(PCSEL4) Point NO. 4 input	
	11	18	(ORG)Home position sensor input	
	12	сом-	I/O power supply GND	
	13	01	(MBRK) Brake release output	
	14	O2	(SERVO) Servo status output	
	15	О3	(MEND)Action completion output	
	16	04	(HEND)Home position return completion output	
	17	O5	(T-LIMIT) Torque limit output	
	18	06	(OCZ)Encoder Z-phase output (open collector)	
	19	07+	(SRDY+) Servo ready output +	
	20	07-	(SRDY-) Servo ready output -	
	21	O8+	(ALM+) Servo alarm output+	
	22	O8-	(ALM-) Servo alarm output-	
	23	NC1	Reserved (Disconnected)	
	24	SP1	Reserved	
	25	SP2	Reserved	
	26	CMD_PLS	Reserved	
	27	/CMD_PLS	Pulse command Pulse, orthogonal phase difference A-phase, CCW	
	28	CC-P	Pulse command 24V of PLS	
	29	CC-D	Pulse command 24V of DIR	
	30	CMD_DI R	Reserved	
	31	/CMD_DI R	Pulse command Direction, orthogonal phase difference B-phase, CW	
	32	A SPEED	Reserved	
	33	A_GND	Reserved	
	34	A_TRQ	Reserved	
	35	A_GND	Reserved	
	36	OUT_A	Encoder A phase output	
	30	301_7	Entrador in pridod - odiput	



37	/OUT_A	Encoder /A phase output
38	OUT_B	Encoder B phase output
39	/OUT_B	Encoder /B phase output
40	OUT_Z	Encoder Z phase output
41	/OUT_Z	Encoder /Z phase output
42	SG	Signal ground
43	485	RS-485 communication data
44	/485	RS-485 communication /data
45	SG	Signal ground
46	NC2	Reserved(Disconnected)
47	SP3	Reserved
48	SP4	Reserved
49	EDM+	Reserved
50	EDM-	Reserved

[2.2 Basic parameters setting]

Set the basic parameters.

The following parameters must be set if using the positioning function.

Table 2.2 Parameter of control mode change

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
2.0	Select control mode.	Set to "0".
3.0	Select command mode.	Set to "3".

Selection method for different operation modes.

Table 2.3

Operation modes	Internal position command Selection of operation modes	Selection of operation modes	Starting method
	(No. 642. 0)	(No. 9. 0)	
Point table	0	0	I /O input (PCSTART1)
Manual pulse input	2	Arbitrary	I /O input (pulse command input)

[2.3 User I/O description]

The user I/O related to the positioning function are shown below.

■Input

ON when connection with COM- is close; OFF when open.

- 1) PCSEL1. . . 4 Point NO. selection
- ·Specify the Point No. and home position return to be started
- $\cdot \text{Select home position return or Point No.0 for starting Point No.0 according to the setting } \ \lceil \text{Point No.0 function selection} \ \rfloor \ (\text{No. Point No.0 function selection} \) \ (\text{No. Point No.0 function selection} \) \ (\text{No. Point No.0 function selection} \) \ (\text{No. Point No.0 function} \) \ (\text{No. Point No.0 functio$

646.3). Table 2.4

ı					
п	PCSEL4	PCSEL3	PCSEL2	PCSEL1	Description
-1	PUSEL4	PUSELS	PUSELZ	PUSELI	Description

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OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Home position return or Point No.0
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	Point No.1
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Point No.2
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	Point No.3
OFF	ON	ON	ON	Point No.7
ON	ON	ON	ON	Point No.15

2) PCSTART1 CW start

- •The action and home position return of Point No. can be specified when the connection with COM- from OFF to ON.
- •When set the [Point No.0 function selection] (No. 646. 3) to "0= Return to home position" and specify 0 to the Point No., the home position return can be started by inputting PCSTART1.
- 3) ORG home position sensor
- •Input the home position sensor signal at home position return by home position sensor.

For details, refer to [8.9 Home position return].

- 4) HOME position return start
- •Set the input signal of "Position control/internal generation command dedication 1" to the special I/O. About the special I/O setting, refer to 「Appendix 3 SV-E3 special I/O setting」.
- •The home position return starts when the connection with COM- from open-circuit to close-circuit.

■Output

ON when connection with COM- is close; OFF when open.

- 1) MEND completion
- ·If the action of Point table and home position return completed and ready for the next operation, it will become close-circuit.
- ·OFF when the operation from starts to pauses.
- •Make sure the MEND is close-circuit before inputting PCSTART 1. The start command will be ignored when MEND is open-circuit.
- ·It is open-circuit at servo OFF.
- 2) HEND home position return completion
- ·Close-circuit when home position return completed
- ·When the command method is absolute, home position return must be done if HEND is open-circuit.
- •For details, refer to [8. 9Home position return].
- 3) P M1. . . 3 Point No. output
- Set the input signal of "Position control/internal generation command dedication 1" to the special I/O. About the special I/O setting, refer to 「Appendix 3 SV-E3 special I/O setting」.
- ·Point No. that output starts or ends
- \cdot Select the Point No. output time and description in $\ \ \lceil$ Point No. output method $\ \ \rceil$ (No. 644. 0) .
- *Open-circuit (Point NO.0) at servo OFF and home position return after power ON to the drive.

Table 2.5

PM3	PM2	PM1	Description
OFF	OFF	OFF	Point No.0 and 8
OFF	OFF	ON	Point No.1 and 9
OFF	ON	OFF	Point No.2 and 8
OFF	ON	ON	Point No.3 and 7



ON	ON	ON	Point No.7 and 15

The running operation and dwell time of Point NO. output in $\ \, \lceil \, \text{Point No. output method} \, \rfloor \ \, \text{are shown below.}$

Table 2.6

Point No. Running operation		Dwell time
1	Continuous	0
2	Continuous	0
3	Single	Arbitrary value

3. Point table operation

[3.1 Point table data]

The Point table setting are shown below.

Table 3.1 Point table data

Items	Description	Unit	Setting range
Command	Absolute value: Take the position data as the target position	-	Absolute value and
method	Relative value: Take the travel distance from current position to target		relative value
	position as the position data		
Running	Single: Executing the selected one Point No.	-	Single, continuous
operation	Continuous: Execute the next Point No. continuously		
Position	1)Select absolute value according to command method	[Command	-1, 073, 741, 823
	Set the target position	unit]	~ 1, 073, 741, 823
	2) Select relative value according to command method		
	Set travel distance. Positive value: CCW rotation		
	Negative value: CW rotation		
Speed	Set the motor speed at positioning. And the setting value must not be	[rpm]	1~ max.speed of the
	outside the max. speed of the motor.		motor
Acceleration	Set the acceleration time for the motor, that is the time from 0rpm to	[ms/	0~5000
time	1000rpm	1000rpm]	
Deceleration	Set the deceleration time for the motor, that is the time from 1000rpm	[ms/	0~5000
time	to 0rpm	1000rpm]	
Dwell time	Set the dwell time for pause after the positioning completion has been	[ms]	0~20,000
	detected by Point no. positioning completion (range). Execute the		
	position command for the next Point No. after the dwell time. When		
	set the running operation to $\;\lceil Continuous \rfloor$,the dwell time is $\;\lceil 0\rfloor\;$ and		
	the next Point No. continues.		
Positioning	Set the position deviation value to determine positioning completion.	[pulse]	0~32, 767
completion	The dwell time begins after the position command completed		
	specified by the Point No. and the position deviation is within the		
	setting range. The unit is same to the encoder pulse unit.		
Valid/ invalid	Set the valid or invalid to the operation. When set the operation to	-	Valid/ invalid
	invalid, the Point No. will not execute until the next valid Point No.		



The command unit is the unit used for position and distance between upper controller and drives. The mini. Command unit is 1.

The function of command division and multiplication is to change the position data from command unit to encoder pulse unit. Set the command division and multiplication by \[\command \text{division} \] and \[\mathred{\text{munitiplication}} \] No. 34. 0) and \[\mathred{\text{command}} \] command division and multiplication \(\text{Denominator} \) \] No. 36. 0). Save the parameters if the command division and multiplication changes and execute the home position return after the power ON again.

Make sure the range for the ratio of command division and multiplication is 1 to 1000. (In pulse command mode, the range is 0. 001 to 1000).

[3.3 Operation range for position and position command overflow detection]

The operation range for position (ABS position command) of Point table:

Absolute position: -1, 073, 741, 823~+1, 073, 741, 823 [command unit]

Whether the 「Position command overflow/ home position return failure」 alarms or not, after the position of Point table (ABS position command value) exceeds the range described above, can be selected by 「Internal speed command - Overflow detection option」(No. 643. 0). When set it to "0=Disable", the absolute value cannot be specified to the command method. For details, refer to 「Parameter description Internal speed command - Overflow detection option」.

[3.4 Parameter description]

No.	Name	Unit
642. 0	Internal speed command - Operation mode	-

Set Operation mode for internal position command.

0 = Point Table

1 = Communication operation

2 = Manual pulse input

	No.	Name	Unit
ı	643. 0	Internal speed command - Overflow detection option	-

Enable/Disable Internal position command Overflow detection function

0 = Disable

1 = Enable (Initial setting)

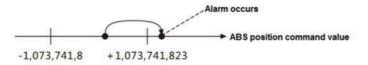
The function of Internal speed command - Overflow detection option is to prevent the target position of Point table and communication operation(test run) exceeding the absolute position range to make the absolute position disappear. If the target position (ABS position command value) exceeds absolute position range (-1, 073, 741, 823~+1, 073, 741, 823), here can be set for [Position command overflow/ home position return failure] to alarm or not.

Set it to "0= Disable" when outside the absolute position range and have the relative position command to the same direction repeatedly.

■Conditions for alarm occurrence

1) Set to "1=Enable"

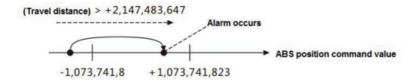
The alarm occurs when the target position of ABS position command value exceed the range of -1, 073, 741, 823~+1, 073, 741, 823.



The alarm occurs when the ABS position command value exceeds the range of -1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823 after servo.

On and the travel distance exceeds the range of -2,147,483,647 to +2,147,483,647.





2) Set to "0=Disable"

In the relative command, no alarm occurs even if the ABS position command value exceeds the absolute position range. But alarm occurs in the absolute command.

The alarm occurs when "Absolute value" exist in the command method of Point table.

■Time for alarm occurrence

No alarm occurs when the ABS position command value exceed absolute position range at servo ON.

The alarm occurs when the operation starts in a single operation setting.

In the continuous operation setting, after the operation starts, the alarm occurs before the Point No. of which the ABS position command value exceeds the range.

	No.	Name	Unit
ı	644. 0	Point No. output method	-

Set Point No. output method to the user I/O PM1...3.

0 = Output Operation start point at Operation start

1 = Output Operation start point at Operation end

2 = Output each point No.at each operation start

For details, refer to [2-3 User I/O description PM1...3 Point No. output]

Appendix 3 SV- E3 special I/O setting

1. Preface

The parallel I/O setting changes automatically after setting the control mode and command mode for the drive.

2. Special I/O setting

The parallel I/O can be set specially based on the control mode and command mode. The setting are shown below. There is only the default I/O setting when no special settings.

[2. 1 Position control mode (pulse command input)]

As shown in Table 3.1 to set the parameters and Table 3.2 to set the special I/O.

For signal details, refer to [8.7.1 Signal description].

Table 3.1 Parameter setting at position control mode(pulse command input)

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
2.0	Select control mode.	Set to "0".
3.0	Select command mode.	Set to "1".

Table 3.2 Special I/O setting(dedication 1) at position control mode(pulse command input)

Pin No.	Signal name	Description	Function
4	11	SVON	Servo ON
5	12	RESET	Alarm reset
6	13	HOLD	Command input restriction
7	14	PCLR	Deviation counter clearing
8	15	HOME	Home position return start



9	16	ccw	CCW drive restriction
10	17	CWL	CW drive restriction
11	18	TLSEL1	Torque limit selection 1
47	19	Reserved	
13	01	MBRK	Break release
14	O2	SERVO	Servo status output
15	O3	POSIN	Positioning completion output
16	04	Reserved	
17	O5	HEND	Home position return completion
18	O6	MEND/T-LIMIT	Operation completion/ torque limit
19	07	ocz	Encoder phase Z output
21	O8	SRDY	Servo ready
48	O9	ALM	Alarm status

[2. 2 Position control mode (internal position command)]

As shown in Table 3.3 to set the parameters and Table 3.4 to set the special I/O.

For signal details, refer to $\ \lceil 8.7.1 \ \text{Signal description} \ \rfloor$.

Table 3.3 Parameter setting at position control mode(internal position command)

Parameter No.	Parameter	Description
2.0	Select control mode.	Set to "0".
3.0	Select command mode.	Set to "3".

Table 3.4 Special I/O setting(dedication 1) at position control mode(internal position command)

Pin No.	Signal name	Description	Function
4	11	SVON	Servo ON
5	12	RESET/PCLR	Alarm reset/deviation counter clearing
6	13	PCSTART1	CW start
7	14	PCSEL1	Point No.1
8	15	PCSEL2	Point No.2
9	16	PCSEL3	Point No.3
10	17	НОМЕ	Home position return start
11	18	TLSEL1	Torque limit selection 1
47	19	Reserved	
13	01	PM1	Point No. 1 output
14	O2	PM2	Point No. 2 output
15	O3	PM3	Point No. 3 output
16	04	Reserved	
17	O5	HEND	Home position return completion

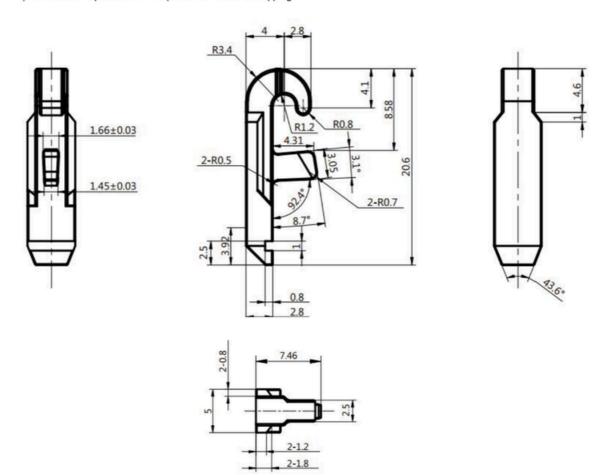


18	O6	MEND/T-LIMIT	Operation completion/ torque limit
19	07	OCZ	Encoder phase Z output
21	O8	SRDY	Servo ready
48	O9	ALM	Alarm status

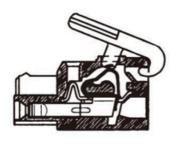
Appendix 4 Servo drive power connector (L1/ L2/ B1/B2, U/ V/ W) wiring

Use the crowbar packed with the servo while wiring.

1)The crowbar is packed with the power connector at shipping



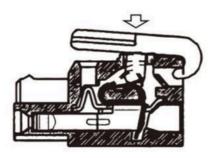
2) Cable connection procedures



1) Attach the crowbar to the handling slot on the upper portion (removable)

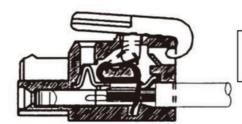






2) Press down the crowbar to push down the spring.

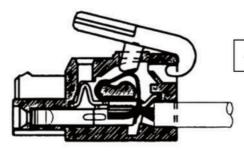




3) Insert the peeled cable while pressing down the lever, until it hits the insertion







4)Release the crowbar.

Appendix 5 SV-E3 series absolute system description

1. Overview

This product constitutes the absolute system by using the unique magnetic absolute encoder. Have the encoder clearing after home position return and no need for home position return when restarting the power supply.

The following procedures are ready for the absolute system:

- ①Use the motor equipped with the absolute encoder and drive with absolute specifications
- ②Connecting the encoder battery.
- ③The upper controller can get the absolute data by RS-485.

2. Applicable models

Use the following motor and drive combination when using absolute system.

Table 1 Applicable motor and drive

Output	Drive
50W	SV-E3P005A2-A
100W	SV-E3P010A2-A
200W	SV-E3P020A2-A

170



400W	SV-E3P040A2-A
750W	SV-E3P075A2-A
1KW	SV-E3P100A2-A
1.5KW	SV-E3P150A2-A
2KW	SV-E3P200A2-A

3. Setting

- [3.1 Setting for absolute system]
- ■Parameter setting is needed for absolute system of the drive.
- Change the Selection of an encoder system (No.257.0) from 0 (initial setting, incremental system) to "1(absolute system). This can be set by the set panel.
- ■Refer to 「5 Absolute encoder initialization」 for the operation procedures.
- [3.2 RS-485 communication setting]

Parameter setting must be done for the upper controller to get the absolute data of the drive by RS- 485 communication.

Change the Communication address (No.4.0) from "1(initial value) to the desired address No and the setting range is 1 to 32.

Change the Selection of host communication method(No.8.0) from "0(initial value" to "1(485 asynchronous serial communication). The parameter change can be done by the set panel.

Refer to $\ \lceil 5 \ \text{Absolute encoder initialization} \ \rceil$ for the operation procedures.

Table Parameter setting

No.	Parameter	Description	Whether to
			restart the
			24VDC power
4.0	Communication	Set the communication address of servo drive.	Yes
	address	Set to "1" when not the multi-station communication. If using multi-station	
		communication, set different values for each axis.	
		[Initial value] 1	
		[Setting range] 1 to 32	
8.0	Selection of host	Select host communication mode.	Yes
	communication	0= Disable	
	method	1= RS-485 asynchronous serial communication	
		When connecting RS-485 signal cable and using RS-485 asynchronous	
		serial communication, select to "1". If not, select to "0".	
		When use USB, it is irrelevant to this setting and can communicate	
		anytime.	
		[Initial value] 0 (Disable)	
		[Setting range] 0 or 1	
257. 0	Selection of an	Select an option for Absolute system or Incremental system.	Yes
	encoder system	0 = Incremental system	
		1 = Absolute system	
		[Initial value] 0 (Incremental system)	
		[Setting range] 0 to 2	

⁴ The installation of battery box cable(Optional)

[4.1 Installation of battery box cable]



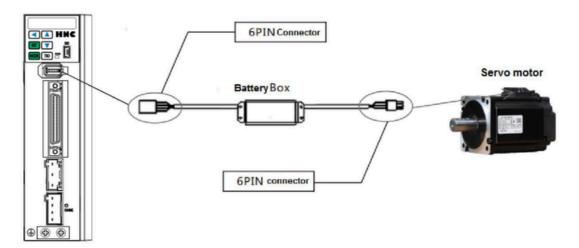


Figure 1 Installation of battery box cable

Install the battery box on the cable between the drive and motor encoder.

- ①Cut off 200VAC and 24VDC, take off the encoder cable from the motor
- @Connect the battery box after check the connection direction
- ③Operate as the 「5 Absolute encoder initialization」

[4.2 Battery specification]

The battery for absolute system are recommended as below:

Table 3 Basic specifications(recommended battery)

Items	Description	Remark
Battery	CR-AGB/C23P	Made by Panasonic Note 1)
		Series : CR-AG
Nominal voltage	3. 0V	
Nominal capacity	2400mAh	Capacity at the temperature of 20 °C,
		standard discharge current, voltage 1.8V
Standard discharge	2. 5mA	
current,		
Max. continuous	1A	At the temperature of 20°C
discharge current		
Appearance	As shown in the <appearance></appearance>	Note 2)
Weight	24g	
Temperature	Working temperature: -40 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}~\sim~$ +70 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	No condensation
	Storage temperature: -20 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \sim$ +45 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	
Recommended	Temperature: 5°C ∼ 35°C	
storage condition	Humidity: 70%RH or less	

Note 1) Primary lithium battery. Do not charge to avoid the burst.

Note 2) No significant appearance damage and have the obvious identification.

<Appearance>



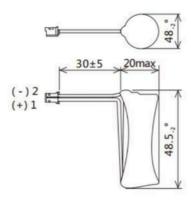


Figure 2 Recommended battery

[4.3 Battery box wiring]

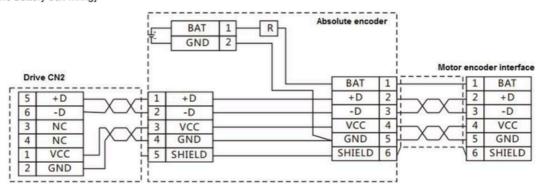


Figure 3 Battery wiring

< When you make your own cable for absolute encoder >

⚠ Caution		
•	Please use the battery recommended by our company.	To avoid the electric shock, injury,
·	Wire correctly.	malfunction or damage.

Please follow the wiring diagram as above. End user prepare the connectors and cables.

The batteries recommended by the company must be used. Using the battery, which does not meet the specifications, may damage the battery in the worst situation.

For the operating and storage location

- ·Indoors, free from rain and direct sunlight
- ·Free from the corrosive gas, oil mist, iron powder
- ·Good ventilation, no moisture
- ·No excessive pollution and dust
- ·No vibration
- ·No impact to the battery

[4.4 Battery change]

When the battery voltage is too low, the alarm occurs.

At this time, it is necessary to change the battery, which should be done under the condition that the 24V control power for the servo drive is ON. If not, the multi-rotation data will be lost and need to operate the mechanical home position return once again.

⚠ Caution		
\Diamond	·Check the polarity of the battery	To avoid the electric shock, injury,
	·Do not disassemble the battery	malfunction or damage.



·Do not short-circuit the battery	
•Do not charge the recommended battery	

5 Absolute encoder initialization

Absolute encoder initialization is the encoder clearing. This can be done by the set panel. After encoder clearing, switch off the 24VDC power. The multi-rotation data has been cleared after switch on the control power again.

- [5.1 Method for encoder clearing by set panel]
- 1) Change the drive parameters(set absolute system and RS-485 communication)
 - 1. Turn on 24VDC power when not connected with the encoder. Change the parameters if no alarm occurs.
- 2. Change the Parameter No.4.0 Communication address from "initial value 1" to the expected communication address
- No. . The setting range is from 1 to 32. Change Parameter No.8.0 Selection of host communication method from "initial value 0" to "1(RS-485 asynchronous serial communication)". Change the parameter No.257.0 from "initial value 0 (Incremental system) to "1(Absolute system)". For the parameter change method, refer to SV-E3 User Manual [5-6] Parameter setting mode.]
- 3. Refer to SV-E3 User Manual [5-8 Parameter saving mode] to save the parameters. If not save the parameters, the changed parameters will be invalid when power ON next time.
 - 4. Switch off the control power (24V).
- 2) Restart the power
 - 1. Refer to 「4-1 Battery box cable installation 」 to connect the battery box to the encoder and turn on the control power.
- 2. When restart the control power, the encoder error (Fre. IR) will display on the set panel. Simultaneously, the multi-rotation data error (Err. 20) and encoder low-voltage error occur (Err. 21).
- 3) Move to the home position

Move the axis which does not set the home position to the home position. When moving to the home position by manual is possible, move it to the home position. This should be done at servo ON. Move them around the home position and perform the operation of 4) to 6), then 4) to 5).

- 4) Operating the encoder clearing by set panel
 - 1. Make the panel display 5ubFnc. When display Frc. 18, press the MODE(MODE) button for seven times.
 - Refer to the following figure to press the SET (SET) button once and UP() button once to display FLEELR.
 - 3. Press the SET(SET) button to display EELR -.
- 4. After long-press the LEFT() button to show 「 EELR] → 「 ------], From 5h displays and the multi-rotation data
 - 5. Switch off the control power. Until now, the absolute encoder initialization has been completed.

The operation procedures to have the encoder clearing by set panel are shown blow.

Operate the encoder clearing at servo OFF. If servo ON, the alarm Error will occur.



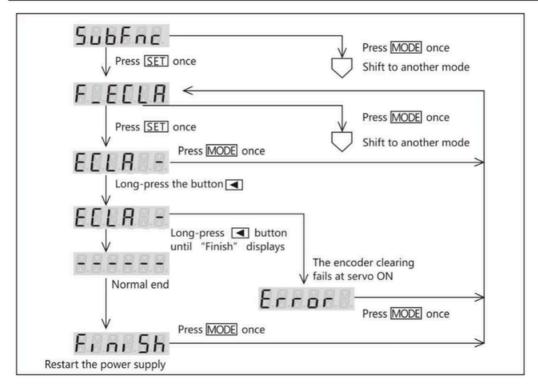


Figure 4 Operation procedures by set panel

5) Check if the encoder clearing succeeds

- 1. Turn on the control power
- 2. No alarm occurs and display. No need for home position return even though switch off the power, unless remove the battery.
 - 3. Check the following items if alarm occurs.
- ★Install the battery or not.
- ★The battery voltage is normal or not.
- ★Cable connection is correct or not.
- ★Wiring is correct or not

After check the items above, do the 3) operation.

- 4. When determine the home position by manual, the absolute encoder setting completes. When the servo drive determines the home position, after performing 6) operation procedures, then 4) and 5). The setting completes.
- 6) The servo drive moves to the home position(cannot move to the home position by manual)
- 1. The drive moves to the home position at servo ON. Please note that the current absolute data will change as the encoder clearing will be done later.
 - 2. Servo OFF. The alarm of Error will occur at servo ON.
 - 3. The absolute encoder setting completes after operation procedures of 4) and 5).

6) The servo drive moves to the home position(cannot move to the home position by manual)

- 1. The drive moves to the home position at servo ON. Please note that the current absolute data will change as the encoder clearing will be done later.
 - 2. Servo OFF. Cannot select [Encoder clearing] at servo ON.
 - 3. The absolute encoder setting completes after operation procedures of 4) and 5).



6. Method of obtaining absolute data

The upper controller device can get the absolute data from the drive by RS-485 communication.

[6.1 Wiring for RS-485 communication]

Refer to [4. 4 RS-485 communication] for RS-485 communication wiring.

[6.2 About the communication between the upper controller and servo drive]

The upper controller device send communication command GET_STATE_VALUE_4 to read the encoder data by RS-485 communication. This communication command read the state value in 4 bytes.

STEP1) GET_STATE_VALUE_4 Send command



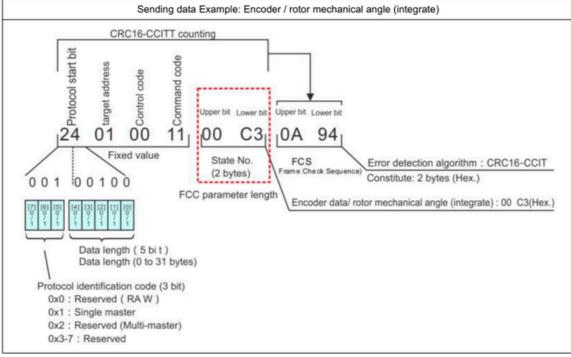
STEP2) G ET_STATE_VALUE_4 Answer the response data to the command from the drive



[6.3 Communication command description]

The absolute data are recorded by "Encoder/ rotor mechanical angle (integrate)". The upper controller device get the "Encoder/ rotor mechanical angle (integrate)", that is the absolute data, from the communication data GET_STATE_VALUE_4. The sending and receiving method are shown in the following data example. Take the communication address (target address) "01" as the example.

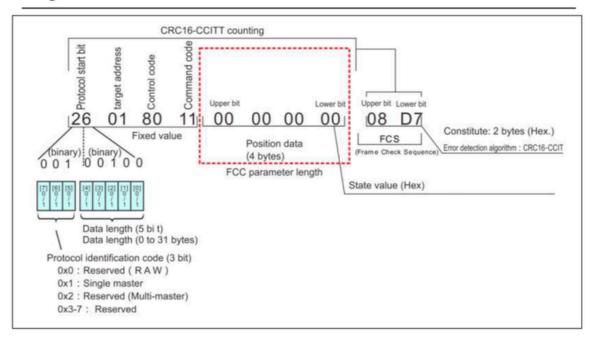
- 1. Execute the communication command GET_STATE_VALUE_4. The command code for GET_STATE_VALUE_4 is "11".
- 2. The "Encoder/ rotor mechanical angle (integrate)" is used as the transmission data to input. The state variable code for "Encoder/ rotor mechanical angle (integrate)" is "00C3".



3. Receives data with the specified state number.

Example of data reception





7. About alarms

The alarms in absolute system are shown below.

Relative to the incremental system alarm items, the absolute system adds the items of encoder error((Err. 18)), multi-rotation data error ((Er r. 2 0) and encoder low-voltage error(Err. 21). These alarms cannot be cleared by alarm resetting or restarting the 24VDC control power. Restart the control power supply after encoder clearing.

Check the alarms on the [State display] screen

Table 9 Check the alarms on the [State display] screen

No.	Alarm items	Description · handling ways
18	Encoder error	The encoder itself error occurs.
20	Multi-rotation data error	☆The multi-rotation data changes sharply.
		☆Check the encoder cable wiring and PIN contact
		☆Perform FG grounding and countermeasures such as separation of power
		cable and encoder cable.
21	Encoder low-voltage error	☆The multi-rotation data changes sharply.
		☆Check if the battery voltage is too low for the absolute or battery cable loosen

For alarm details of the encoder, refer to the [Encoder] on the [Auxiliary function] screen.

Table 10 Alarm details for the encoder

No.	Alarm items	Description handling ways
0	Speed error	The multi-rotation ABS sensor conversion error occurs at backup or speed error
		occurs at power ON
1	MR	Low battery voltage warning
2	Multi-rotation ABS	Sensor communication error, cannot get the multi-rotation data at power ON.
3	Position error	The sensor error results in the different value between the 1-rotation ABS sensor
		and multi-rotation ABS sensor, which unable to confirm the encoder position.
4	Low –voltage error	Only for multi-rotation ABS encoder
		The supply voltage is under the voltage specification described in the manual at
		power OFF.



5	EEPROM error	Cannot confirm the data stored in the EEPROM
6	Overheat alarm	The encoder base circuit temperature is beyond the setting temperature
7	Battery low-voltage error	The battery voltage is below the specified value (Note 1)

Note 1) Confirm the battery voltage at power ON and then check it every one hour.